Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Special Aid funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2,D and Note 3,E in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the School District's adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2015 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York September 16, 2015

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

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Harrison, New York September 16, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2015

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District") provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 (fy 2015). To enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance, it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The 2014-2015 financial statements reflect the School District's continued commitment to strong financial and operational management. The Board of Education and the administration believe that maintaining a fund balance at the statutory limit and funding reserves when possible contributes to this strong financial position.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, exclusive of encumbrances and amounts assigned for the subsequent year's budget, which can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, this amount for the General Fund was \$2,163,619 or 4%, an amount that is at the statutory limit.
- The School District appropriated \$1,000,000 of the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund as a surplus contribution to reduce property taxes in the 2015-2016 fiscal year. An additional \$400,000 of the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was appropriated toward offsetting the mandated increases in contributions to the New York State Employees' Retirement System in 2015-2016. Lastly, the Board of Education approved a resolution that permitted the School District to place \$500,000 of its 2014-2015 budget surplus in its restricted fund balance for tax certiorari obligations for potential future challenges against property taxes levied for the 2014-2015 fiscal year.
- The total fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned) of the General Fund decreased by \$769,421 to \$9,778,515. The decrease is predominantly attributable to tighter budgeting as a result of the tax cap legislation.
- As of the end of fiscal year 2015, the School District's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$11,664,489 a decrease of \$787,107 from the prior year. Exclusive of funds restricted for capital projects, the combined ending fund balances are \$11,181,122.
- The fund balance in the Special Purpose Fund was \$246,360. This balance is the result of generous donations from the PTSA, the PTA, Edgemont Recreation, the Edgemont School Foundation and members of the Edgemont community.

- On the district-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$29,477,079. The School District's total net position increased by \$8,344,052 (inclusive of an adjustment to the opening net position of \$3,965,854) for the year ended June 30, 2015. The district-wide financial statements must report certain items in accordance with the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The GASB is charged with developing the accounting rules that apply to governments, including school districts and BOCES. One of the most significant of these standards requires the School District to recognize the financial impact associated with other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") obligations under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45. These obligations include any benefits provided to retirees, other than a pension, including health insurance, life insurance, vision, dental, etc. GASB Statement No. 45 established standards for accrual based measurement and recognition of OPEB expenses over periods that approximate employees' years of active service, as well as the required note disclosures. For the year ending June 30, 2015, the School District's OPEB obligations of \$7,377,937 are reflected as a liability on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and impacts the total net position calculation. More detailed information about the School District's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 is presented in note 3, E in the notes to financial statements.
- Also noteworthy on the district-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, is the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 for the first time. This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the School District's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their district-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$571,476 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability, while also reporting a pension asset of \$16,334,540 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset. More detailed information about the School District's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in note 3, E in the notes to financial statements.
- During the current fiscal year, the School District did not issue any new bonded long-term bonded indebtedness for construction. However, the School District did issue \$4 million in short-term indebtedness to provide initial funding for the approved \$12.8 million District-wide improvement project. The School District also retired \$1.01 million in outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

- The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
 - The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
 - The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
 - The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost
 of food sales, interest, other and general administrative support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental
 activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial
 statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of
 spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the
 fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing
 requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.
- The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Aid Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, Special Aid Fund and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided within the basic financial statements for the General Fund and the Special Aid Fund (major funds) to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.
- The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity
 on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statement because
 the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. For the Edgemont Union Free School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$29,477,079 at the close of the 2015 fiscal year.

Net Position

		Jun	ne 30,		
		2015		2014	
Current Assets	\$	36,934,093	\$	16,834,776	
Capital Assets, net	_	28,970,583		28,187,058	
Total Assets	-	65,904,676		45,021,834	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	4,644,628		331,516	
Current Liabilities		9,054,558		4,513,047	
Long-term Liabilities	-	20,790,354	_	19,707,276	
Total Liabilities	_	29,844,912		24,220,323	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	11,227,313	_		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		16,428,306		15,045,172	
Restricted					
Capital Projects		1,027,694		505,601	
Tax Certiorari		4,310,403		4,786,626	
Retirement Contributions		766,979		1,061,979	
School Lunch		115,140		132,991	
Special Purposes		246,360		225,503	
Debt Service		1,041,107		1,039,565	
Unrestricted	_	5,541,090	-	(1,664,410)	
Total Net Position	\$	29,477,079	\$	21,133,027	

By far the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students, and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$7,507,683 represents 25% of net position. The largest components of restricted net position are for tax certiorari obligations (\$4,310,403), debt service (\$1,041,107), and capital projects of (\$1,027,694). Unrestricted net position is \$5,541,090, an increase of \$7,205,500 from the prior year, primarily from the recording of the net pension asset of TRS.

Changes in Net Position

	June 30,				
	2015	2014			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,134,721	\$ 1,075,424			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,247,708	1,511,895			
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,542	1,665			
Total Program Revenues	2,383,971	2,588,984			
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes	43,325,447				
Other Tax Items	3,365,029				
Non-Property Taxes	387,923				
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	18,527	17,038			
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	14,898				
Unrestricted State Aid	3,188,861	3,022,321			
Miscellaneous	573,595	269,010			
Total General Revenues	50,874,280	49,352,013			
Total Revenues	53,258,251	51,940,997			
PROGRAM EXPENSES					
General Support	7,282,597	7,227,236			
Instruction	39,615,346	42,573,132			
Pupil Transportation	840,548	878,388			
Cost of Food Sales	398,805	429,118			
Other	435,549	585,263			
Interest	307,208	344,151			
Total Expenses	48,880,053	52,037,288			
Change in Net Position	4,378,198	(96,291)			
NET POSITION					
Beginning, as reported	21,133,027	21,229,318			
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	3,965,854	-			
Beginning, as restated	25,098,881	21,229,318			
Ending	\$ 29,477,079	\$ 21,133,027			
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The changes are as follows:

Revenues:

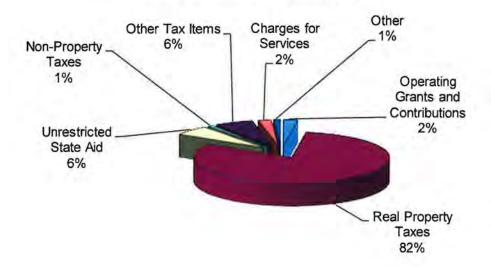
- Charges for Services increased by \$59,297. This was primarily the result of an increase in the number of out-of-district tuition students attending the School District.
- Operating Grants and Contributions decreased by \$264,187 predominantly due to a decrease of over \$175,000 in donations compared to the prior year and a decrease in federally funded grants.
- Revenue from real property taxes increased by \$1,270,919 as a result of a higher tax levy to support an increased budget.
- Other tax items decreased by \$166,039. This amount represents reimbursements received from the School Tax Relief Reimbursement Program ("STAR"). The STAR Program provides tax relief to homeowners through State reimbursement to the School District.
- Non-property taxes, representing sales tax distributions from the County to the School District, increased marginally by \$1,695 from the prior year.
- Unrestricted State Aid increased by \$166,540, predominantly due to an increase in Basic Formula Aid, Lottery Aid and BOCES Aid.
- Miscellaneous revenues were increased by \$304,585. This number more than doubled from the previous year. The increase was due to a \$300,000 gift from the Edgemont School Foundation.

Expenses:

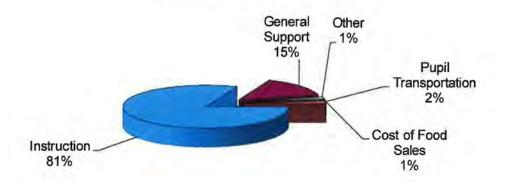
- Instructional program expenses decreased by \$2,957,786 from the prior year. While the cost of
 providing special education services increased by approximately \$460,000 from the prior year,
 the increase in the School District's proportionate share of the TRS pension asset (recorded for
 the first time this year in accordance with GASB 68) had the effect of lowering this expense
 category.
- Pupil transportation expenses decreased by \$37,840 because of fewer services needed to transport students with special needs.

As indicated on the following graphs, unrestricted state aid provided only 6% of total revenue in 2014-2015. Real property taxes are the School District's main source of revenue (82%). Instruction costs account for 81% of the School District's expenses.

