

Comprehensive School Climate Inventory (CSCI) Measuring the Climate for Learning

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Developed by the National School Climate Center (NSCC) schoolclimate.org



What is school climate?

- School climate refers to the quality of school life as it relates to norms and values, interpersonal relations and social interactions, and organizational processes and structures.
- The school climate sets the tone for all the learning and teaching done in the school environment, and is predictive of students' ability to learn and develop in healthy ways.
- All schools, like all people, have a range of strengths and weaknesses, as well as a distinctive vision for the kind of school they aspire to be.

Measuring school climate: the CSCI

- The CSCI (Comprehensive School Climate Inventory) is a scientifically developed survey based on research and theory defining what contributes to positive climates for learning.
- The CSCI measures the shared perceptions of the school community and reveals how the populations whose perceptions were measured (e.g. students, school personnel, and parents) feel about the school environment.

Who developed the CSCI?

The CSCI was developed by the National School Climate Center (NSCC), a non-profit organization
dedicated to measuring and improving the climate for learning in schools. NSCC's mission is to help schools
integrate crucial social, emotional, and ethical learning with academic instruction to enhance student
performance, prevent dropouts, reduce violence, and develop healthy and positively engaged adults.

The 13 Dimensions of School Climate Measured

Dimensions	Major Indicators
Safety	
1 Rules and Norms	Clearly communicated rules about physical violence; clearly communicated rules about verbal abuse, harassment, and teasing; clear and consistent enforcement and norms for adult intervention.
2 Sense of Physical Security	Sense that students and adults feel safe from physical harm in the school.
3 Sense of Social-Emotional Security	Sense that students feel safe from verbal abuse, teasing, and exclusion.
Teaching and Learning	
4 Support for Learning	Use of supportive teaching practices, such as: encouragement and constructive feedback; varied opportunities to demonstrate knowledge and skills; support for risk-taking and independent thinking; atmosphere conducive to dialog and questioning; academic challenge; and individual attention.
5 Social and Civic Learning	Support for the development of social and civic knowledge, skills, and dispositions including: effective listening, conflict resolution, self-reflection and emotional regulation, empathy, personal responsibility, and ethical decision making.
Interpersonal Relationships	
6 Respect for Diversity	Mutual respect for individual differences (e.g. gender, race, culture, etc.) at all levels of the school—student-student; adult-student; adult-adult and overall norms for tolerance.
7 Social Support—Adults	Pattern of supportive and caring adult relationships for students, including high expectations for students' success, willingness to listen to students and to get to know them as individuals, and personal concern for students' problems.
8 Social Support—Students	Pattern of supportive peer relationships for students, including: friendships for socializing, for problems, for academic help, and for new students.
Institutional Environment	
9 School Connectedness/Engagement	Positive identification with the school and norms for broad participation in school life for students, staff, and families.
10 Physical Surroundings	Cleanliness, order, and appeal of facilities and adequate resources and materials.
Social Media	
11 Social Media	Sense that students feel safe from physical harm, verbal abuse/teasing, gossip, and exclusion when online or on electronic devices (for example, facebook, twitter, and other social media platforms, by an email, text messaging, posting photo/video, etc.).
Staff Only	
12 Leadership	Administration that creates and communicates a clear vision, and is accessible to and supportive of school staff and staff development.
13 Professional Relationships	Positive attitudes and relationships among school staff that support effectively working and learning together.

Introduction

This report is intended to provide overall school climate trends for Westbrook Schools. Please refer to the individual school reports for more in-depth information on particular school-level trends and areas of strength and need.

This report will analyze district trends among student, staff and parent populations among all schools. It is organized around the following sections: (1) differences among the three populations by school level; (2) differences within each population; (3) breakdown of relative rankings; (4) concluding thoughts and questions.

The purpose of this report is to identify the meaningful trends across the district. Incomplete or inadequate data due to population size have been omitted. This includes district-wide charts on activity participation, since participation rates vary widely among different schools. In order to protect anonymity, we only share out sub-group information when the sub-group contains 10 or more constituents.



