Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

PKF O'CONNOR DAVIES, LLP

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 4B in the notes to financial statements, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of COVID-19 ("Coronavirus"). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2020.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial

statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLF Harrison, New York November 23, 2020

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York November 23, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2020

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York's ("School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance, which immediately follows this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The School District has been established pursuant to New York State law as a "Special Act School District" for the purpose of providing education to children with physical and medical disabilities. As a Special Act School District, tuition charges represent the primary revenue source. The School District's tuition is established by a rate setting methodology provided by the State Education Department, which is designed to provide sufficient resources to fund costs, subject to certain cost ceilings and growth limitations. The School District operates within this structure. At the end of the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$163,192. The total fund balance increased by \$49,990 during the 2019-20 fiscal year. As a point of reference, the School District's General Fund reflected an unassigned deficit of \$5,351,379 at the close of the 2008-2009 fiscal year.
- Through aggressive cash flow management, the School District was able to remain operating without a revenue anticipation note. The School District was able to lower its over 90 day receivables throughout the year, which strengthened cash flow and enabled the School District to operate throughout the pandemic without borrowing.
- For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District received a \$12.04 daily student tuition rate increase. The student census was slightly lower than originally budgeted, but due to the tuition rate increase received midyear the impact on expenditures was negligible.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District at June 30, 2020 by \$45,803,652 (net position), an increase of \$4,225,896 from the net deficit position of (\$41,577,756) for the year ended June 30, 2019. This is primarily related to the continuing recognition of other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") obligations in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB"). These expenses are based on an actuarial estimate used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the School District's OPEB obligations of \$58,113,568 are reflected as a liability on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and, thus, negatively impacts the total net position calculation. More detailed information about the School District's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 is presented in note 3C in the notes to the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 are also significantly • impacted by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This pronouncement established accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the School District's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). Under this standard, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their district-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability of \$1,795,325 and an asset of \$900,027 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset. More detailed information about the School District's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in note 3C in the notes to financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

- The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, other and general administrative support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

 A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.
- The School District maintains three individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund and Special Purpose Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for each fund, since the School District has elected to report them as major funds.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the School District's other postemployment and pension benefit obligations and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position.

Net Position

	June 30,			Increase			
		2020		2019		(Decrease)	% Change
Current Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,865,934 2,316,884	\$	3,930,191 2,206,459	\$	935,743 110,425	23.8% 5.0%
Total Assets		7,182,818		6,136,650		1,046,168	17.0%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		15,878,685		6,841,319		9,037,366	132.1%
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities		3,770,621 60,109,603		3,189,254 47,510,386		581,367 12,599,217	18.2% 26.5%
Total Liabilities		63,880,224		50,699,640		13,180,584	26.0%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,984,931		3,856,085		1,128,846	29.3%
Net Position Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		2,316,884 4,505 (48,125,041)		2,206,459 5,043 (43,789,258)		110,425 (538) (4,335,783)	5.0% -10.7% 9.9%
Total Net Position	\$	(45,803,652)	\$	(41,577,756)	\$	(4,225,896)	10.2%

The largest component of the School District's current assets reflects its receivables from outside parties for tuition billings and federal support. While School District receivables from other governments displayed an increase of \$267,800 from the 2018-2019 fiscal year, state and federal aid receivables increased by \$301,593 and net pension asset increased by \$277,335, the cash position decreased by \$11,470.

Current liabilities consist primarily of obligations to ERS and TRS of \$1,307,829 and accounts payable of \$2,138,370. These obligations will be satisfied in the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

Long-term liabilities primarily reflect the amount of \$58,113,568 for other postemployment benefit obligations recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. This represents an increase of \$11,349,157 from the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Changes in Net Position

		e 30,	Increase		
	2020	2019	(Decrease)	% Change	
REVENUES					
Program Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 17,120,053	\$ 16,619,765	\$ 500,288	3.0%	
Operating Grants and Contributions	393,860	624,062	(230,202)	-36.9%	
operating Grants and Contributions	000,000	024,002	(200,202)	-30.370	
Total Program Revenues	17,513,913	17,243,827	270,086	1.6%	
General Revenues					
Unrestricted Use of Money and					
Property	744	563	181	32.1%	
Sale of Property and Compensation					
for loss	12,616	13,193	(577)	-4.4%	
Unrestricted State Aid	371,788	258,280	113,508	43.9%	
Miscellaneous	31,116	42,899	(11,783)	-27.5%	
Total General Revenues	416,264	314,935	101,329	32.2%	
Total Revenues	17,930,177	17,558,762	371,415	2.1%	
EXPENSES					
General Support	3,779,930	2,375,962	1,403,968	59.1%	
Instruction	18,134,005	15,411,332	2,722,673	17.7%	
Pupil Transportation	238,500	178,795	59,705	33.4%	
Other	3,638	5,875	(2,237)	0.0%	
Total Expenses	22,156,073	17,971,964	4,184,109	23.3%	
Change in Net Position	(4,225,896)	(413,202)	(3,812,694)	-922.7%	
NET POSITION					
Beginning	(41,577,756)	(41,164,554)	(413,202)	-1.0%	
Ending	\$ (45,803,652)	\$ (41,577,756)	\$ (4,225,896)	-10.2%	

There was a decrease in net position of \$4,225,896 primarily as a result of the increase in the OPEB liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. Other notable items are as follows:

Revenues:

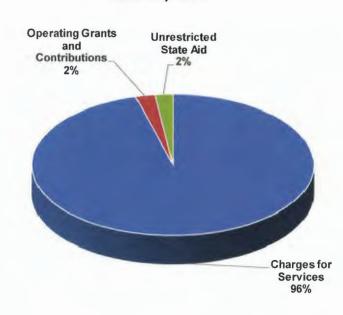
• The revenues increased from 2018-2019 as the tuition billings increased by \$500,288, federal and state grants decreased by \$230,202 and the total revenues increased by \$371,415.