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2015 Governmental Activities



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2015 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Fund Balance Reporting

GASB issued Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in February 2009. The requirements of Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for periods ending June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 54 abandoned the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaced them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Nonspendable – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.

Restricted – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

Note: According to the Office of the State Comptroller, school districts in New York will not have committed fund balance to report.

Assigned – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

Unassigned – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. According to GASB, this pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,664,489 a decrease of \$787,107 from the prior year. Exclusive of the Capital Projects Fund, total fund balance aggregates \$11,181,122. Of this latter amount, \$537,696 is in non-spendable

form representing prepaid expenditures, while \$6,520,553 is restricted for various purposes (\$4,766,107 for tax certiorari obligations, \$766,979 for retirement system obligations, \$741,107 for debt service purposes and \$246,360 for special purposes). Another \$1,959,254 of the total fund balance is assigned to fund purchases on order (\$146,272), school lunch fund purposes (\$112,982), and (\$1,400,000) for the subsequent year's budget as property tax relief in the General Fund (comprised of \$1,000,000 from the General Fund unassigned balance and \$400,000 from the ERS (Employee Retirement System) restriction to partially offset the School District's retirement system contribution). Additionally, \$300,000 from the Debt Service Fund is being appropriated to offset a portion of the School District's debt service obligations in 2015-16. The remainder of the total fund balance of \$2,163,619 represents unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and is available for use at the School District's discretion.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. Revenues were more than the amount contained in the final budget by \$377,712, primarily the result of an increase in out-of-district tuition students, an increase in sales tax revenue from Westchester County and State aid. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,711,068 less than the final budget. The savings occurred as a result of savings in general support functions and lower than anticipated salary and benefit expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$1,034,652. This difference represents amounts appropriated from the tax certiorari restriction in the amount of \$527,082 to fund settlements, \$147,570 for fees received to support summer camp programs and \$360,000 appropriated from the unassigned fund balance to fund a voter approved transfer to the Capital Projects Fund for fire alarm system upgrades.

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2015, the School District had \$28,970,583 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,					
Class	2015			2014		
Land	\$	447,447	\$	447,447		
Construction-in-Progress		1,561,834		1,505,607		
Buildings and Improvements		26,771,141		26,010,314		
Machinery and Equipment	_	190,161		223,690		
Total Capital Assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation	\$	28,970,583	\$	28,187,058		

The change in capital assets during the current fiscal year is predominantly the result of renovations completed in 2014-2015 including the Jim San Marco Gymnasium and the new fire alarm system at Edgemont Jr./Sr. High School.

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in Note 3.B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2015, the School District had \$19,763,174 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding, as follows:

	_	2015	_	2014
Bonds Payable, net	\$	9,375,728	\$	10,532,335
Energy Performance Contract Payable		2,909,039		3,066,067
Claims Payable		455,704		
Compensated Absences		100,470		118,751
Net Pension Liability		571,476		
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations	_	7,377,937	_	5,990,123
Total	\$	20,790,354	\$	19,707,276

More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3.E in the notes to financial statements.

Future Considerations

The Edgemont School District is committed to providing an excellent education in a fiscally responsible way by collaborating with the community. During the 2013-2014 school year, the community showed its overwhelming support for the School District's commitment and vision by supporting a \$12.8 million bond referendum for capital expenditures. This bond issue positions the School District to make infrastructure improvements at all three campuses and to support instructional programs while keeping the taxpayers' total costs essentially flat, at the same level they have been in recent years. During the 2014-2015 school year, the community again showed its overwhelming support for the strategic direction of the district by voting to exceed the tax cap with an 85% "yes" vote. Exceeding the tax cap will help us to manage the stability of the tax-rate increases over time. We endeavor to maintain an unassigned fund balance close to or at the statutory limit of 4% to address unanticipated needs or expenditures. We also maintain appropriate fund balance to support a tax certiorari restriction to plan for and to manage payment options for certiorari settlements and to fund an employee retirement restriction to offset the sharp increases in retirement system contributions.

The School District refinanced bonds, will implement a plan for affordable care insurance and has created an in-house special education program for non-verbal autistic students. It is better for the students to be in a high-quality program in their home district, and it is better for the district fiscally. This challenge of providing a fiscally responsible budget with costly unfunded state mandates will continue to require effective and efficient management of School District resources. As a follow up to an internal audit focused on the roles and responsibilities in the business office, the School District increased the role and the time of the District Treasurer/Business Administrator from .4 to .6 FTE. This additional time will help the business office to monitor the School District's fiscal health through analyses of monthly financial reports and the utilization of various audits in addition to thinking creatively about how to meet the needs of the students more effectively and efficiently.

In Edgemont, we know where we are going; and we have a long history of success on which to build our future. The strategic goals and subsequent action plans provide the roadmap and the directions to get there.

Strategic Goals

As above, the School District's overarching interest is to provide an excellent education in a fiscally responsible way. Within that paradigm, the School District has set three strategic goals.

The lens through which we view all work is to systemically provide a culture of learning that reflects each student's needs, interests, abilities and voice for the academic and social-emotional development of the whole child.

- 1. Provide infrastructure, equitable access, professional learning and technical support for the integration of technology to promote creativity, collaboration, communication and critical thinking.
- Create authentic opportunities to foster students' understanding of their roles as local and global citizens.
- Develop purposeful structures and allocate time to link collaborative professional development to student needs.

The School District has taken strategic steps to be proactive in maintaining and improving the infrastructure, facilities, curriculum and instruction using careful financial planning and an inclusive strategic planning process. The Edgemont Union Free School District is committed to educational excellence, collaboration and fiscal discipline.

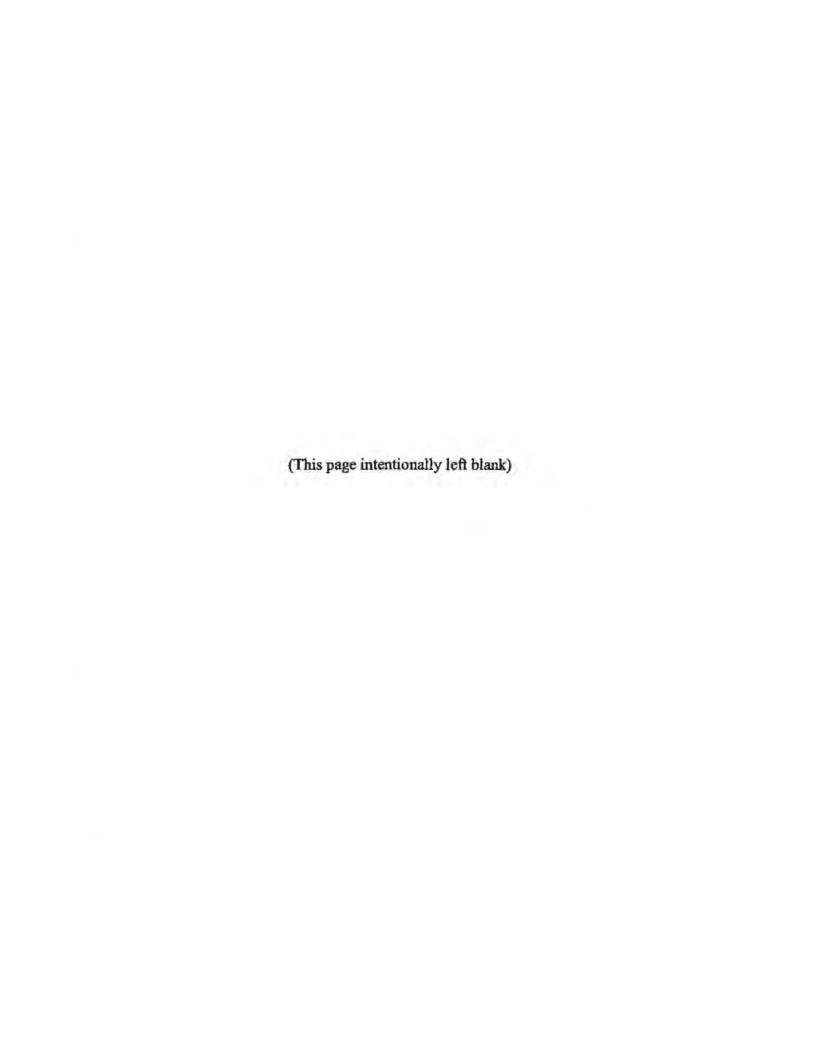
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Edgemont Union Free School District
Attn: Susan F. Shirken
Assistant Superintendent
300 White Oak Lane
Scarsdale, New York 10583