District-wide Response Rates

The chart on the next page shows the response rates for each population by school. The survey responses are most valuable when they capture the perceptions of all school community members. Where response rates are particularly low, it is important to note that the voice represented may be skewed or reflect a particular subset of your overall community. In these cases, it is critical to be careful when interpreting findings or making decisions for next steps. For schools where the response rates are low, it will be important to review the demographic profile of the respondents in the individual school report, and compare that to your school's profile. Please keep in mind that even where response rates are low, the overall findings can be used to engage the community in collaborative efforts for school climate improvement. Additionally, future survey efforts can include specific plans to reach out to groups that appear to have been under-represented here.

The ideal thresholds for response rates are:

- Aim for as close to 100% completion as possible from student body and total staff. (Goal should not be lower than 85%.)
- Aim for at least 40% for parents. (Goal should not be lower than 30%.)



School	Student Response #/Total (%)	Staff Response #/Total (%)	Parent Response #/Total (%)
Daisy Ingraham	94*/95 (98.95%)	50*/59 (84.75%)	39*/91 (42.86%)
Westbrook High School	183*/287 (63.76%)	60*/83 (72.29%)	24*/247 (9.72%)
Westbrook Middle School	220*/228 (96.49%)	49*/52 (94.23%)	59*/190 (31.05%)

^{*}Figures received from school to represent potential number of respondents.



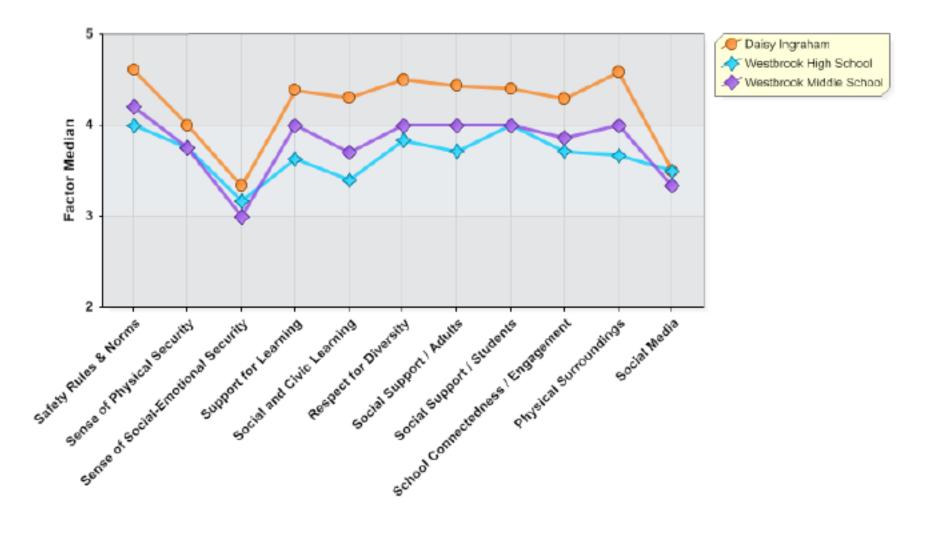
Differences between School Levels

The following three charts show the differences among the elementary, middle and high school populations, for students, staff and parents. All schools follow a similar pattern, displaying common areas of high strength and/or need across the district.

As you will see in the chart at right, elementary students have significantly higher perceptions than students in the middle and high schools. It is typical for student ratings to dip as students progress to high school.

Across all schools, Safety Rules and Norms and Support for Learning are overall strengths. Social Support is another key strength across students in all schools. The biggest gap in perceptions among the elementary schools and the middle and high school is in Social and Civic Learning and Physical Surroundings. Daisy Ingraham students view this dimension most positively. Social and Civic Learning is a downward trend found among many schools, as the explicit emphasis on these skills begins to take a backseat to developmental changes and an emphasis on testing and grades.