Expenses:

• Total expenses increased by \$4,184,109. There was an increase in general support expenses of \$1,403,968 and an increase in instructional expense of \$2,722,673, primarily the result of the increase in OPEB liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75..

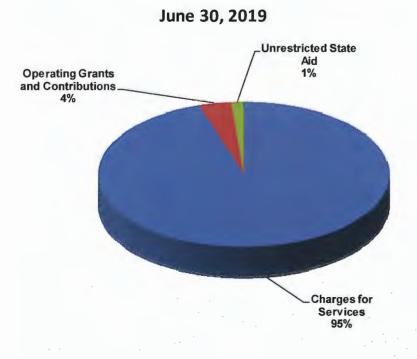
As indicated on the following graphs, the School District relies upon tuition billings as its primary revenue source. As noted on the following graph, tuition billing accounts for 96% of the School District's revenue stream. Instructional expenses account for over 85% of the School District's expenses.

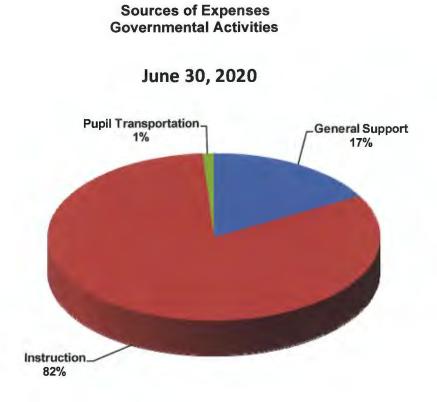
Sources of Revenues Governmental Activities



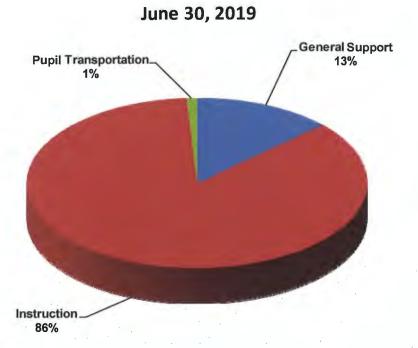
June 30, 2020











* Interest was less than 1%

Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

GASB issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in February 2009. The requirements of Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for periods ending June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 54 abandoned the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaced them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

- Nonspendable consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because
 of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term
 portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.
- Restricted consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

Note: According to the Office of the State Comptroller, school districts in New York will not have committed fund balance to report.

- Assigned consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- Unassigned represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report
 a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used
 only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had
 been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting, thus resulting in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

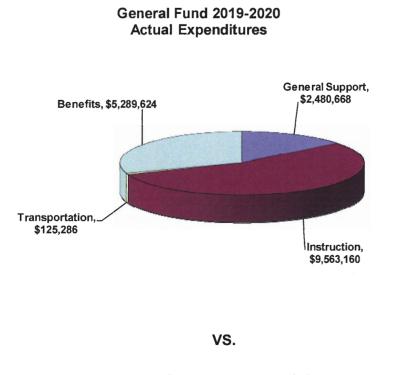
Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. While *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a public school district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year, the rate setting methodology governing special act school districts does not allow for the creation of unassigned fund balance, except from prior period revenues.

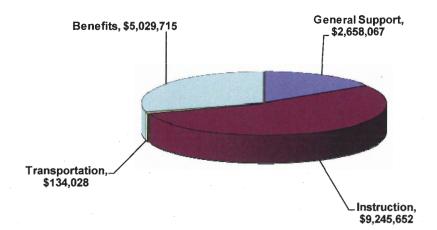
As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$167,697, which was comprised of \$163,192 in the General Fund and \$4,505 in the Special Purpose Fund. The results of operations at the end of 2019-2020 reflect the School District's improved financial position and its successful efforts to balance revenues and expenditures and maintain fund balance for future operations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's 2019-20 adopted budget was \$17,081,047. The overall total budget was amended during the 2019-20 fiscal year to \$17,783,962. The actual expenditures were \$325,224 less than the budgeted amount. As stated earlier, this was the result of a deliberate effort to adjust School District expenditures to match actual student enrollment FTE headcount to insure that School District staffing patterns are stringently aligned with student population. The student FTE census was slightly lower than the projected census in the final budget, but due to the \$12.04 tuition rate increase the impact on expenditures was negligible. The School District will continue to monitor student census in the 2020-21 school year and will adjust expenditures accordingly.