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 18,716,672
Receivables	
Accounts	174,518
State and Federal aid	1,073,686
Due from other governments	96,981
Prepaid expenses	537,696
Net pension asset	16,334,540
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	
Not being depreciated	2,009,281
Being depreciated, net	26,961,302
Total Assets	65,904,676
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,644,628
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	229,023
Accrued liabilities	347,267
Retainages payable	38,181
Bond anticipation note payable	4,000,000
Unearned revenues	31,080
Due to retirement systems	4,289,513
Accrued interest payable	119,494
Non-current liabilities	
Due within one year	1,327,555
Due in more than one year	19,462,799
Total Liabilities	29,844,912
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,227,313
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	16,428,306
Capital projects	1,027,694
Tax certiorari	4,310,403
Retirement contributions	766,979
School lunch	115,140
Special purposes	246,360
Debt service	1,041,107
Unrestricted	5,541,090
Total Net Position	\$ 29,477,079



Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		- F	Net (Expense)			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental activities General support Instruction Pupil transportation Cost of food sales Other Interest	\$ 7,282,597 39,615,346 840,548 398,805 435,549 307,208	\$ 32,435 720,477 - 381,809	\$ 6,563 781,834 2,905 456,406	1,542	\$ (7,243,599) (38,113,035) (840,548) (14,091) 20,857 (305,666)	
Total Governmental Activities	48,880,053	1,134,721	1,247,708	1,542	(46,496,082)	
	Non-property	taxes s elief reimbursem taxes			43,325,447 3,365,029 387,923	
	Unrestricted u	72.23 C.S. (\$10.00)	d property		18,527 14,898 3,188,861 573,595	
	Total Gener	50,874,280				
	Change in N	4,378,198				
	Net Position - B	21,133,027				
	Cumulative Effe	3,965,854				
	Net Position - B	25,098,881				
	Net Position - E	nding	\$ 29,477,079			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

0.000		General		Special Aid	1	Capital Projects
ASSETS	•	10 000 000	•	540 604	•	4 504 000
Cash and equivalents Receivables	\$	12,263,932	\$	512,621	\$	4,521,888
Accounts		174,518				
State and Federal aid		589,005		484,681		407
Due from other governments		96,981		404,001		- 13
Due from other funds		980,788		100		1.8
Prepaid expenditures		535,538		(2)		
Tippara syponanaros	7	200,000	-	****	-	
Total Assets	\$	14,640,762	\$	997,302	\$	4,521,888
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	215,741	\$		\$	
Accrued liabilities		333,780		13,487		
Retainages payable				2		38,181
Due to other funds		-		975,948		340
Bond anticipation note payable		A 2 2 5				4,000,000
Unearned revenues		23,213		7,867		-
Due to retirement systems	_	4,289,513	_		_	
Total Liabilities		4,862,247		997,302	_	4,038,521
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		535,538		1.6.		Same of R
Restricted		5,533,086		~		483,367
Assigned		1,546,272		(4)		
Unassigned	-	2,163,619	_		_	×
Total Fund Balances	_	9,778,515				483,367
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,640,762	\$	997,302	\$	4,521,888

-	Non-Major overnmental	A	
\$	1,418,231	\$	18,716,672
			174,518 1,073,686
			96,981
	2,158	_	980,788 537,696
\$	1,420,389	\$	21,580,341
\$	13,282	\$	229,023
	4,500		347,267 38,181 980,788
	-,000		4,000,000
	- 0	-	4,289,513
_	17,782	_	9,915,852
	2,158 987,467		537,696 7,003,920
	412,982		1,959,254
	-	_	2,163,619
	1,402,607	_	11,664,489
\$	1,420,389	\$	21,580,341



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	11,664,489
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		28,970,583
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds		286,817
Deferred amounts on net pension assets (liabilities)	_	(6,869,502)
	_	(6,582,685)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension assets		16,334,540
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(119,494)
Bonds payable - Capital construction		(9,375,728)
Energy performance contract payable		(2,909,039)
Claims payable		(455,704)
Compensated absences		(100,470)
Net pension obligation		(571,476)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	-	(7,377,937)
		(20,909,848)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	29,477,079

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General	\$	Special Aid		Capital Projects
REVENUES	_	Octicial	-	Mu	_	110,000
Real property taxes	\$	43,325,447	\$		\$	
Other tax items	. *	3,365,029			•	1
Non-property taxes		387,923		4		-
Charges for services		720,477				
Use of money and property		57,525				1.72
Sale of property and		20,200				
compensation for loss		14,898				
Interfund revenues		4,500				(4)
State aid		3,354,471		156,684		-
Federal aid				459,540		1 2
Food sales		-				-
Miscellaneous	-	573,595				
Total Revenues	1	51,803,865		616,224		14.
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General support		5,748,264				1.0
Instruction		29,575,307		668,023		4
Pupil transportation		816,843				1,4
Employee benefits		13,254,956		10-		
Cost of food sales				11.2		- 2
Other				. 45		1.9
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		- 2
Interest		-				
Capital outlay	-	-	_			1,561,834
Total Expenditures	-	49,395,370		668,023	_	1,561,834
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over Expenditures	-	2,408,495	-	(51,799)		(1,561,834)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in				51,799		1,539,600
Transfers out		(3,177,916)	_			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,177,916)		51,799	_	1,539,600
Net Change in Fund Balances		(769,421)		- 2		(22,234)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year		10,547,936	_			505,601
End of Year	\$	9,778,515	\$		\$	483,367

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 2,753	\$ 43,325,447 3,365,029 387,923 720,477 60,278
2,674 381,809 455,426	14,898 4,500 3,511,155 462,214 381,809 1,029,021
842,662	53,262,751
402,565 435,549	5,748,264 30,243,330 816,843 13,254,956 402,565 435,549
1,167,028 419,489	1,167,028 419,489 1,561,834
2,424,631	54,049,858
(1,581,969)	(787,107)
1,586,517	3,177,916 (3,177,916)
1,586,517	
4,548	(787,107)
1,398,059	12,451,596
\$ 1,402,607	\$ 11,664,489



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(787,107)
The change in Falla balances - Fotal Covernmental Fallas	4	(101,101)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		2000
Capital outlay expenditures		1,571,836
Depreciation expense	-	(788,311)
	_	783,525
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, government funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal paid on bonds		1,010,000
Principal paid on energy performance contract		157,028
Amortization of premium and loss on refunding bonds	_	101,908
		1,268,936
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Claims payable		(455,704)
Compensated absences		18,281
Pension assets (obligations)		4,927,708
Other post employment benefit obligations		(1,387,814)
Accrued interest		10,373
		3,112,844
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	4,378,198

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Special Aid Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Gener	al F	und		
DEVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	43,325,447	\$	43,325,447	\$	43,325,447	\$	1
Other tax items	Ψ	3,365,029	*	3,365,029		3,365,029	*	
Non-property taxes		340,000		340,000		387,923		47,923
Charges for services		485,000		485,000		720,477		235,477
Use of money and property		58,500		58,500		57,525		(975)
Sale of property and		00,000		55,555				(4)
compensation for loss				14,898		14,898		
nterfund revenues		4,500		4,500		4,500		
State aid		3,258,107		3,258,107		3,354,471		96,364
ederal aid		210001100				212231		77.72
Miscellaneous	_	442,000	_	574,672		573,595		(1,077)
Total Revenues		51,278,583		51,426,153		51,803,865		377,712
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General support		6,136,052		6,370,028		5.748,264		621,764
Instruction		30,159,203		30,289,480		29,575,307		714,173
Pupil transportation		859,482		834,483		816,843		17,640
Employee benefits	_	13,805,720		13,748,170		13,254,956		493,214
Total Expenditures		50,960,457		51,242,161		49,395,370		1,846,791
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over Expenditures	_	318,126	_	183,992	-	2,408,495	_	2,224,503
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in				- E L A . 113		10000		10 to 10 ft
Transfers out	_	(2,435,517)	_	(3,188,465)	=	(3,177,916)	_	10,549
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(2,435,517)	_	(3,188,465)	_	(3,177,916)	_	10,549
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,117,391)		(3,004,473)		(769,421)		2,235,052
UND BALANCES								
Beginning of Year	_	2,117,391	_	3,004,473	_	10,547,936	_	7,543,463
End of Year	\$	(4)	\$	- W	\$	9,778,515	\$	9,778,515

