# Englewood Public School District Environmental Science Third Marking Period

## **Unit 4: Earth's Resources**

**Overview:** In this unit students *construct an explanation based on evidence* for how the availability of natural resources are connected to human activity. Additionally, while students are exploring this idea they apply scientific and engineering ideas to *design, evaluate, and refine* a device that can be used to minimize the impacts of natural hazards. They create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity, and create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity. They use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity, and evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems. The crosscutting concepts of *cause and effect, stability and change, systems and system models* are called out as an organizing concept for these disciplinary core ideas.

Time Frame: 40 to 45 Days

## **Enduring Understandings:**

We need to use Earth's finite resources in a sustainable way.

## **Essential Questions:**

How can we use Earth's resources sustainably? How can we balance our growing demand for food with our need to protect the environment? At what point do the costs of mining outweigh the benefits? Why are we running out of water? How can we ensure everyone has clean air to breathe?

Standards	<b>Topics and Objectives</b>	Activities	Resources	Assessments
HS-ESS2-5 Plan and	Topics	Students will complete the text	<u>Text:</u>	Student needs will be
conduct an investigation of		and digital activities:	Environmental Science: Your	evaluated after completing
the properties of water and	Forestry and Resource	1. Central Case Studies	World, Your Turn	Quick Labs, Go Outside
its effects on Earth materials	Management	2. 3-D Geo Tours		Investigations, Map It and
and surface processes.		3. Quick Labs	<u>Materials:</u>	Real Data Activities.
	Soil and Agriculture	4. Go Outside Investigations	For Quick Labs and Go Outside	
HS-ESS3-1 Construct an		5. Map It and Real Data	Investigations	Students will receive a grade
explanation based on	Mineral Resources and	Activities	• See Teacher Edition p. 28	for the following lab activity
evidence for how the	Mining	6. Unit Projects		conclusions: Making
availability of natural		7. Lab: Making Recycled	For Making Recycled Paper	Recycled Paper, How Much

resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.

HS-ESS3-3 Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity.

HS-LS4-6 Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.

HS-ESS3-4 Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.

HS-ESS3-6 Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.

HS-ETS1-3 Evaluate a solution to a complex realworld problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety,

Water Resources

The Atmosphere

Twenty-First Century Themes and Skills include:

- The Four C's
- Life and Career Skills
- Information and
  - Media literacy
- Global Awareness
- Environmental Literacy

### Objectives

Explain the importance of managing specific renewable resources and describe three resource management approaches.

Describe how erosion, desertification, and soil pollution affect the productivity of soil.

Explain the importance of industrial agriculture and the green revolution.

Explain why the world needs to grow more food and to grow it sustainably.

Describe the negative impacts of mining on the environment and society and ways that mineral use can become more responsible.

Discuss how fresh water can

## Paper

- 8. Lab: How Much Lumber?
   9. Lab: Testing Soil Properties
- 10. Lab: Local Planting Conditions
- 11. Lab: Mineral Identification
- 12. Lab: The Water You Drink
- 13. Lab: Testing Water Quality
- 14. Lab: Acid Rain and Seeds
- 15. Lab: What is in the Air?
- 16. Lab: Using Your UV Index

Students will watch Bellringer Videos to introduce topics and <u>Crash Course Ecology</u> videos to reinforce concepts.

Students will simulate maintaining good soil quality in the <u>Land Management Model</u>.

Students will create and run an investigation using <u>USGS Real-</u> <u>time Water Data</u> to determine the relationship between streamflow and precipitation data, or another parameter.

Students explore the Greenhouse Effect simulation to model the atmosphere during the Ice Age and today.

Students will explore what impacts air quality in the interactive <u>Air Pollution Model</u> (aerial) and <u>Air Pollution</u> Model (Cross-Section).

Students will explore <u>Conservation Maps</u> for a global perspective of land use and

- Small pieces of several types of paper (copier paper, paper towel, brown paper bag, newspaper, tissue), each about 5 cm × 5 cm
- Water
- Dissecting microscope or hand lens or magnifying glass
- Large plastic container
- Wire hanger
- Metric ruler
- One leg from a pair of nylons
- Sink
- Newspaper
- Twine or string long enough to reach across the room
- Extra newspaper for drying area
- Measuring cup
- Computer with Internet access, or other reference sources about paper recycling
- Blender

For Lab: How Much Lumber?

- 12 inch rulers (2)
- 100ft measuring tape
- Masking tape
- Calculator

For Lab: Testing Soil Properties

- Soil samples: clay, loam, sand, and silt (200 mL plus one spoonful each)
- Microscope

Lumber?, Testing Soil Properties, Local Planting Conditions, Mineral Identification, The Water You Drink, Testing Water Quality, Acid Rain and Seeds, What is In the Air?, Using Your UV Index.

Student portfolios will be used to monitor progress.