General Fund 2018-2019 Final Budgeted Expenditures



Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the School District had \$2,316,884 net of accumulated depreciation, invested in capital assets, including buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,			
Class	 2020		2019	
Buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 1,361,472 955,412	\$	1,462,796 743,663	
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,316,884	\$	2,206,459	

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in Note 3B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

	 June 30,			
	 2020		2019	
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Retirement Incentives and	\$ 153,509 1,795,325	\$	154,250 523,750	
Other Pension Obligations Other Post Employment Benefit	47,201		67,975	
Obligations Payable	 58,113,568		46,764,411	
	\$ 60,109,603	\$	47,510,386	

The School District's long-term obligations increase of \$12,599,217 primarily resulted from an increase of \$11,349,157 in liabilities for other postemployment retirement benefits. There was also an increase in net pension liabilities to the ERS of \$1,271,575 calculated in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68.

More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3C in the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The General Fund budget, as approved by the Board for the year ending June 30, 2021, is \$17,500,538.

The 2020-2021 School District's approved budget was created with a student census projection of 250 FTE. This was a decrease of 5 FTE students from the 2019-2020 FTE, but consistent with the actual enrollment. The School District made a conscious effort to create a budget aligned to the average census for the past two years. The School District will continue to monitor student census and adjust spending as needed to ensure that the School District's expenditures meet its revenue. The School District was informed by NYSED Rate Setting Unit that we will not receive a tuition rate increase for 2020-2021 school year. As there is no rate increase expected at the time the budget was adopted, the 2019-2020 prospective rate was used in creating the 2020-2021 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District Attn: Stephen Beovich Superintendent 1075 Broadway Pleasantville, New York 10570 (This page intentionally left blank)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	¢ 455.007
Cash and equivalents Receivables	\$ 455,827
Accounts	235,831
State and Federal aid	565,760
Due from other governments	2,708,489
Net pension asset	900,027
Capital assets	900,027
Being depreciated, net	2,316,884
Total Assets	7,182,818
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,878,685
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,138,370
Unearned revenues	324,422
Due to retirement systems	1,307,829
Non-current liabilities	
Due within one year	30,271
Due in more than one year	60,079,332
Total Liabilities	63,880,224
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,984,931
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets Restricted	2,316,884
Special purposes	4,505
Unrestricted	(48,125,041)
	(10, 120, 041)
Total Net Position	\$ (45,803,652)

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	Expenses	Program Revenues Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
General support Instruction Pupil transportation Other	\$ 3,779,930 18,134,005 238,500 3,638	\$ - 17,120,053 - -	\$ - 390,760 - 3,100	\$ (3,779,930) (623,192) (238,500) (538)
Total Governmental Activities	22,156,073 General revenues	17,120,053	393,860	(4,642,160)
	Unrestricted us Sale of property Unrestricted Sta Miscellaneous	744 12,616 371,788 31,116		
	Total General	Revenues		416,264
	Change in Ne	t Position		(4,225,896)
	Net Position - Beg	ginning		(41,577,756)
	Net Position - End	ding		\$ (45,803,652)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid	Special Purpose	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 440,421	\$ 10,901	\$ 4,505	\$ 455,827
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	235,831 459,640 2,708,489 3,403,960	- 106,120 - 207,401 313,521	- - - -	235,831 565,760 2,708,489 207,401 3,717,481
Total Assets	\$ 3,844,381	\$ 324,422	\$ 4,505	\$ 4,173,308
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 2,138,370 207,401 -	\$- - 324,422	\$ - - -	\$ 2,138,370 207,401 324,422
Due to retirement systems	1,307,829	-		1,307,829
Total Liabilities	3,653,600	324,422	-	3,978,022
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenues	27,589			27,589
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,681,189	324,422		4,005,611
Fund balances Restricted Unassigned	- 163,192	-	4,505	4,505 163,192
Total Fund Balances	163,192		4,505	167,697
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,844,381	\$ 324,422	\$ 4,505	\$ 4,173,308

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 167,697
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,316,884
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets and liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) and other postemployment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	3,241,282
Deferred amounts on other postemployment benefit obligations	7,652,472
	10,893,754
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension asset	900,027
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State aid - BOCES	27,589
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(153,509)
Net pension liability	(1,795,325)
Retirement incentives and other pension obligations	(47,201)
Other postemployment benefit obligations payable	(58,113,568)
	(60,109,603)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (45,803,652)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES	General	Special Aid	Special Purpose	Total Governmental Funds
Charges for services	\$ 17,120,053	\$	- \$ -	\$ 17,120,053
Use of money and property	\$ 17,120,000 744	Ψ	- φ - 	\$ 17,120,033 744
Sale of property and	/ 44			/ 44
compensation for loss	12,616			12,616
State aid	344,199			344,199
Federal aid	-	390,76	0 -	390,760
Miscellaneous	31,116	000,10	- 3,100	34,216
Total Revenues	17,508,728	390,76	0 3,100	17,902,588
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General support	2,480,668			2,480,668
Instruction	9,563,160	390,760	D -	9,953,920
Pupil transportation	125,286			125,286
Employee benefits	5,289,624			5,289,624
Other			- 3,638	3,638
	47 450 700	200 70		47.050.400
Total Expenditures	17,458,738	390,760	03,638	17,853,136
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over Expenditures	49,990		- (538)	49,452
·····			()	,
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	113,202		- 5,043	118,245
End of Year	\$ 163,192	\$	- \$ 4,505	\$ 167,697