			Specia	Aid	Fund			
Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$		\$		\$	-	\$		
					(2)			
			•					
			1		-			
	2				1.50			
	173,484 519,484		156,685 543,229		156,684 459,540		(1) (83,689) -	
_	692,968	_	699,914	_	616,224	-	(83,690)	
	727,968		761,694 - -		668,023		93,671	
	727,968	_	761,694		668,023		93,671	
	(35,000)	_	(61,780)	_	(51,799)	_	9,981	
	35,000	_	61,780	_	51,799		(9,981)	
	35,000		61,780		51,799		(9,981)	
	.5.		7.		140			
	12		4					
\$	4	\$		\$	7.3	\$		

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2015

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 91,889
LIABILITIES	
Student activity funds	\$ 91,889

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Edgemont Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1912 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined in Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Southern Westchester BOCES, 17 Berkley Drive, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

major special revenue fund of the School District is the Special Aid Fund. The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The major revenues of this fund are Federal and State aid.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The following represents the School District's non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

b. <u>Fiduciary Fund</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdictions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to certain claims, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions, and accordingly, the School District's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

The School District utilizes a pooled investment concept for all governmental funds to facilitate its investment program. Investment income from this pooling is allocated to the respective funds based upon the sources of funds invested.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2015.

The School District was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are levied and payable in September and January. The Town included in the levy is responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The Town guarantees the full payment of the School District warrant and assumes responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2015, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of health insurance costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the School District. Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	10-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$23,213 for amounts received in advance in the General Fund and \$7,867 for Federal and State aid received in advance in the Special Aid Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District has reported deferred outflows of resources \$286,817 for a deferred loss on refunding bonds in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The School District also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the School District's pension plans in Note 3,D.

Long-term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as appropriate. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, tax certiorari, retirement contributions, school lunch, special purposes and debt service. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law or the Education Law of the State of New York.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Board of Education removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or by delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent for Business for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Aid and School Lunch funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is September 16, 2015.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Special Aid and Debt Service funds.
- g) Budgets for General, Special Aid and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the School Lunch or Special Purpose funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in General, Special Aid and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget.

C. Property Tax Limitation

The School District is not limited to the amount of real property taxes that may be levied. However, on June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments, including school districts.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a school district in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax Levy Limitation law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

Pursuant to the Tax Levy Limitation Law, the tax levy of a school district cannot increase by more than the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the consumer price index. Certain adjustments would be permitted as defined by Section 1220 of the Real Property Tax Law. A school district could exceed the tax levy limitation only if the budget is approved by at least 60% of the vote. There are certain exemptions to the tax levy limitation, such as expenditures made on account of certain tort settlements and certain increases in the actuarial contribution rates of the various public employee retirement systems.

D. Capital Projects Fund Project Deficits

The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. These deficits will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

E. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". These statements seek to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. These statements also require the identification of the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the district-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$3,965,854.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Fund	_	Due From	Due To			
General Special Aid Capital Projects Non-Major	\$	980,788 - -	\$ 975,948 340			
Governmental			4,500			
	\$	980,788	\$ 980,788			

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class		Balance July 1, 2014		Additions	Deletions			Balance June 30, 2015		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	447,447 1,505,607	\$	1,561,834	\$	1,505,607	\$	447,447 1,561,834		
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	1,953,054	\$	1,561,834	\$	1,505,607	\$	2,009,281		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	40,632,949 782,725	\$	1,505,607 10,002	\$	5,500	\$	42,138,556 787,227		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		41,415,674	_	1,515,609		5,500		42,925,783		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Class		Balance July 1, 2014		Additions	Deletions			Balance June 30, 2015
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	14,622,635 559,035	\$	744,780 43,531	\$	5,500	\$	15,367,415 597,066
Total Accumulated Depreciation		15,181,670	_	788,311		5,500	_	15,964,481
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net	\$	26,234,004	\$	727,298	\$		\$	26,961,302
Capital Assets, net	\$	28,187,058	\$	2,289,132	\$	1,505,607	\$	28,970,583

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support	\$	5,636
Instruction		777,697
Pupil Transportation		4,238
Cost of Sales	-	740
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	788,311

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	F			
	General	Special Aid	_	Total
Payroll and Employee Benefits	\$ 333,780	\$ 13,487	\$	347,267

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings:

	7,000	lance		New				Balance June 30,
		014	_	Issues	Reder	nptions	_	2015
District-Wide Improvements	\$		\$	4,000,000	\$	-	\$	4,000,000

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance, as Reported July 1, 2014		s Reported Change in July 1, Accounting		Balance, as Restated July 1, 2014		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance June 30, 2015		Due Within One-Year	
Bonds Payable: Capital Construction Judgments and Claims	\$	9,320,000 125,000	\$	÷.	\$	9,320,000 125,000	\$	4	\$	885,000 125,000	\$	8,435,000	\$	920,000
		9,445,000		- 2		9,445,000		-		1,010,000		8,435,000		920,000
Plus - Unamortized Premium on Bonds		1,087,335	_	-	_	1,087,335	_			146,607		940,728	_	-
		10,532,335	_			10,532,335	_			1,156,607		9,375,728		920,000
Energy Performance Contract Payable	_	3,066,067				3,066,067				157,028		2,909,039		169,703
Other Non-current Liabilities: Claims Payable Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment		118,751		764,427		118,751 764,427		455,704		18,281 192,951		455,704 100,470 571,476		227,852 10,000
Benefit Obligations	_	5,990,123	_	- 4	_	5,990,123	-	3,434,813	_	2,046,999	_	7,377,937	_	
Total Other Non-current Liabilities	_	6,108,874	_	764,427	_	6,873,301		3,890,517		2,258,231	_	8,505,587		237,852
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	19,707,276	\$	764,427	\$	20,471,703	\$	3,890,517	\$	3,571,866	5	20,790,354	\$	1,327,555

Each governmental fund's liability for certain claims, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations is liquidated by the respective fund. The School District's indebtedness for bonds and energy performance contract debt is satisfied by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded primarily by the General Fund.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 is comprised of the following individual issue -

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2015
Refunding Bonds	2012	\$ 9,400,000	August, 2022	3.0 - 4.00 %	\$ 8,435,000

Interest expenditures of \$334,425 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$222,144 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Energy Performance Contract Payable

The School District, in a prior fiscal year, entered into a \$3,408,453 contractual agreement to install energy savings equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The agreement provides for remaining annual payments ranging from \$241,513 to \$326,395 payable in monthly installments, including interest at 2.84%, through March 2027. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the payment terms. Interest expenditures/expenses of \$85,064 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the district-wide financial statements. The balance due at June 30, 2015 was \$2,909,039.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded and energy performance contract debt as of June 30, 2015 including interest payments of \$1,941,626 are as follows:

Year Ending		Boi	nds			Energy Pe Cor	erforn tract			То	tal	al			
June 30,	Ξ	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	YE	Principal		Interest			
2016	\$	920,000	\$	304,850	\$	169,703	\$	80,441	\$	1,089,703	\$	385,291			
2017		955,000		276,725		182,986		75,450		1,137,986		352,175			
2018		985,000		242,700		196,900		70,074		1,181,900		312,774			
2019		1,030,000		202,400		211,479		64,294		1,241,479		266,694			
2020		1,075,000		160,300		226,739		58,091		1,301,739		218,391			
2021-2025		3,470,000		210,800		1,380,622		181,196		4,850,622		391,996			
2026-2027	_		Ξ		_	540,610		14,305	_	540,610		14,305			
	\$	8,435,000	\$	1,397,775	\$	2,909,039	\$	543,851	\$	11,344,039	\$	1,941,626			

The above general obligation bonds and energy performance contract debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Claims Payable

Claims payable represents a liability of \$455,704 for court ordered tax certiorari refunds, which were not due and payable at year-end. These amounts have been recorded as an expense in the district-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, certain employees may accumulate sick leave. Clerical and custodial employees, upon separation of service or retirement, will be compensated for accumulated sick leave, based upon the terms of their respective agreement. Vacation time must be taken in the year subsequent to the year earned. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Plans