Student Climate Scores by School

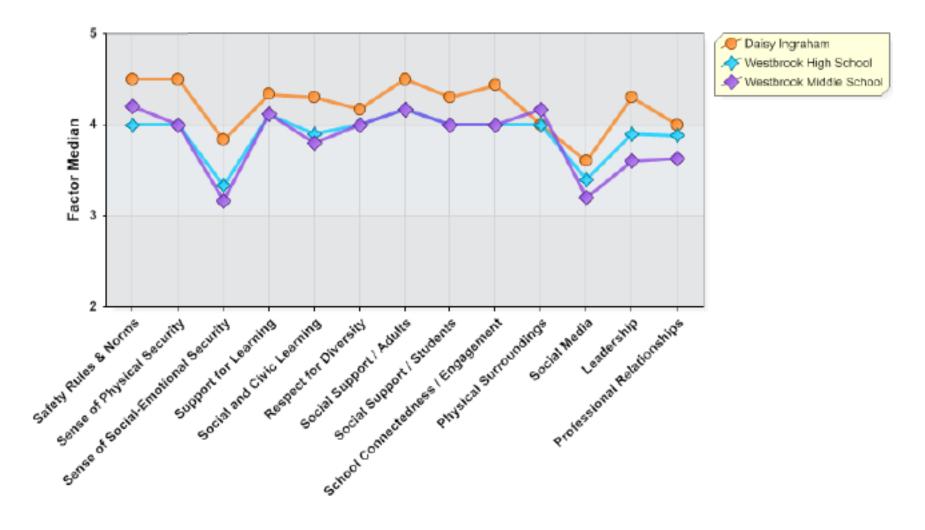




Staff ratings are all much closer together across elementary, middle and high schools compared to student ratings. Daisy Ingraham staff members tend to have slightly higher ratings for all dimensions with the exception of Physical Surroundings. Ratings for Westbrook Middle School and Westbrook High School are more overlapping.

Unique among middle and high school staff members are the much lower ratings of safety dimensions - Sense of Physical Security and Sense of Social-Emotional Security. The schools do show some variability with Leadership, one of the two staff only dimensions, by building which should be explored further in the individual reports.

Faculty Climate Scores by School

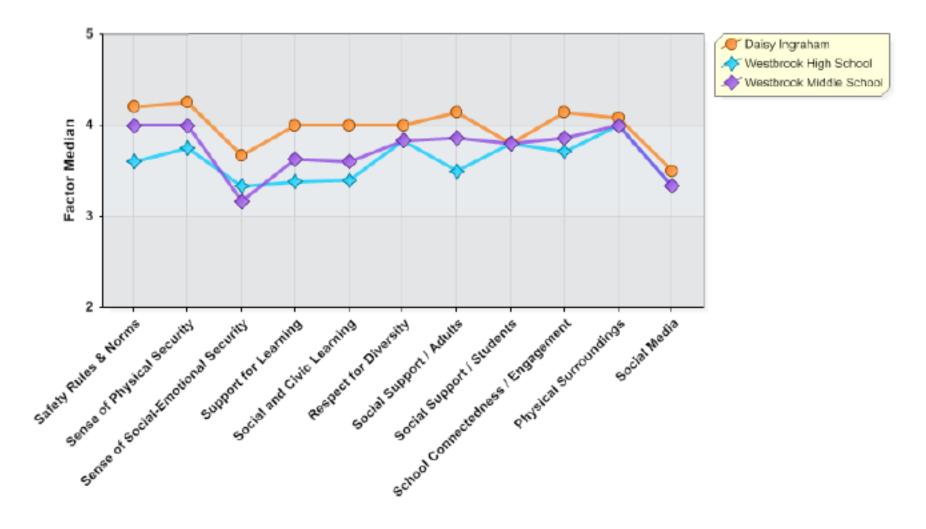




Parents' perceptions track a more even line. Parents of Daisy Ingraham students are generally more positive which likely reflects that parents are picking up on their children's experiences. Westbrook High School parents are more positive about Sense of Social Emotional Security than Westbrook Middle School and Daisy Ingraham parents. There are high levels of agreement among parents about Social Support - Students.