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 49,452
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their esti- mated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays	344,653
Depreciation expense	 (234,228)
	110,425
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State aid - BOCES	27,589
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	741
Retirement incentives and other pension obligations	20,774
Pension assets (liabilities)	(1,012,911)
Other postemployment benefit obligations	(3,421,966)
	 (4,413,362)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (4,225,896)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 17,783,962	\$ 17,120,053	\$ (663,909)	
Use of money and property	-	-	744	744	
Sale of property and			10.010	10.010	
compensation for loss	-	-	12,616	12,616	
State aid	-	-	344,199	344,199	
Miscellaneous		-	31,116	31,116	
Total Revenues	17,081,047	17,783,962	17,508,728	(275,234)	
Total Revenues	17,001,047	17,705,902	17,500,720	(273,234)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General support	2,258,105	2,542,911	2,480,668	62,243	
Instruction	9,010,492	9,674,511	9,563,160	111,351	
Pupil transportation	131,439	132,642	125,286	7,356	
Employee benefits	5,681,011	5,433,898	5,289,624	144,274	
Total Expenditures	17,081,047	17,783,962	17,458,738	325,224	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	-	-	49,990	49,990	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year	_	_	113,202	113,202	
beginning of Teal			110,202	113,202	
End of Year	\$	\$	<u>\$ 163,192</u>	\$ 163,192	

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2020

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 243,276
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Employee payroll deductions	\$ 233,131 10,145
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 243,276</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Mount Pleasant Cottage School Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1967 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and seven of its nine members are appointed by the Board of Directors of the Jewish Child Care Association, the sponsoring agency, while the other two members are appointed by the Commissioner of Education. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs, which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of the members of the participating districts' governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined in Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statements can be requested from Southern Westchester BOCES, 17 Berkley Drive, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. The School District has elected to treat each governmental fund as a major fund as provided by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments". Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the School District are as follows:

Special Aid Fund - The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The major revenue of this fund is Federal aid.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement. The major revenues of this fund are donations.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdiction or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liabilities, certain pension costs and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The School District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the School District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized,

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2020.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The School District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Receivables - Receivables include amounts due from other governments for tuition and other items. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the financial statements of the School District. Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	in Years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-10

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$324,422 for State and Federal aid received in advance in the Special Aid Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the district-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System New York State Teachers' Retirement System Other postemployment benefit obligations	\$	1,170,147 3,407,436 11,301,102	\$	120,164 1,216,137 3,648,630
	\$	15,878,685	\$	4,984,931

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to the School District's pension and other postemployment benefit obligations are detailed in Note 3C.

The School District also reported deferred inflows of resources of \$27,589 for state aid in the General Fund. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes investment in capital assets and restricted for special purposes. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law or Education Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or delegated to the Assistant Superintendent for Business, Finance and Facilities for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") pandemic and the mitigation responses, and such differences may be material. (See Note 4B).

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is November 23, 2020.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) At least two weeks prior to the budget presentation, a copy of the budget is made available to the Board of Education.
- b) At the budget presentation, the Board may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- d) The budget for the General Fund is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Education does not adopt a budget for the Special Aid or Special Purpose funds.
- e) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- f) Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Fund	Due From			Due To			
General Special Aid	\$	- 207,401_	\$	207,401			
	\$	207,401	\$	207,401			

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 1,727,496 1,971,596	\$	\$ - -	\$ 1,727,496 2,316,249
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	3,699,092	344,653		4,043,745
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	264,700 1,227,933	101,324 132,904	-	366,024 1,360,837
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,492,633	234,228	-	1,726,861
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,206,459	<u>\$ 110,425</u>	\$-	\$ 2,316,884

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support Instruction	\$	23,423 210,805
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	234,228

C. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	New Issues/ Additions	sues/ and/or		Balance June 30, 2020		Due Within One-Yea	
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	\$ 154,250	\$ 14,259	\$	15,000	\$	153,509	\$	15,000
Net Pension Liability	523,750	1,271,575		-		1,795,325		-
Retirement Incentives and								
Other Pension Obligations	67,975	-		20,774		47,201		15,271
Other Post Employment								
Benefit Obligations	 46,764,411	 12,788,172		1,439,015		58,113,568		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 47,510,386	\$ 14,074,006	\$	1,474,789	\$	60,109,603	\$	30,271

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Each governmental fund's liability for compensated absences, net pension liabilities, retirement incentives and other pension obligations and other post employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of the existing collective bargaining agreements, the School District is required to compensate retiring employees with 10 or more years of service for accumulated sick leave. All such employees are to be paid at the rate of \$40 per day if the employee has between 150 and 184 accumulated days. If the employee has accumulated between 185 and 250 days, payments are as follows: teachers \$100 per day; teaching assistants \$50 per day; custodial staff and clerical staff \$60 per day. Administrators and supervisors who have accumulated between 185 and 265 days will be compensated \$100 per day. Vacation time must be taken in the year earned. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The School District also participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