Employees' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The ERS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2015 are as follows:

1 75I 2 75I 3 A14 4 A15	Rate						
1 751	27.7 %						
2 751	25.4						
3 A14	20.4						
4 A15	20.4						
5 A15	16.7						
6 A15	11.0						

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$571,476 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was .0169164%. For this first year of implementation, the ERS reported no change in the allocation percentage measured as of March 31, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of \$560,290. Pension expenditures of \$1,020,286 were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General Fund. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS from the following sources:

Outflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$ 18,294	\$		
-		34	
99,258		+	
172.403			
242,388		-6	
\$ 532,343	\$	-	
	99,258 172,403 242,388	Outflows Info of Resources of Res \$ 18,294 \$ 99,258 172,403 242,388	

\$242,388 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	
2016	\$ 72,489
2017	72,489
2018	72,489
2019	72,488
Thereafter	

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2015 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2014, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2015. The total pension liability for the March 31, 2014 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2014. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.7%
Salary scale	4.9%, indexed by service
Investment rate of return	7.5% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost of living adjustments	1.4% annually

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010 ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for equities and fixed income as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38 %	7.30 %
International Equity	13	8.55
Private Equity	10	11.00
Real Estate	8	8.25
Absolute Return Strategies	3	6.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	8.60
Real Asset	3	8.65
Bonds and Mortgages	18	4.00
Cash	2	2.25
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2	4.00
	100 %	

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the ERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current ssumption (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,809,136	\$ 571,476	\$ (2,161,911)

The components of the collective net pension liability of ERS as of the March 31, 2015 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability ERS fiduciary net position	\$ 164,591,504,000 161,213,259,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 3,378,245,000
ERS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	97.9%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS as of June 30, 2015 were \$242,388.

Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

The TRS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels for their entire length of service. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rate for the plan's year ending in 2015 was 17.53%.

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported an asset of \$16,334,540 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

participating members. At June 30, 2014, the School District's proportion was .146638%, which was an increase of .003058% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of (\$637,555). Pension expenditures of \$3,830,157 were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General Fund. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS from the following sources:

	0	eferred utflows lesources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	238,863
Changes of assumptions		1.40		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				10,970,419
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate				.5.14
share of contributions				18,031
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,825,468	_	
	\$:	3,825,468	\$	11,227,313

\$3,825,468 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2015	\$ (2,7	72,476)
2016		72,476)
2017	(2,7	72,476)
2018	(2,7	72,476)
2019		(29,871)
Thereafter	(1	07.538)

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2012, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2013. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Inflation Projected salary increases 3.0% Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. They have been calculated based

upon recent TRS member experience.

Age	Female	Male
25	10.35 %	10.91 %
35	6.26	6.27
45	5.39	5.04
55	4.42	4.01

Projected COLAs Investment rate of return 1.625% compounded annually

8.0% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 and 2012 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of the valuation dates of June 30, 2013 and 2012 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Target All	ocation	Long-Term Real Rate of	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Asset Class:				
Equities:				
Domestic equities	37 %	37 %	7.3 %	7.0 %
International equities	18	18	8.5	9.1
Real estate	10	10	5.0	4.9
Alternative investments	7	7	11.0	10.2
Total Equities	72	72		
Fixed Income:				
Domestic fixed income securities	18	18	1.5	2.0
Global fixed income securities	2	2	1.4	1.7
Mortgages	8	8	3.4	4.0
Short-term		5	0.8	1.2
Total Fixed Income	28_	28		
Total	%	100_%		

^{*} Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% for 2013 and 2012.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.0%) or one percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
School District's proportionate	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
share of the net pension asset	\$ (352,359)	\$ (16,334,540)	\$ (29,953,579)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The components of the collective net pension asset of TRS as of the June 30, 2014 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability \$ 97,015,706,548 TRS fiduciary net position \$ 108,155,083,127

Employers' net pension asset \$ 11,139,376,579

TRS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions to TRS as of June 30, 2015 were \$4,047,125.

111.48%

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure in the fund financial statements as claims are paid.

The School District's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The School District is required to accrue on the district-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in post-retirement benefits are as follows:

Year Ended	Med	Medical				
June 30,	Pre-65	Post-65				
2016	8.00 %	8.00 %				
2017	7.50	7.50				
2018	7.00	7.00				
2019	6.50	6.50				
2020	6.00	6.00				
2021	5.50	5.50				
2022+	5.00	5.00				

The amortization basis is the level dollar method with a closed amortization approach with 23 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% investment rate of return. The School District currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

The number of participants as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Active Employees	237
Retired Employees	170
	407

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2014 Assets at Market Value	\$	52,535,439
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	52,535,439
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	\$	27,920,688
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	_	188.16%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		2,921,382 299,506 213,925
Annual OPEB Cost		3,434,813
Contributions Made		(2,046,999)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		1,387,814
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		5,990,123
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	7,377,937

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
2015	\$	3,434,813	59.60 %	\$	7,377,937	
2014 2013		3,231,174 3,097,517	57.90 58.24		5,990,123 4,629,677	

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Transfers In		
Transfers Out	Special Aid	Capital Projects	Non-Major overnmental	Total
General	\$ 51,799	\$ 1,539,600	\$ 1,586,517	\$ 3,177,916

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the operating funds to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures.

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Retirement Contribution - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for School Lunch - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities in the School Lunch Fund.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balances

	2015							2014								
	Ξ	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Non-Major overnmental		Total	Ξ	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Non-Major overnmental		Total
Nonspendable -																
Prepaid expenditures	\$	535,538	\$		S	2.158	\$	537,696	\$	502,200	\$		\$	2,181	\$	504,381
Restricted:																
Tax certiorari		4,766,107				1.0		4,766,107		4,786,626						4,786,626
Retirement contributions		766,979		- 4				766,979		1,061,979		-				1.061,979
Debt service		11.11.2		-		741,107		741,107		1000				1,039,565		1,039,565
Capital projects				483,367		2 0 11 1 2 2		483,367		-		505,601		104-14-1		505,601
Special purposes	_			174162		246,360	_	246,360	_	-		Vertice.	_	225,503		225.503
Total Restricted		5,533,086		483,367	_	987,467		7,003,920		5,848,605	_	505,601		1,265,068		7,619,274
Assigned:																
Purchases on order:																
General government support		129,535		100		-		129,535		228,560		14				228,560
Instruction	_	16,737	_	- 3	_		_	16,737	_	18,312	_		-		_	18,312
Subsequent year's		146,272						146,272		246,872						246,872
expenditures from: General Fund		1,400,000		1.5		3		1,400,000		1,870,519		- 1		- 2		1,870,519
Debt Service Fund		1,400,000				300,000		300,000		1,0,0,515						1,010,010
School Lunch Fund	100	-			_	112,982		112,982	2		_			130,810		130,810
Total Assigned	12	1,546,272	_	- 4		412,982		1,959,254	_	2.117,391		144		130,810		2,248,201
Unassigned		2,163,619						2,163,619		2.079,740		-		=5		2,079,740
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,778,515	\$	483,367	\$	1,402,607	S	11,664,489	s	10,547,936	s	505,601	S	1,398,059	S	12,451,596

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2015, the Board of Education has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The School District purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains general liability insurance and liability coverage for school board members with policy limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$3 million in the aggregate. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage of \$15 million. The School District purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded)
June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan. This Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purposes of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by a vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participants' employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan. Payments made during 2014-15 to the health plan by the School District aggregated \$5,659,449.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

	Actu	arial		Unfunded				Unfunde Liability a	s a
Valuation Date	1000	ue of sets	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Func		Covered Payroll	Percenta of Cover Payrol	ed
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$ 52,535,439	\$ 52,535,439	2	%	\$ 27,920,688	188.16	%
July 1, 2013			50,585,548	50,585,548	-		24,994,495	202.39	
July 1, 2012 (1)		-	48,623,839	48,623,839	ć		23,593,484	206.09	

⁽¹⁾ The actuarial valuation of the plan as of July 1, 2012 incorporated a change in the discount rate assumption from the prior valuations from 6% to 5%. The impact of this change increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by approximately \$7 million compared to the prior valuation.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.146638%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (16,334,540)
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,849,154
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(74.76)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.48%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,825,46
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,825,46
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,849,15
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.51