Parent Climate Scores by School





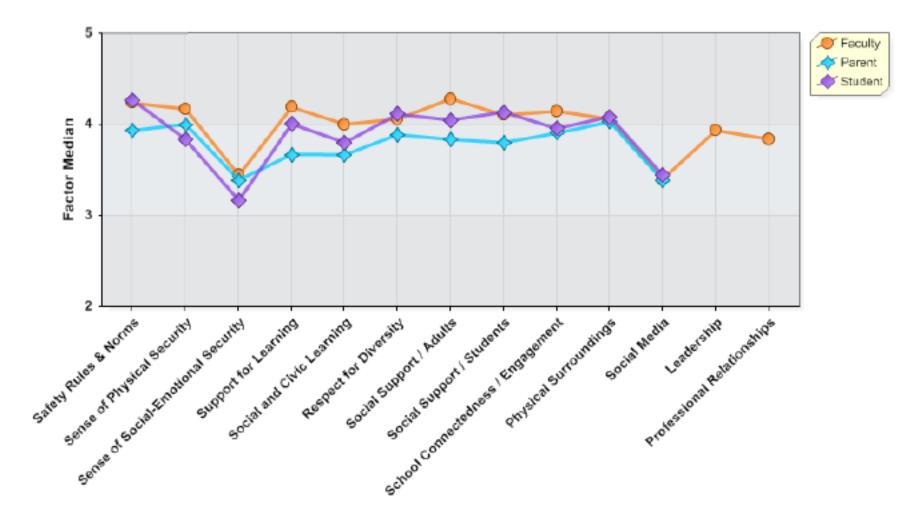
Overall

Students, staff and parents follow a similar trend, but exhibit systematic differences in ratings. The community agrees most about Physical Surroundings and Social Media and least about Social Support - Adults. In particular, staff holds more positive views for Sense of Physical Security, Support for Learning, Social and Civic Learning, Social Support Adults and School Connectedness/Engagement.

Faculty rate School Connectedness/Engagement higher than students and parents, meaning they feel the most positively connected to the school and are participatory in school life. It is important to note the participation rates from parents which means this data could reflect only a certain subset of parents if response rates are low. It will be important to further investigate parent ratings across all schools and try to gather the perspectives of parents who did not complete the survey. One way of doing this could be to share positive survey results with the community, and ask for additional feedback, or to build buy-in for the survey through initiatives and information, and ask parents to complete the survey again in the next year or following year.



Climate Scores by Population



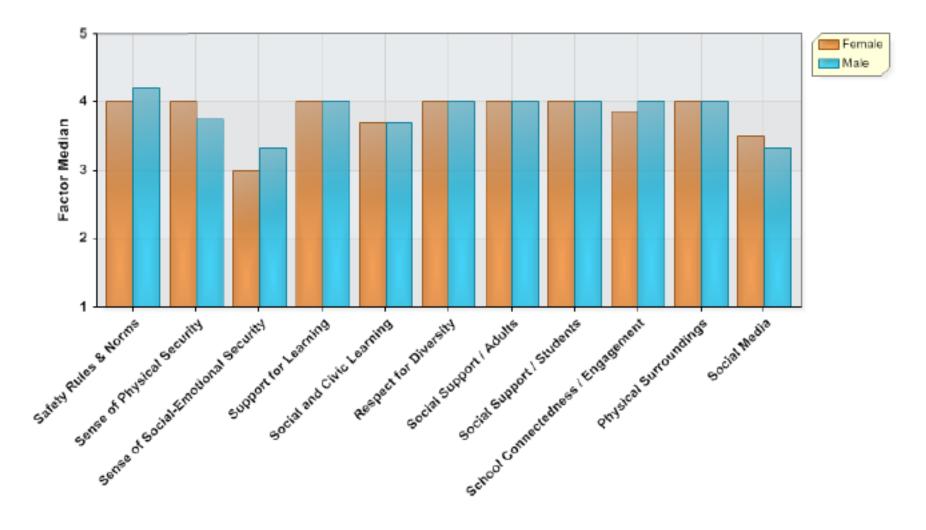


Students

The chart on the next page illustrates the aggregate median scores for students across all schools by gender. Gender differences between male and female students are slight and follow a typical pattern with girls having higher ratings than boys for Sense of Physical Security and Social Media. Boys are more slightly more positive about Safety Rules and Norms, Sense of Social Emotional Security, and School Connectedness/Engagement.