ERS and TRS are noncontributory for employees who joined the systems before July 27, 1976. Employees who joined the systems after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined the systems after January 1, 2010 generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rates for the plans' year ending in 2020 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	4 A15 5 A15 6 A15	15.8 % 13.2 9.3
TRS	1-6	8.86 %

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for ERS and TRS:

	ERS		TRS		
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	
Net pension liability (asset) School Districts' proportion of the	\$	1,795,325	\$	(900,027)	
net pension liability (asset) Change in proportion since the		0.0067798 %		0.034643 %	
prior measurement date		(0.0006123) %		0.000207 %	

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability for ERS was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset for TRS was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense in the districtwide financial statements of \$1,825,071 (\$579,892 for ERS and \$1,245,179 for TRS). Pension expenditures of \$285,489 were recorded for ERS in the General Fund. Pension expenditures of \$526,671 were recorded for TRS (\$524,997 in the General Fund and \$1,674 in the Special Aid Fund).

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		EF	RS		TRS				
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	Resources 105,662 36,149 920,371 33,512 74,453	\$	Resources - 31,214 - 88,950 -	\$	f Resources 609,925 1,700,271 - 569,200 528,040	\$	66,928 414,574 721,775 12,860 -	
	\$	1,170,147	\$	120,164	\$	3,407,436	\$	1,216,137	
			tal						
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows					
	of	Resources	of	Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	715,587 1,736,420	\$	66,928 445,788					
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and		920,371		721,775					
proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		602,712 602,493		101,810					
	\$	4,577,583	\$	1,336,301					

\$74,453 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2021. The \$528,040 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	March 31, ERS	June 30, TRS
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$	\$ 541,385 160,037 539,909 378,116 72,695 (28,883)

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total pension liability for the ERS and TRS measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuation dates as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to those measurement dates. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Management Data	March 21, 2020	lune 20, 2010
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Investment rate of return	6.8% *	7.1% *
Salary scale	4.2%	1.90%-4.72%
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.2%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

*Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. The actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	ER: March 31		TRS June 30, 2019			
Asset Type	March 31 Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity International Equity Private Equity Real Estate Domestic Fixed Income Securities Global Fixed Income Securities High Yield Fixed Income Securities Global Equities Private Debt Real Estate Debt Absolute Return Strategies Opportunistic Portfolio Real Assets Bonds and Mortgages Cash	36 % 14 10 10 - - - - 2 3 3 17 1	4.05 % 6.15 6.75 4.95 - - - 3.25 4.65 5.95 0.75 -	33 % 16 8 11 16 2 1 4 1 7 - - - - 1	6.3 % 7.8 9.9 4.6 1.3 0.9 3.6 7.2 6.5 2.9 - - - - 0.3		
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4 %	0.50	<u>-</u>	-		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.1% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.1% for TRS) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Cohool Districtly proportionate oberg of		1% Decrease (5.8%)		Current Assumption (6.8%)	1% Increase (7.8%)		
School District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability	\$	3,294,928	\$	1,795,325	\$	414,184	
		1% Decrease (6.1%)		Current Assumption (7.1%)		1% Increase (8.1%)	
School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,062,628	\$	(900,027)	\$	(5,063,134)	

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2020 ERS measurement date and the June 30, 2019 TRS measurement date were as follows:

	ERS			TRS
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	194,596,261,000 168,115,682,000	\$	119,879,473,882 122,477,480,654
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	26,480,579,000	\$	(2,598,006,772)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		86.39%		102.17%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS.

Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 were \$74,453 to ERS and \$1,233,376 to TRS (including employee contributions of \$48,921 and prior year unpaid obligations of \$656,415).

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The School District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the School District will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Retirement Incentives and Other Pension Obligations

The State Legislature enacted Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2010. This chapter authorized local governments, at their option, to amortize a portion of their ERS contribution beginning in 2010. The maximum amortization amount each year going forward will be determined by the difference between each employer's effective contribution rate as compared to the System's overall graded rate. The amortized amounts are to be paid in equal annual installments over a ten year period, although amounts may be prepaid at any time. Interest will be charged at rates which approximate a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities of a comparable duration and will be adjusted annually. The School District elected to amortize the maximum allowable ERS contributions as noted in the table below.

	Original Amount Amortized		Current Year ayments	 Balance Due	Due Within One Year		
2012 ERS 2013 ERS	\$	72,977 142,344	\$ 6,171 16,687	\$ - 47,201	\$	- 15,271	
	\$	215,321	\$ 22,858	\$ 47,201	\$	15,271	

The current year payments were charged to retirement expenditures in the General Fund.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	101
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	104
	205
	205

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$58,113,568 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.2%
Salary increases	10.0% - 2.9%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.21%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.3% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.84% by 2075
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Varies from 0% to 50%, depending on applicable hire date and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Employees Headcount-Weighted table projected fully generationally using MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The School District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year Service cost Interest	\$ 46,764,411 1,786,337 1,679,094
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	(1,803,819) 11,126,560 (1,439,015)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 58,113,568

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%			Current	1%			
	Decrease			Assumption		Increase		
		(1.21%)		(2.21%)	(3.21%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	69,368,781	\$	58,113,568	\$	49,264,687		

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

are 1 percentage point lower (4.30% decreasing to 2.84%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.30% decreasing to 4.84%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability	\$	47,508,328	\$	58,113,568	\$	72,149,500		
	(4.30% decreasing to 2.84%)		(5.3	0% decreasing to 3.84%)	(6.30% decreasing to 4.84%)			
		Decrease		Rates	Increase			
		1%		Cost Trend	1%			
				Healthcare				

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,860,981 in the district-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 11,301,102 	\$ 1,051,792 2,596,838		
	\$ 11,301,102	\$ 3,648,630		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ 1,395,550 1,395,550 1,519,962 1,787,619 1,553,791

D. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less the accumulated depreciation.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets".