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0169164%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	571,476
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,778,836
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		9.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1=	97.90%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,043,197
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,043,197)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,778,836
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.05%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2	2015		2014
ASSETS		112-12-12		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 12	263,932	\$	12,215,640
Receivables				
Accounts		174,518		95,278
State and Federal aid		589,005		563,149
Due from other governments		96,981		96,557
Due from other funds	,	980,788	_	1,399,665
	1	841,292		2,154,649
Prepaid expenditures	-	535,538		502,200
Total Assets	\$ 14	640,762	\$	14,872,489
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	215,741	\$	54,674
Accrued liabilities		333,780		237,269
Due to other governments		Logic of the		10,405
Unearned revenues		23,213		1,788
Due to retirement systems	4,	289,513	_	4,020,417
Total Liabilities	4	862,247	_	4,324,553
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		535,538		502,200
Restricted	5,	533,086		5,848,605
Assigned		546,272		2,117,391
Unassigned	2,	163,619	_	2,079,740
Total Fund Balance	9,	778,515		10,547,936
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 14,	640,762	\$	14,872,489

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

			2015		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenues	\$ 43,325,447 3,365,029 340,000 485,000 58,500	\$ 43,325,447 3,365,029 340,000 485,000 58,500 14,898 4,500	\$ 43,325,447 3,365,029 387,923 720,477 57,525 14,898 4,500	\$	\$ 47,923 235,477 (975)
State aid Miscellaneous	3,258,107 442,000	3,258,107 574,672	3,354,471 573,595		96,364 (1,077)
Total Revenues	51,278,583	51,426,153	51,803,865		377,712
EXPENDITURES Current General support Board of education Central administration	39,555 375,791	41,032 375,212	32,263 354,708	210	8,559 20,504
Finance Staff	820,643 268,900	838,332 269,500	801,712 225,562	16,327	20,293 43,938
Central services Special items	3,914,303 716,860	3,602,010 1,243,942	3,420,998 913,021	112,998	68,014 330,921
Total General Support	6,136,052	6,370,028	5,748,264	129,535	492,229
Instruction Instruction, administration and improvement Teaching - Regular school Programs for children with handicapping conditions Instructional media Pupil services	1,650,183 17,586,613 6,256,059 1,614,924 3,051,424	1,727,552 17,464,418 6,375,033 1,621,784 3,100,693	1,688,802 17,086,239 6,265,719 1,570,388 2,964,159	12,827 1,089 2,821	38,750 365,352 108,225 48,575 136,534
Total Instruction	30,159,203	30,289,480	29,575,307	16,737	697,436
Pupil transportation Employee benefits	859,482 13,805,720	834,483 13,748,170	816,843 13,254,956		17,640 493,214
Total Expenditures	50,960,457	51,242,161	49,395,370	146,272	1,700,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	318,126	183,992	2,408,495	(146,272)	2,078,231
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US Transfers in Transfers out	(2,435,517)	(3,188,465)	(3,177,916)		10,549
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,435,517)	(3,188,465)	(3,177,916)		10,549
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,117,391)	(3,004,473)	(769,421)	\$ (146,272)	\$ 2,088,780
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	2,117,391	3,004,473	10,547,936		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,778,515		

			2014		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	42,054,528 3,531,068 340,000 435,000 59,000	\$ 42,054,528 3,531,068 340,000 435,000 59,000	\$ 42,054,528 3,531,068 386,228 619,367 66,296	\$	\$ 46,228 184,367 7,296
	4,500 3,031,177 132,500	71,820 4,500 3,031,177 239,253	71,820 4,500 3,187,192 269,010		156,015 29,757
_	49,587,773	49,766,346	50,190,009		423,663
	49,228 427,764 801,236 279,941 4,154,251 700,411	49,470 402,469 833,751 280,516 4,226,472 932,244	34,426 354,393 770,079 193,209 3,746,661 617,064	30 468 19,000 - 209,062	15,014 47,608 44,672 87,307 270,749 315,180
	6,412,831	6,724,922	5,715,832	228,560	780,530
	1,599,781 17,478,339	1,646,863 17,319,785	1,607,448 16,896,179	500 10,105	38,915 413,501
	5,832,515 1,625,608 2,877,012	5,877,312 1,625,418 3,016,468	5,804,651 1,564,742 2,912,510	5,337 2,370	72,661 55,339 101,588
	29,413,255	29,485,846	28,785,530	18,312	682,004
	755,428 13,039,421	911,380 12,893,194	897,252 12,420,903		14,128 472,291
	49,620,935	50,015,342	47,819,517	246,872	1,948,953
	(33,162)	(248,996)	2,370,492	(246,872)	2,372,616
	320,478 (2,549,970)	320,478 (2,565,970)	320,478 (2,563,151)		2,819
	(2,229,492)	(2,245,492)	(2,242,673)		2,819
	(2,262,654)	(2,494,488)	127,819	\$ (246,872)	\$ 2,375,435
	2,262,654	2,494,488	10,420,117		
\$		\$ -	\$ 10,547,936		

General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2015

Edgemont Union Free School District, New York

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 43,325,447	\$ 43,325,447	\$ 43,325,447	\$ -
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement	3,365,029	3,365,029	3,365,029	+
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County	340,000	340,000	387,923	47,923
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Day school tuition from individuals Other services for other districts and other governments	400,000 85,000	400,000 85,000	522,868 197,609	122,868 112,609
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments Rental of real property - Individuals	20,000 38,500	20,000 38,500	720,477 25,090 32,435	235,477 5,090 (6,065)
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Insurance recoveries	58,500	58,500 14,898	57,525 14,898	(975)
INTERFUND REVENUES	4,500	4,500	4,500	-
STATE AID Basic formula Lottery aid BOCES Textbooks Computer software Library	2,007,177 618,379 466,573 112,423 41,624 11,931 3,258,107	2,007,177 618,379 466,573 112,423 41,624 11,931 3,258,107	1,988,074 726,740 474,047 112,423 41,256 11,931	(19,103) 108,361 7,474 (368)

MISCEL	 	
MISCEL	 NEU	ua

Refund for BOCES aided services	5
Refund of prior year's expenditure	s
Gifts and donations	
Other	

TOTAL REVENUES

\$	51,278,583	S	51,426,153	S	51,803,865	\$	377,712
_	442,000	_	574,672	_	573,595	_	(1,077)
	305,000 75,000		378,045 134,627		406,245 90,503	_	28,200 (44,124)
	25,000 37,000		25,000 37,000		34,502 42,345		9,502 5,345

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2015

Teal Effect dutie 50, 2010		Original Budget	a r	Final Budget		Actual		ncumbr- ances	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
GENERAL SUPPORT										
BOARD OF EDUCATION										
Board of education	\$	28,225	\$	29,702	\$	28,750	\$	-	\$	952
District meeting		11,330	_	11,330	_	3,513	_	210		7,607
Total Board of Education		39,555	_	41,032	_	32,263	_	210	_	8,559
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION										
Chief school administrator	-	375,791		375,212	_	354,708	_	-	_	20,504
FINANCE										
Business administration		714,143		745,932		735,785		2,127		8,020
Auditing		85,500		85,500		59,200		14,200		12,100
Treasurer	_	21,000	_	6,900	_	6,727	_		_	173
Total Finance		820,643		838,332	_	801,712		16,327	_	20,293
STAFF										
Legal		220,200		220,200		194,583		1.0		25,617
Personnel		1.00		600		575				25
Public information and services	_	48,700	_	48,700	_	30,404	_		_	18,296
Total Staff		268,900		269,500		225,562		- 3		43,938
CENTRAL SERVICES										
Operation and maintenance of plant		3,894,063		3,581,770		3,403,914		112,998		64,858
Central printing and mailing		20,240		20,240		17,084			_	3,156
Total Central Services		3,914,303		3,602,010		3,420,998		112,998		68,014