Student Climate Scores by Gender



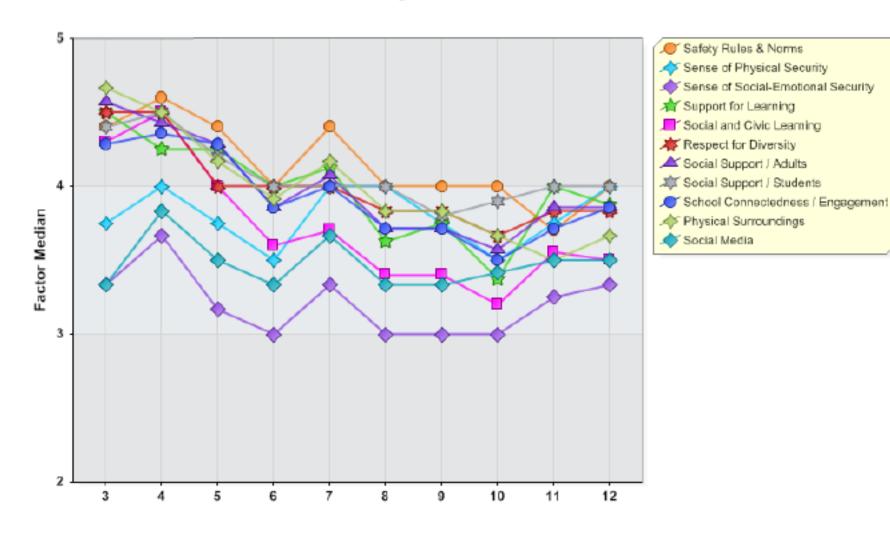


The chart on the next page illustrates the aggregate median scores for students across all schools by grade. For the most part, students' perceptions follow a typical pattern as they move from grade to grade. Perceptions are highest among elementary students and generally decline as students get older. This is likely attributable to developmental changes and the greater focus on academics and competition in higher grades.

While some dimensions, such as Social Media and Social Support-Students, remain relatively consistent over time, there are large decreases in scores for other dimensions. In particular, Social and Civic Learning experiences a precipitous drop between 7th and 8th grade. Similarly, Sense of Social-Emotional Security exhibits a dip between 5th and 6th grade and 7th and 8th grade. Social Support Students and Social Media experience a rise from 9th through 11th grade.



Student Climate Scores by Grade

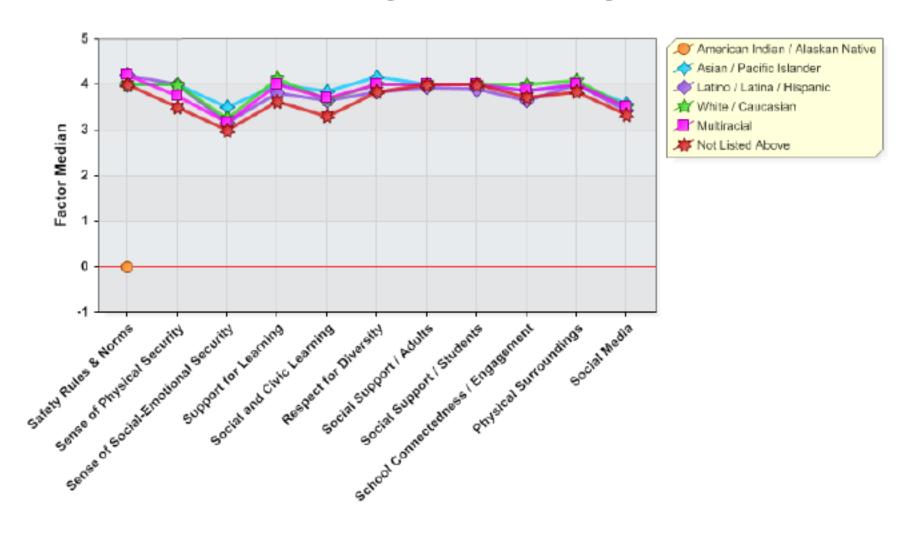




The chart on the next page illustrates the aggregate median scores for students across all schools by ethnicity. All ethnic groups exhibit similar patterns, though Asian/Pacific Islander students' perspective on Sense of Social-Emotional Security and Social and Civic Learning are slightly higher than other race/ethnicities.