E. Fund Balances

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

	2020					2019						
Destricted		General	Special al Purpose Total		Special General Purpose			•	Total			
Restricted - Special purposes	\$	-	\$	4,505	\$	4,505	\$	-	\$	5,043	\$	5,043
Unassigned		163,192		-		163,192		113,202				113,202
Total Fund Balances	\$	163,192	\$	4,505	\$	167,697	\$	113,202	\$	5,043	\$	118,245

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various actions seeking damages for alleged employment and discriminatory practices. The School District has aggressively pursued the defense of these actions. Counsels for the School District have expressed opinions of likelihood of favorable outcomes in these matters.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid and tuition revenue by the New York State Education Department. The amounts previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District currently has two labor contracts that are expired as of June 30, 2020. No provision has been made in these financial statements for the settlement of these labor contracts. The bargaining unit and contract expiration dates are as follows:

Bargaining Unit	Contract Expiration Date
Teaching Assistant's Association	June 30, 2014
Association of Teachers	June 30, 2012

Coronavirus

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of Coronavirus. This was followed by the President of the United States declaring the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency on March 13, 2020.

Preceding these announcements, the Governor of the State of New York declared a state of emergency on March 7, 2020 and has since issued multiple Executive Orders regarding the pandemic. Furthermore, the Enacted 2020-21 New York State budget granted the Budget Director the authority to reduce state aid payments to local governments and school districts by any amount needed to achieve a balanced budget. The Budget Director is authorized, under Section 1(f) of Chapter 53 of the Laws of 2020, to withhold all or some of specific local aid payments during state fiscal year 2020-21, that began on April 1, 2020, if the budget is deemed unbalanced and if the Budget Director further determines that such withholding is necessary to respond to the direct and indirect economic financial and social effects of the Coronavirus pandemic ("Reduction Authority").

The ultimate size of any permanent reductions would depend in part on the availability of unrestricted Federal aid. The Federal government has not reached a consensus on additional recovery legislation at this time. Therefore, in the interim, without assurance of Federal aid, New York State has begun withholding a minimum of 20% of most municipal and school district aid payments to achieve the cash flow savings anticipated in the Executive Budget Financial Plan as updated for the Governor's amendments and forecast revisions pursuant to the Reduction Authority. Such measures may impact the ability of the school districts and social service agencies that send students to attend the School District to have the cash flow resources to continue to pay the tuition charges as they come due. It may also limit tuition rate increases in the foreseeable future.

In addition to these New York State actions, the School District's expenditures on health and safety measures (personal protective equipment, sanitizing supplies, custodial overtime, technology acquisitions to support remote work and remote learning) will increase significantly.

The outbreak of the Coronavirus and the dramatic steps taken by the Federal government and New York State to address it will continue to negatively affect New York State and its local economies. The full impact of the Coronavirus on New York State's operations and financial condition is not expected to be known for some time. Similarly, the degree of the impact on the School District's future operations and finances as a result of the Coronavirus is extremely difficult to predict due to uncertainties relating to its duration and severity, as well as with regard

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

to what actions may be taken by governmental and other health care authorities, including New York State, to contain or mitigate its effects. The spread of the outbreak or reemergence later in the year could have a material adverse financial effect on New York State and local municipalities, including the School District. The School District is continuously monitoring the situation and will take such proactive measures as may be required to maintain operations and meet its obligations. Given this level of uncertainty, management cannot reasonably estimate the actual impact on the School District's future financial position at this time.

C. Risk Management

The School District purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains general liability policies with coverage up to \$1 million and an excess liability policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The School District maintains liability coverage for school board members with coverage up to \$1 million and an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The School District also maintains employment practices liability coverage up to \$10 million. The School District purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory levels. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District and neighboring districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan. The Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purposes of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to permit members to secure improved levels of health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by a vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participant's employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in

School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and	\$	1,786,337 1,679,094 -	9	5 1,215,407 1,716,943 17,168	\$	1,259,270 1,572,171 -	
actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments		(1,803,819) 11,126,560 (1,439,015)	(4)	(1,640,484) 3,043,453 (1,462,381)		- (2,227,996) (1,289,051)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		11,349,157		2,890,106		(685,606)	
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year		46,764,411		43,874,305		44,559,911	(3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$	58,113,568		46,764,411	\$	43,874,305	
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,040,063		6,637,362	\$	6,427,115	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		642.84%	. =	704.56%		682.64%	