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SPECIAL ITEMS					
Unallocated insurance	155,000	155,000	140,437	2.	14,563
Assessments on school property	61,000	61,000	48,243	2	12,757
Refunds of real property taxes	300,000	827,082	527,082	2	300,000
Administrative charge - BOCES	200,860	200,860	197,259		3,601
Total Special Items	716,860	1,243,942	913,021	-	330,921
Total General Support	6,136,052	6,370,028	5,748,264	129,535	492,229
INSTRUCTION					
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT					
Curriculum development and supervision	242,345	243,728	237,771	-	5,957
Supervision - Regular school	1,379,838	1,455,824	1,423,031	-	32,793
In-service training and instruction	28,000	28,000	28,000		111111111
Total Instruction, Administration	0.000				
and Improvement	1,650,183	1,727,552	1,688,802		38,750
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	17,586,613	17,464,418	17,086,239	12,827	365,352
PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN WITH HANDICAPPING CONDITIONS					
Programs for students with disabilities	6,256,059	6,375,033	6,265,719	1,089	108,225
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA					
School library and audiovisual	803,165	803,078	774,118	2,821	26,139
Computer assisted instruction	811,759	818,706	796,270	<u> </u>	22,436
Total Instructional Media	1,614,924	1,621,784	1,570,388	2,821	48,575
Total Instructional Media	1,614,924	1,621,784	1,570,388	2,821	-

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

INSTRUCTION (Continued)	-	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	- 07/12	umbr- ices	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
PUPIL SERVICES										
Attendance - Regular school	\$	56,802	\$	57,036	\$	57,036	\$	11.	\$	
Guidance - Regular school		760,710		760,709		706,948		-		53,761
Health services - Regular school		380,127		383,427		365,807		-		17,620
Psychological services - Regular school		730,967		730,974		707,571		1,2		23,403
Co-curricular activities - Regular school		358,306		397,366		383,743		15		13,623
Interscholastic athletics - Regular school	-	764,512	_	771,181	_	743,054				28,127
Total Pupil Services	_	3,051,424		3,100,693		2,964,159		_		136,534
Total Instruction		30,159,203	_	30,289,480		29,575,307		16,737		697,436
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION										
District transportation services		56,417		56,418		50,795		-		5,623
Contract transportation		596,304		773,804		766,048		0.0		7,756
Transportation from BOCES	-	206,761	_	4,261		- 41.63	تت	75	_	4,261
Total Pupil Transportation		859,482		834,483	_	816,843		1.60		17,640
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS										
State retirement		948,703		1,048,703		1,020,286		-		28,417
Teachers' retirement		4,066,819		3,966,819		3,830,157		-		136,662
Social security		2,117,519		2,069,333		1,984,366		-		84,967
Life insurance		8,104		8,999		8,444		-		555
Hospital, medical and dental insurance		5,631,927		5,574,627		5,422,153		-		152,474
Workers' compensation benefits		388,012		421,448		379,295		-		42,153
Unemployment benefits		60,000		60,000		23,013		-		36,987
Disability insurance		4,200		4,200		3,269				931
Union welfare benefits	-	580,436	_	594,041	=	583,973			V	10,068
Total Employee Benefits		13,805,720	_	13,748,170		13,254,956		A		493,214
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		50,960,457		51,242,161		49,395,370		146,272		1,700,519

OTI	ED		LIAI	ICIA	0	HOEC
UIF		ГΠ	NAI	VOID	U	uses

Transfers out									
Special Aid Fund		35,000		61,780		51,799			9,981
Capital Projects Fund		814,000		1,540,168		1,539,600		C+-	568
Debt Service Fund	_	1,586,517	_	1,586,517	_	1,586,517	_	- 12	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	2,435,517	_	3,188,465		3,177,916		- 4	10,549
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND									
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	53,395,974	\$	54,430,626	\$	52,573,286	\$	146,272	\$ 1,711,068



Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	512,621	\$	835,321
State and Federal aid receivable	_	484,681		592,327
Total Assets	\$	997,302	\$	1,427,648
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$		\$	834
Accrued liabilities		13,487		24,586
Due to other funds		975,948		1,394,643
Unearned revenues	102	7,867	-	7,585
Total Liabilities	\$	997,302	\$	1,427,648

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

				20	15			
REVENUES	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
State aid	\$	173,484	\$	156,685	\$	156,684	\$	(1)
Federal aid		519,484	Ψ	543,229	Ψ	459,540	Ψ.	(83,689)
Total Revenues		692,968		699,914		616,224		(83,690)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	_	727,968	_	761,694	_	668,023	_	93,671
Deficiency of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(35,000)		(61,780)		(51,799)		9,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	-	35,000	_	61,780	-	51,799	_	(9,981)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-						-
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year				<u> </u>				
End of Year	\$	1-0	\$	-	\$		\$	

_			2	014					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	158,864 604,052	\$	145,683 617,286	\$	145,683 559,794	\$	(57,492)		
	762,916		762,969		705,477		(57,492)		
_	797,916	_	813,969		753,658	_	60,311		
	(35,000)		(51,000)		(48,181)		2,819		
	35,000		51,000	_	48,181	_	(2,819)		
			3				2		
	- 1	_	- 3	_		_	٠		
\$	1.4	\$	- 2	\$		\$	Çş.		

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

0.000,000	4	2015	_	2014
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 4	,521,888	\$	506,123
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Retainages payable	\$	38,181	\$	- 4
Due to other funds		340		522
Bond anticipation note payable	4	,000,000	_	
Total Liabilities	4	,038,521		522
Fund balance				
Restricted		483,367	_	505,601
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 4	,521,888	\$	506,123

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	2015		2014		
REVENUES	\$	Φ.	\$		
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	1,561,834			921,412	
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,561,834)			(921,412)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	1,3	539,600	_	800,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(22,234)		(121,412)	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year		505,601		627,013	
End of Year	\$	483,367	\$	505,601	

Capital Projects Fund Project Length Schedule Inception of Project Through June 30, 2015

			Expenditures and Transfers to Date					
Project	Au	uthorization	_	Prior Years	_	Current Year		Total
High School Fire Alarm	\$	725,600	\$	-	\$	324,072	\$	324,072
San Marco Gym		814,000				693,435		693,435
District-Wide Improvements		12,800,000		-		544,327		544,327
Various District-Wide Improvements		505,601	_		-	-	_	4
	\$	14,845,201	\$	- 14	\$	1,561,834	\$	1,561,834

	11-20-20-40-4		Method of Financing	(Fund Balance Deficit) at		Bond Anticipation Note
	nexpended Balance	T	ransfers In		June 30, 2015		utstanding at ine 30, 2015
\$	401,528	\$	725,600	\$	401,528	\$	
	120,565		814,000		120,565		+
	12,255,673				(544,327)		4,000,000
	505,601	-	505,601	_	505,601	_	
\$.	13,283,367	\$	2,045,201	\$	483,367	\$	4,000,000

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

		School Lunch		Special Purpose		Debt Service
ASSETS	-	5227.5				
Cash and equivalents	\$	130,668	\$	246,456	\$	1,041,107
State and Federal aid receivable				-		
Prepaid expenditures	_	2,158	_	-	_	-
Total Assets	\$	132,826	\$	246,456	\$	1,041,107
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	13,186	\$	96	\$	
Due to other funds	7.4	4,500			_	9
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	17,686		96	_	-
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		2,158				1000
Restricted				246,360		741,107
Assigned	_	112,982	_		_	300,000
Total Fund Balances	-	115,140	_	246,360	_	1,041,107
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	132,826	\$	246,456	\$	1,041,107

	2015	2014			
\$	1,418,231	\$	1,425,759		
	N 196 73		241		
_	2,158	-	2,181		
\$	1,420,389	\$	1,428,181		
\$	13,282 4,500	\$	25,622 4,500		
	17,782	_	30,122		
	2,158		2,181		
	987,467		1,265,068		
-	412,982	-	130,810		
	1,402,607		1,398,059		
\$	1,420,389	\$	1,428,181		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2015
(With Comparative Totals for 2014)

	School Lunch		Special Purpose		Debt Service		
REVENUES	•	224		000	•	4 540	
Use of money and property	\$	231	\$	980	\$	1,542	
Federal aid		2,674					
Food sales		381,809		4EE 406			
Miscellaneous	-	_	-	455,426	-		
Total Revenues	10	384,714	_	456,406	_	1,542	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Cost of food sales	94	402,565				1.5	
Other		-		435,549		9	
Debt service							
Principal						1,167,028	
Interest	-	2	_		_	419,489	
Total Expenditures	S 104	402,565	_	435,549		1,586,517	
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over Expenditures	1	(17,851)	_	20,857	_	(1,584,975)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		.00		41.00		1,586,517	
Transfers out	_		-	- 4	_		
Total Other Financing Sources		- 8	2_	- 9.		1,586,517	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(17,851)		20,857		1,542	
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of Year		132,991		225,503	_	1,039,565	
End of Year	\$	115,140	\$	246,360	\$	1,041,107	