Student Climate Scores by Race/Ethnicity

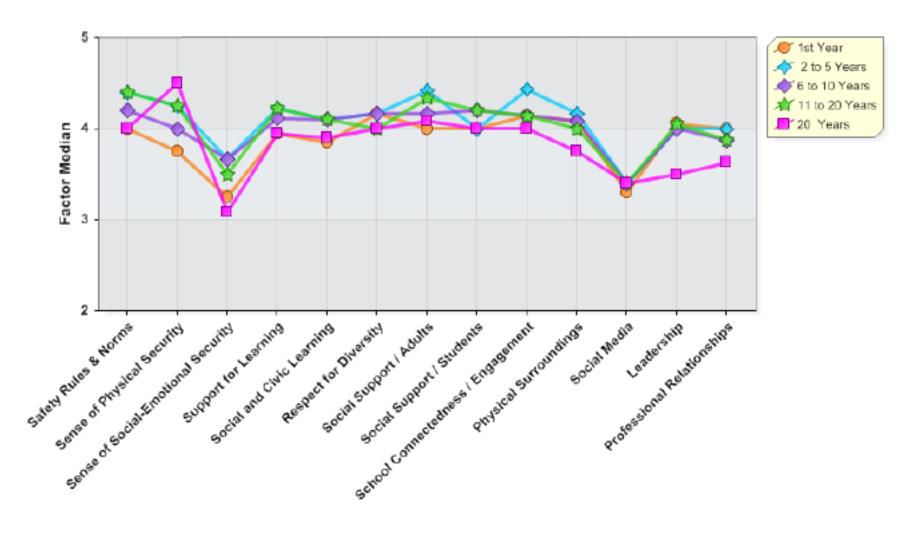




Similarly, while staff exhibit consistent patterns regardless of the length of their tenure at the school, there are systematic differences. Staff that have been at the school for 2-5 years hold the highest ratings for Social Support-Adults, School Connectedness/Engagement, and Physical Surroundings. First year staff rank second after staff with 20 years experience at this school. Staff with 20+ years experience rate Leadership and Professional Relationships, the two staff only dimensions, lower than other staff members.



Staff Climate Scores by Years at the School



Relative Rankings

The next chart shows the relative dimension rankings for the three populations across the district. The highest rated area for students is Safety-Rules and Norms. This signifies that the school community believes there are clearly communicated rules about violence, verbal abuse, harassment and teasing, as well as consistent enforcement and norms for adult intervention.

Respect for Diversity is also rated positive among students (#3), meaning that students feel mutual respect for individual differences at all levels of the school; staff are less positive about this dimension ranking it #7. Social Support-Students is ranked #2 among students and #6 for staff and #7 for parents. Staff members are more positive about Social Support Adults (#1) than students who rate this dimension #5 and parents who rank it #6.

While Safety-Rules and Norms is the most universal area of strength, another key facet of Safety - Sense of Social-Emotional Security - is at the bottom of the list for all populations. This means that students are concerned about verbal abuse, teasing and harassment, and staff members and parents are concerned as well. Another potential area of need is Social Media. Parents and staff members rank this dimension #11 while students rank it #10.



Relative Factor Rankings by Population

Dimensions	Students	Staff	Parents
Safety Rules & Norms	1	2	3
Sense of Physical Security	8	4	2
Sense of Social-Emotional Security	11	10	10
Support for Learning	6	3	8
Social and Civic Learning	9	9	9
Respect for Diversity	3	7	5
Social Support / Adults	5	1	6
Social Support / Students	2	6	7
School Connectedness / Engagement	7	5	4
Physical Surroundings	4	7	1
Social Media	10	11	11

Note: If two or more dimensions have the same median score, they are given the same (higher) rank. For example, if two dimensions score a 4.0 and that is the highest score, they will both be ranked "1" and the next highest score will be ranked "3."

Relative Rankings

The next chart displays relative rankings of strengths and needs across students in each building. For students, the highest rated dimension is Safety - Rules and Norms. Students tend to hold similar views across the levels, especially concerning key areas of strength and need. However, there are some unique differences.