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

(2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

(3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) The discount rate was decreased from 3.51% to 2.21% for the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability (2)									
	2020 (5)	2019	2018 (4)	2017 (3)	2016	2015			
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.034643%	0.034436%	0.037498%	0.043117%	0.046446%	0.051123%			
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (900,027)	\$ (622,692)	\$ (285,020)	\$ 461,796	\$ (4,824,224)	\$ (5,694,799)			
School District's covered payroll	\$ 5,782,476	\$ 5,609,224	\$ 5,942,159	\$ 6,653,318	\$ 6,976,771	\$ 7,555,178			
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(15.56)%	(11.10)%	(4.80)%	6.94%	(69.15)%	(75.38)%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%			
	Scheo	lule of Contributi	ons		an di Maria ang sa sa sa				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 528,040	\$ 614,099	\$ 549,704	\$ 696,421	\$ 882,230	\$ 1,223,028			
contractually required contribution	(528,040)	(614,099)	(549,704)	(696,421)	(882,230)	(1,223,028)			
Contribution excess	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>			
School District's covered payroll	\$ 5,959,821	\$ 5,782,476	\$ 5,609,224	\$ 5,942,159	\$ 6,653,318	\$ 6,976,771			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.86%	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%			

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2016 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

(5) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.25% to 7.1% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		Schedule of th	e Sc	hool District's F	Propo	ortionate Share	e of t	he Net Pensior	i Lia	bility (2)	
		2020 (4)		2019		2018		2017		2016 (3)	 2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0067798%		0.0073921%		0.0064195%		0.0070709%		0.0068627%	 0.0073333%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,795,325	\$	523,750	\$	207,187	\$	664,393	\$	1,101,485	\$ 247,736
School District's covered payroll	\$	2,201,772	\$	2,047,039	\$	1,702,023	\$	1,452,484	\$	1,590,965	\$ 1,827,183
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		81.54%		25.59%		12.17%		45.74%		69.23%	13.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	_	86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%	 97.90%
·			S	Schedule of Co	ntribu	itions					
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	264,768	\$	233,529	\$	239,482	\$	250,088	\$	286,955	\$ 348,530
contractually required contribution		(264,768)		(233,529)		(239,482)		(250,088)		(286,955)	 (348,530)
Contribution excess	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$ -
School District's covered payroll	\$	2,159,764	\$	2,179,265	\$	1,824,064	\$	1,648,187	\$	1,809,379	\$ 1,628,319
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.26%		10.72%		13.13%		15.17%		15.86%	 21.40%

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

(4) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

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General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	 2020	 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 440,421	\$ 461,356
Receivables	005 004	105 040
Accounts State and Federal aid	235,831 459,640	135,346 207,852
Due from other governments	 2,708,489	 2,440,689
	 3,403,960	 2,783,887
Total Assets	\$ 3,844,381	\$ 3,245,243
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 2,138,370 207,401	\$ 1,848,181 278,460
Due to retirement systems	 1,307,829	 1,005,400
Total Liabilities	3,653,600	3,132,041
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenues	27,589	_
		 0.400.044
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,681,189	3,132,041
Fund balance Unassigned	 163,192	 113,202
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 3,844,381	\$ 3,245,243

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended June 30,

		20)20	
DEVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 17,783,962	\$ 17,120,053	\$ (663,909)
Use of money and property	φ 17,001,0 4 7 -	φ 17,700,302 -	[•] 744	φ (003,909) 744
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	-	-	12,616	12,616
State aid	-	-	344,199	344,199
Miscellaneous			31,116	31,116
Total Revenues	17,081,047	17,783,962	17,508,728	(275,234)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General support				
Board of education	140,200	73,770	73,574	196
Central administration Finance	348,000 463,684	336,414 500,374	330,652 493,373	5,762 7,001
Central services	1,089,221	1,420,813	1,378,976	41,837
Special items	217,000	211,540	204,093	7,447
Total General Support	2,258,105	2,542,911	2,480,668	62,243
Instruction				
Instruction, administration				
and improvement	864,179	1,024,330	1,013,996	10,334
Teaching - Regular school	6,152,763	6,351,093	6,260,378	90,715
Teaching - Special schools	443,500	305,538	296,078	9,460
Instructional media	410,415	843,350	842,751	599
Pupil services	1,139,635	1,150,200	1,149,957	243
Total Instruction	9,010,492	9,674,511	9,563,160	111,351
Pupil transportation	131,439	132,642	125,286	7,356
Employee benefits	5,681,011	5,433,898	5,289,624	144,274
Total Expenditures	17,081,047	17,783,962	17,458,738	325,224
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-		49,990	\$ 49,990
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			113,202	
End of Year	\$	\$	\$ 163,192	