	Total No Governme		
_	2015	_	2014
\$	2,753 2,674 381,809 455,426	\$	2,391 4,606 413,628 629,386
	842,662	_	1,050,011
	402,565 435,549		432,878 585,263
	1,167,028 419,489		1,254,943 460,026
_	2,424,631	_	2,733,110
_	(1,581,969)	_	(1,683,099)
	1,586,517		1,714,970 (320,478)
	1,586,517	_	1,394,492
	4,548		(288,607)
	1,398,059	_	1,686,666
\$	1,402,607	\$	1,398,059

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2015	4	2014
ASSETS		Da conces		TOO WALE
Cash and equivalents	\$	130,668	\$	160,252
State and Federal aid receivable		-		241
Prepaid expenditures	_	2,158	_	2,181
Total Assets	\$	132,826	\$	162,674
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	13,186	\$	25,183
Due to other funds		4,500	_	4,500
Total Liabilities		17,686	_	29,683
Fund balance				
Nonspendable		2,158		2,181
Assigned	_	112,982		130,810
Total Fund Balance		115,140	_	132,991
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	132,826	\$	162,674

School Lunch Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

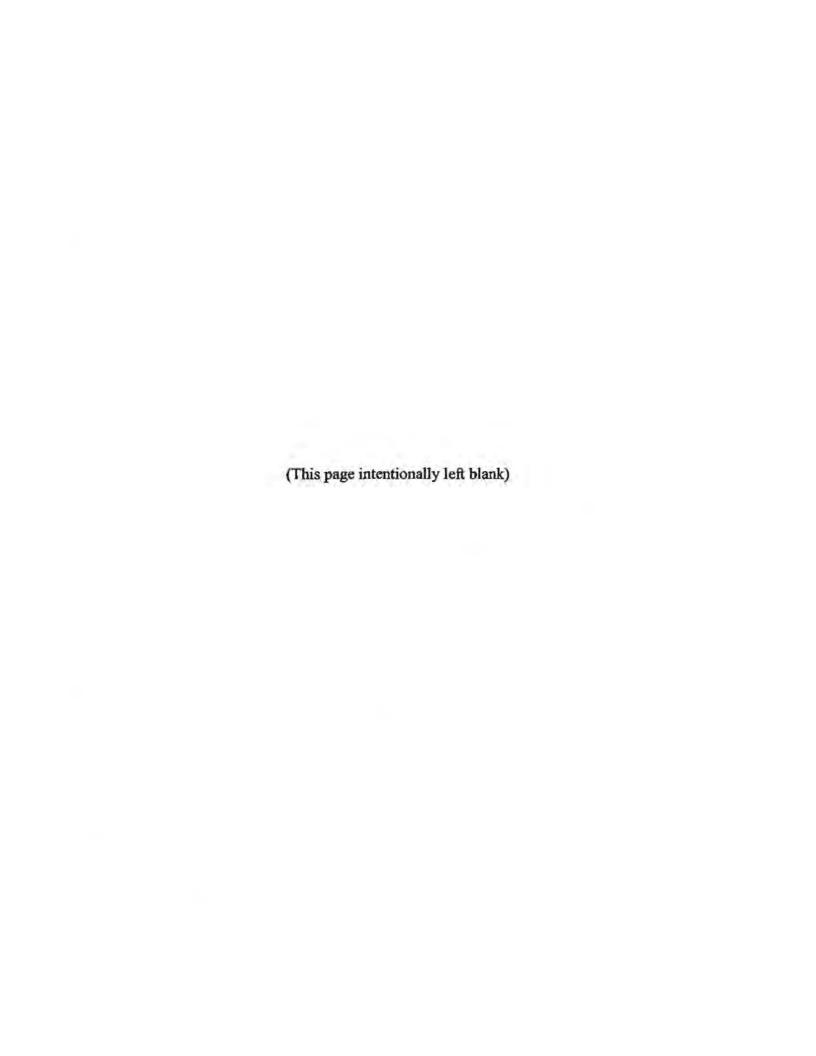
- Committee -	2015	2014		
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ 231	\$ 370		
Federal aid	2,674	4,606		
Food sales	381,809	413,628		
Total Revenues	384,714	418,604		
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Cost of food sales	402,565	432,878		
Deficiency of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(17,851)	(14,274)		
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	132,991	147,265		
End of Year	\$ 115,140	\$ 132,991		

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS	-	2015		2014	
Cash and equivalents	\$	246,456	\$	225,942	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	96	\$	439	
Fund balance Restricted	· ·	246,360		225,503	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	246,456	\$	225,942	

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

DEVENUES		2015		2014	
REVENUES		000	•	250	
Use of money and property	\$	980	\$	356	
Miscellaneous	\ -	455,426	_	629,386	
Total Revenues		456,406		629,742	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Other	/ <u>-</u>	435,549	_	585,263	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		20,857		44,479	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year		225,503		181,024	
End of Year	\$	246,360	\$	225,503	



Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS	11	2015	_	2014
		4 0 44 407	•	4 000 505
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,041,107	\$	1,039,565
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted	\$	741,107	\$	1,039,565
Assigned	_	300,000		
Total Fund Balance	\$	1,041,107	\$	1,039,565

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended June 30,

	2015							
		iginal udget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$		\$		\$	1,542	\$	1,542
EXPENDITURES Debt service								
Principal Serial bonds	4	010,000		1,010,000		1,010,000		
Energy performance contract	- "	157,028		157,028		157,028		- 0
	1.	167,028	7	1,167,028	7	1,167,028		
Interest		9.5.5			-		1	
Serial bonds		334,425		334,425		334,425		
Energy performance contract	_	85,064	_	85,064	_	85,064		
		419,489	ш	419,489		419,489	Ε	
Total Expenditures	1,	586,517	×.	1,586,517	1	1,586,517		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,	586,517)		(1,586,517)	-	(1,584,975)	_	1,542
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	- 1.	586,517		1,586,517		1,586,517		1.00
Transfers out		-	_	244	_		_	- 2
Total Other Financing Sources	1,	586,517		1,586,517		1,586,517	Ξ	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-				1,542		1,542
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		•	_			1,039,565	_	1,039,565
End of Year	\$	(4)	\$	-	\$	1,041,107	\$	1,041,107

	2	014			
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,665	\$ 1,665		
1,110,000 144,944	1,110,000 144,944	1,110,000 144,943	1		
1,254,944	1,254,944	1,254,943	3		
370,690 89,336	370,690 89,336	370,690 89,336			
460,026	460,026	460,026	<u> </u>		
1,714,970	1,714,970	1,714,969	1		
(1,714,970)	(1,714,970)	(1,713,304)	1,666		
1,714,970 (320,478)	1,714,970 (320,478)	1,714,970 (320,478)			
1,394,492	1,394,492	1,394,492			
(320,478)	(320,478)	(318,812)	1,666		
320,478	320,478	1,358,377	1,037,899		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,039,565	\$ 1,039,565		

General Fund

Adopted Budget		\$	53,149,102
Encumbrances			246,872
Original Budget			53,395,974
Additions - Budget revisions		_	1,034,652
Final Budget		\$	54,430,626
General Fund			
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation			
2015-16 Expenditure Budget		\$	54,104,349
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted fund balance			
Assigned fund balance	1,546,272		
Unassigned fund balance	2,163,619		
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	3,709,891		
Less			
Appropriated for subsequent year's budget	1,400,000		
Encumbrances	146,272		
Encumbrances			
Total Adjustments	1,546,272		
Total Adjustments General Fund Fund Balance Subject to	1,546,272	•	2 162 640
	1,546,272	\$	2,163,619

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2015

3.254 HI1352 TRATE TELEVISION STATES		
Capital Assets, net		\$ 28,970,583
Plus		
Unamortized portion of loss on refunding bonds	286,817	
Unexpended debt proceeds	3,455,673	3,742,490
Less		
Bonds payable - Capital construction	(8,435,000)	
Energy performance contract payable	(2,909,039)	
Bond anticipation note payable	(4,000,000)	
Unamortized portion of issuance premium on refunding bonds	(940,728)	(16,284,767)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 16,428,306