A Common Formative Assessment will be given at the close of this unit to assess students' mastery of the skills identified.

reliability, and aesthetics, as	be both renewable and limited.	conservation efforts	Paper plate
well as possible social,			• Marker
cultural, and environmental	Describe strategies for	Student will complete the	• Spoon
impacts.	addressing water depletion.	environmental study project	• 4 pieces of cheesecloth
		Land and People: Finding a	• Hand lens or magnifying
NJSLSA.R1 Read closely to	Discuss the sources and	Balance to consider real	glass
determine what the text says	effects of major water	environmental dilemmas	• 4 rubber bands
explicitly and to make	pollutants.	concerning water use and	• Dropper
logical inferences and		provide solutions to these	<ul> <li>100 mL graduated cylinder</li> </ul>
relevant connections from it;	Explain the causes of air	dilemmas.	Water
cite specific textual evidence	pollution and the effect on		<ul> <li>4 large plastic cups</li> </ul>
when writing or speaking to	human health.	Student will watch	<ul> <li>4 large paper cups</li> </ul>
support conclusions drawn		Reforestation: Impact on	<ul> <li>4 large paper cups</li> <li>4 large funnels</li> </ul>
from the text.RST.11-12.1	Evaluate measures that can	Climate, Should We Eat Bugs?,	e e
(HS-ESS3-1),(HS-ESS3-4)	limit and prevent pollution of	The Haber Process, Where We	• Pencil
	the atmosphere.	Get Our Fresh Water and Fresh	• Stopwatch
NJSLSA.R8 Delineate and		Water Scarcity: An Introduction	Den Laberta and Dianting
evaluate the argument and		to the Problem and participate	For Lab: Local Planting
specific claims in a text,		in an online quiz and	Conditions
including the validity of the		discussion.	• Computer with internet
reasoning as well as the		<b>T</b>	access
relevance and sufficiency of		Enrichment Activity:	Plant hardiness zone map
the evidence. RST.11-12.8		Students explore how cost-	• Graph paper
(HS-ESS3-4), (HS-ETS1-3)		benefit analysis is applied to	• Tape measure or meter
		water sanitation in order to	sticks
NJSLSA.R7 Integrate and		apply this model to design	Seed catalogs
evaluate content presented		solutions related to human	
in diverse media and		sustainability.	For Lab: Mineral Identification

formats, including visually

and quantitatively, as well

as in words. RST.11-12.7

NJSLSA.R9 Analyze and

or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare

reflect on how two or more

texts address similar themes

the approaches the authors

take. RST.11-12.9 (HS-

(HS-ETS1-3)

ETS1-3).

For Lab: Mineral Identification
3-5 unidentified mineral

- samples
- Penny
- Ceramic tile
- Steel nail
- Hand lens or magnifying glass
- Vinegar

For Lab: Testing Water Quality

- Large jar and cover (2)
- Waterproof marker
- Thermometer

#### NJSLSA.W2 Write

informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. WHST.9-12.2 (HS-ESS3-1)

NJSLSA.W5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. WHST.9-12.5 (HS-LS4-6)

NJSLSA.W7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.11-12.7 (HS-ESS2-5), (HS-LS4-6)

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. (HS-ESS3-1),(HS-ESS3-3),(HS-ESS3-4),(HS-ESS3-6),(HS-ETS1-3)

MP.4 Model with mathematics. (HS-ESS3-3),(HS-ESS3-6),(HS-ETS1-3)

HSN-Q.A.1 Use units as a way to understand problems

- Full range (0-14) pH strips and chart
- Medicine dropper
- Meter stick
- Hand sanitizer

#### For Lab: Acid Rain and Seeds

- Vinegar solutions (5)
- Dried beans (50)
- pH paper (5 pieces)
- Paper towels (5)
- pH color chart
- Re-sealable plastic sandwich bags (5)
- Dropper
- Hand lens or magnifying glass
- Jar containing distilled water
- Graph paper
- Marking pen

For Lab: What is in the Air?

- Unlined Index card or cardboard
- Metric ruler
- Scissors
- Single-hole punch
- 2 m length of string
- Paper towel
- Petroleum jelly
- Hand lens, magnifying glass, or dissecting microscope

For Lab: Using Your UV Index

- Computer with internet access or pre-printed UV listings
- Graph template (in lab) or

and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. (HS-ESS3-1),(HS-ESS3-4),(HS-ESS3-6)

HSN-Q.A.2 Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. (HS-ESS3-1),(HS-ESS3-4),(HS-ESS3-6)

HSN-Q.A.3 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. (HS-ESS2-5), (HS-ESS3-1),(HS-ESS3-4),(HS-ESS3-6)

## graph paper

#### Websites:

- http://www.pearsonrealize.c om/
- Land Management Model
- USGS Realtime Water data
- Greenhouse Effect
- Air Pollution Model (aerial)
- <u>Air Pollution Model (Cross-Section)</u>
- <u>Conservation Maps</u>

### Videos:

- <u>http://www.pearsonrealize.c</u> <u>om/</u>
- <u>Crash Course Ecology</u>
- <u>Reforestation: Impact on</u> <u>Cilmate</u>
- <u>Should We Eat Bugs?</u>
- <u>The Haber Process</u>
- Where We Get Our Fresh Water
- <u>Fresh Water Scarcity: An</u> <u>Introduction to the Problem</u> and

Enrichment Lesson Plans: See water sanitation

## **Modifications:**

- New Jersey Department of Education Instructional Supports and Scaffolds
- Suggested Strategies for English Language Learners
- Enrichment activities were created to allow for greater personalized learning to meet the needs of all learners including students with gifts and talents.