At all schools, Respect for Diversity is an area of strength. Westbrook High School students rank Physical Security #4 whereas Westbrook Middle School students rank #8 and Daisy Ingraham students #9. (Although it is ranked 9th among elementary school students, it still reflects a positive strength — elementary school ratings are on average higher than middle or high school students, so many of their "lower" ratings still reflect a high rating).

For all schools, Sense of Social-Emotional Security and Social Media hover at the bottom of the list. It will be important to view the full report for the schools to note which specific sub-groups are contributing to the low ranking.



Relative Factor Rankings by Student			
Schools / Dimensions	Dalsy Ingraham	Westbrook High School	Westbrook Middle School
Safety Rules & Norms	1	1	1
Sense of Physical Security	9	4	8
Sense of Social-Emotional Security	11	11	11
Support for Learning	6	8	2
Social and Civic Learning	7	10	9
Respect for Diversity	3	3	2
Social Support / Adults	4	5	2
Social Support / Students	5	1	2
School Connectedness / Engagement	8	5	7
Physical Surroundings	2	7	2
Social Media	10	9	10

Note: If two or more dimensions have the same median score, they are given the same (higher) rank. For example, if two dimensions score a 4.0 and that is the highest score, they will both be ranked "1" and the next highest score will be ranked "3."

Relative Rankings

For staff, one of the highest rated dimensions is Social Support - Adults. It is clear that the adults care about their students and have high expectations and strong personal concern for their well-being — and this perceived strongly by all staff members and, as demonstrated in the previous chart, by students as well. The lowest rated dimensions are Sense of Social-Emotional Security and Social Media.

Westbrook Middle School and Westbrook High School staff members agree about Social and Civic Learning (#9) which is less positive than Daisy Ingraham (#6). Respect for Diversity is ranked highest by staff members at Westbrook High School (#3). Staff at Westbrook Middle School rank this dimension #5 and Daisy Ingraham staff #9.

Where there are differences, in other areas, they seem idiosyncratic to the particular schools. Outside of the areas where staff members agree and disagree on key areas of strength and need, it is important to view the individual reports at the building levels.



Relative Factor Rankings by Faculty			
Schools / Dimensions	Dalsy Ingraham	Westbrook High School	Westbrook Middle School
Safety Rules & Norms	1	3	1
Sense of Physical Security	1	3	5
Sense of Social-Emotional Security	12	13	13
Support for Learning	5	2	4
Social and Civic Learning	6	9	9
Respect for Diversity	9	3	5
Social Support / Adults	1	1	2
Social Support / Students	6	3	5
School Connectedness / Engagement	4	3	5
Physical Surroundings	10	3	2
Social Media	13	12	12
Leadership	6	9	11
Professional Relationships	10	11	10

Note: If two or more dimensions have the same median score, they are given the same (higher) rank. For example, if two dimensions score a 4.0 and that is the highest score, they will both be ranked "1" and the next highest score will be ranked "3."

Relative Rankings

For parents, one of the highest rated dimensions is Safety - Rules and Norms with the exception of Westbrook High School (#6). Parents at Daisy Ingraham and Westbrook Middle School rank Physical Security #1. The lowest rated dimensions for all three schools are Sense of Social-Emotional Security and Social Media. Overall, parents exhibit high levels of agreement.



Relative Factor Rankings by Parent			
Schools / Dimensions	Dalsy Ingraham	Westbrook High School	Westbrook Middle School
Safety Rules & Norms	2	6	1
Sense of Physical Security	1	4	1
Sense of Social-Emotional Security	10	10	11
Support for Learning	6	9	8
Social and Civic Learning	6	8	9
Respect for Diversity	6	2	6
Social Support / Adults	3	7	4
Social Support / Students	9	3	7
School Connectedness / Engagement	3	5	4
Physical Surroundings	5	1	1
Social Media	11	10	10

Note: If two or more dimensions have the same median score, they are given the same (higher) rank. For example, if two dimensions score a 4.0 and that is the highest score, they will both be ranked "1" and the next highest score will be ranked "3."