	71	119	
 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 16,007,743 -	\$ 17,067,462 -	\$ 16,619,765 563	\$ (447,697) 563
- - -	- - -	13,193 258,280 42,899	13,193 258,280 42,899
 16,007,743	17,067,462	16,934,700	(132,762)
130,410 330,690 443,780 863,135 207,000	122,989 250,100 553,920 1,524,058 207,000	121,526 247,665 551,919 1,506,952 205,999	1,463 2,435 2,001 17,106 1,001
 1,975,015	2,658,067	2,634,061	24,006
864,926 5,891,570 455,000 308,934 1,028,509	788,678 5,992,126 310,353 1,041,623 1,112,872	787,612 5,954,731 307,245 1,033,676 1,102,182	1,066 37,395 3,108 7,947 10,690
 8,548,939	9,245,652	9,185,446	60,206
 128,102	134,028	126,926	7,102
 5,355,687	5,029,715	4,939,909	89,806
 16,007,743	17,067,462	16,886,342	181,120
-	. –	48,358	\$ 48,358
 		64,844	
\$ -	\$	\$ 113,202	

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General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

CHARGES FOR SERVICES Day school tuition	Original Budget \$ 17,081,047	Final Budget \$ 17,783,962	Actual \$ 17,120,053	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (663,909)
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments			744	744
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Insurance recoveries			12,616	12,616
STATE AID BOCES Other	-	-	278,964 65,235	278,964 65,235
MISCELLANEOUS	<u>-</u>		344,199	344,199
Refund of prior year's expenditures Refund for BOCES aided expenditures	-	- -	5,523 25,593	5,523 25,593
			31,116	31,116
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 17,081,047	<u>\$ 17,783,962</u>	<u>\$ 17,508,728</u>	\$ (275,234)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

GENERAL SUPPORT	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
BOARD OF EDUCATION					
Board of education District clerk	\$ 118,200 22,000	\$ 66,664 7,106	\$ 66,469 7,105	\$ 195 1	
	<u></u>		······		
Total Board of Education	140,200	73,770	73,574	196	
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION Chief school administrator	348,000	336,414	330,652	5,762	
FINANCE					
Business administration	414,515	449,663	445,739	3,924	
Auditing	38,750	38,750	35,696	3,054	
Treasurer	10,419	11,961	11,938	23	
Total Finance	463,684	500,374	493,373	7,001	
CENTRAL SERVICES					
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,015,221	1,350,063	1,309,143	40,920	
Central printing and mailing	74,000	70,750	69,833	917	
Total Central Services	1,089,221	1,420,813	1,378,976	41,837	
SPECIAL ITEMS					
Unallocated insurance	185,000	179,540	172,093	7,447	
Administrative charge - BOCES	32,000	32,000	32,000	_	
Total Special Items	217,000	211,540	204,093	7,447	
Total General Support	2,258,105	2,542,911	2,480,668	62,243	

INSTRUCTION

INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT

Supervision - Regular school In-service training - Instruction	833,179 31,000	994,510 29,820	984,576 29,420	9,934 400
Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	864,179	1,024,330	1,013,996	10,334
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	6,152,763	6,351,093	6,260,378	90,715
TEACHING - SPECIAL SCHOOLS	443,500	305,538	296,078	9,460
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA				
Computer assisted instruction	410,415	843,350	842,751	599
PUPIL SERVICES				
Health services	108,397	97,378	97,179	199
Psychological services	420,480	429,060	429,060	-
Speech, vocational and occupational therapy services	394,855	407,259	407,215	44
Social work services	215,903	216,503	216,503	
Total Pupil Services	1,139,635	1,150,200	1,149,957	243
Total Instruction	9,010,492	9,674,511	9,563,160	111,351
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION				
District transportation services	131,439	132,642	125,286	7,356
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS				
State retirement	442,871	309,556	308,347	1,209
Teachers' retirement	535,491	535,491	524,997	10,494
Social security	747,970	714,399	710,314	4,085
Workers' compensation	439,712	514,112	509,340	4,772
Life insurance	37,500	37,500	28,758	8,742
Unemployment benefits	40,000	40,000	12,235	27,765
Hospital, medical and dental insurance	3,182,067	2,957,496	2,897,199	60,297
Union welfare benefits	160,400	160,400	141,254	19,146
Other	95,000	164,944	157,180	7,764
Total Employee Benefits	5,681,011	5,433,898	5,289,624	144,274
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 17,081,047	\$ 17,783,962	\$ 17,458,738	\$ 325,224

Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020	2019
ASSETS	¢ 10.001	¢ 000
Cash and equivalents	\$ 10,901	\$ 898
Receivables		
State and Federal aid	106,120	56,315
Due from other funds	207,401	278,460
	242 524	224 775
	313,521	334,775
Total Assets	\$ 324,422	\$ 335,673
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$-	\$ 165,243
Unearned revenues	324,422	170,430
Total Liabilities	\$ 324,422	\$ 335,673

Special Aid Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2020		 2019
REVENUES Federal aid	\$	390,760	\$ 618,287
EXPENDITURES Current			
Instruction		390,760	 618,287
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	-
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			
End of Year	\$	-	\$ _

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	 2020	 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 4,505	\$ 5,043
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 4,505	\$ 5,043

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2	2020		2019
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	3,100	\$	5,775
EXPENDITURES Current				
Other		3,638		5,875
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(538)		(100)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		5,043		5,143
End of Year	\$	4,505	\$	5,043

General Fund Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

Adopted/Original Budget	\$ 17,081,047
Budget Revisions	 702,915
Final Budget	\$ 17,783,962

Schedule of Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital Assets, net/Investment in Capital Assets

\$ 2,316,884