This district analysis highlights several trends throughout Westbrook Public Schools. It should be noted that overall ratings are high and the district has many strengths upon which to draw. Following is a summary by major areas:

Safety:

- Safety Rules and Norms are consistently rated very high across all populations and all school levels. The ability to develop well communicated and well understood rules and norms about physical violence, verbal abuse and harassment is a foundational strength to be leveraged.
- Social-Emotional Safety is the universal area of need across all populations district-wide. Across the board, parents rate this higher than students and lower or equal to staff. Research has shown that cultivating upstanders is a powerful way to drastically reduce bullying and harassment in a visible, high-impact and long-term way. This will be a useful opportunity for improvement that the district can explore.

Questions for further consideration:

- o Are the rules and guidelines in Westbrook consistent for both Physical and Social-Emotional safety? Are there practices and policies that have been instituted to ensure physical safety that can be usefully adapted for social-emotional safety? How can the rules be modified to more explicitly target verbal harassment and bullying?
- o Are there specific sub-groups within the schools who feel particularly negative compared to others with regards to Social-Emotional Safety? If so, what initiatives can be implemented or further research done to address their concerns and improve the overall climate?
- o How can the success of "upstander behavior" be harnessed and cultivated?



Teaching & Learning:

- Typically, these dimensions are consistently high among students and staff at the elementary schools when digging deeper into the sub-group grade level information. The difference in findings is typical as staff members are the ones teaching the skills. These dimensions are often more explicit to staff than they are to students, especially in the higher grades as social and civic learning becomes a more implicit aspect of the curricula.
- Throughout the district, parents have the highest scores at the elementary schools. This means they feel like
 their children are getting varied opportunities to demonstrate their skills, are supported for independent
 thinking, receive academic challenge and support and individual attention.

Ouestions for further consideration:

- o Is there consistency in the mission and structure of the school at the classroom level vs. the school level? Is there consistency across both campuses that support a smooth transition for students? When you dig deeper into school reports, do you see how this impacts schools, grades and sub-groups?
- o What are the goals for Social and Civic Learning across the district? In what specific ways are students experiencing Social and Civic Learning and Support for Learning differently from teachers?
- o How is Social and Civic Learning incorporated into the curriculum at the elementary schools? How can this be modified to also extend to the middle and high schools?
- o Is there a potential disconnect between implicit vs. explicit teaching? How can Social and Civic Learning concepts be conveyed in a way that resonates with students and parents as much as it does with staff members?

Interpersonal Relationships:

- Social Support Adults and Social Support Students is consistently rated very high across all populations and all school levels. This is a foundational attribute and a strength that can be leveraged.
- Respect for Diversity is positive across the district. This is a dimension that could potentially become an area of even greater strength.

Questions for further consideration:

- o How is Respect for Diversity underscored & reflected in adult-to-adult, student-to- student, and adult-to-student relationships within the school?
- o Why are some student groups and grades rating Respect for Diversity higher than others? What can be done to boost respect among groups with lower ratings?
- o How can a strong sense of Social Support among students be extended to create a stronger sense of community and respect? How does the school engage parents and what efforts would enhance this relationship?



Institutional Environment:

- Throughout the district, parents are positive about School Connectedness/ Engagement. Parents are often the most positive, meaning they identify positively with being a member of the district. This is a key strength.
- Student ratings for the School Connectedness/ Engagement are very positive in elementary schools, and then ratings slightly decline, as is the tendency for all ratings to decline as students advance.

Questions for further discussion:

o How can a strong sense of School Connectedness/Engagement among parents be extended to create an even stronger sense of community among students and staff? How does the school engage parents and what efforts would enhance this relationship?

Staff Only Dimensions:

- Professional Relationships is consistently rated very positively in the district. This is a foundational strength to leverage for improvement in linked areas, such as Social and Civic Learning.
- Staff members reflect varying perceptions of the Leadership dimension, and it may be useful to review
 the individual reports for more details on how this is reflected at the school-level. Overall, staff feel the
 administration is accessible, and they feel comfortable going to administrators for help.



Westbrook District Report has been developed by the National School Climate Center (NSCC)

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