Englewood Public School District Comprehensive Health Grade 2

Unit: Healthy Body and a Healthy Life

Overview: Students will learn about the physical characteristics of the human body and how it works. They will also learn about different families from around the world and the importance of getting along with one another.

Time Frame: One Marking Period

Enduring Understandings:

- Wellness is a way of life.
- There are physical, emotional and social aspects to every human relationship.

Essential Questions:

- What are the parts of the human body?
- What are the different functions of the human body?
- What do families look like in my town, country, and world?
- What is my role in my family?
- What is a healthy relationship?

Standards	Topics and Objectives	Activities	Resources	Assessments
Comprehensive Health	Topics	Following a teacher led	Bones, Muscles, and Joints,	Formative Assessments:
2.1.2.A.1 Explain what		lesson and class discussion	Kids Health	Class discussions and
being "well" means and	Understanding my Body	about bones, muscles, and	http://classroom.kidshealth.	participation in class
identify self-care practices		joints, students will	org/classroom/prekto2/body	
that support wellness.	Physical Differences and	understand how bones,	/parts/bones.pdf	Benchmark Assessment:
	Similarities	muscles and joints work		Common Formative
2.1.2.A.2 Use correct		together to keep us moving.	Hearing, Kids Health	Assessment
terminology to identify	Objectives	(NJSLS SL2.1)	http://classroom.kidshealth.	
body parts, and explain how			org/classroom/prekto2/body	Summative Assessments:
body parts work together to	Students will recall and	Students will complete a	/functions/hearing.pdf	Bones, Muscles, and Joints
support wellness.	employ appropriate	puzzle of the human		Quiz
	terminology to name body	skeleton.	Teaching Children About	
	parts.		Their Bodies by Mary S.	

2.4.2.B.1 Compare and contrast the physical differences and similarities of the genders.

2.4.2.C.1 Explain the factors that contribute to a mother having a healthy baby.

Students will explain the function of body parts.

Students will compare and contrast the physical differences and similarities between the sexes.

Students will explain the factors that contribute to a mother having a healthy baby.

Following a teacher lesson and whole class discussion, students will learn about human ears and the importance of hearing. (NJSLS SL 2.1)

Following a teacher-led lesson about the human body and the names of all the body parts, students will work in pairs to draw and label an outline of a human body.

Following teacher-led lessons on body systems and functions, students will participate in stations with activities on each of the body systems.

Following a teacher lead lesson, students will be able to list the differences and similarities between boys and girls. (NJSLS SL 2.2)

Following a teacher-led lesson about what mothers should do to have a healthy baby. Students will create group collages of healthy foods and activities pregnant mothers should have in order to have healthy babies. Rivkin, Scholastic https://www.scholastic.com /teachers/articles/teachingcontent/teaching-childrenabout-their-bodies/

Explore Human Body Systems, Schools Ideas, and More!, Pinterest <u>https://www.pinterest.com/</u> pin/303148618644438038

Body Parts, Systems and Functions <u>https://classroom.kidshealth</u> .org/index.jsp?Grade=pk&S <u>ection=body</u>

Sex and Relationship Education, Lesson 1: Differences Boys and Girls, Worcestershire Healthy Schools http://www.holywellschool. org/wpcontent/uploads/2013/10/Y 2-Lesson-plans-2.pdf

Staying Healthy During Pregnancy, Kids Health <u>http://kidshealth.org/en/pare</u> <u>nts/preg-</u> <u>health.html#catsafe-play</u> Completion of projects and worksheets

Alternative Assessments:

Small group and individual activities

Comprehensive Health 2.4.2.A.2 Distinguish the roles and responsibilities of different family members. 2.4.2.A.1 Compare and contrast <u>different kinds of</u> <u>families</u> locally and globally.	TopicsFamily LifeHealthy RelationshipsObjectivesStudents will compare and contrast different kinds of families locally and globally.Students will distinguish the roles and responsibilities of different family members.Students will determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships.	Following teacher read-a- louds, students will discuss the different types of families that students have and how families are the same and different in the classroom and around the world. (NJSLS RI 2.1)(NJSLS RI 2.2)(NJSLS RI 2.7) Class will create a T-chart listing how families are different and the same around the world. (6.1.4.D.13) Following teacher modeling of their own family and the roles each member has, students will create individual family trees	Family by Ottobook, Teaching Kids Books http://www.teachingkidsbo oks.com/k-2nd- grade/family Getting Along, Kids Health https://classroom/prekto2/pers onal/growing/getting_along .pdf Families (activities) https://www.scholastic.com /teachers/lesson- plans/teaching-content/we- are-family-grades-23/ The Keeping Quilt (activities) https://drive.google.com/fil e/d/0B2IfdEmxalZFT3ZRb	Formative Assessments: Class discussions and participation in class, small group and individual activities Summative Assessments: Completion of projects and worksheets Getting Along Quiz Alternative Assessments: Small group and individual activities
		 describe what each person's role and responsibility is. (6.1.4.D.13) Students will participate in a teacher-led discussion about positive relations and getting along with others. (NJSLS SL2.1)(NJSLS SL2.2) Students will explore ways to get along with each other. They will create a class list of things that make it hard to get along 	Global Families (images, activities) https://globaleducation.edu. au/teaching-activity/who- are-the-families-of-the- world-f-2.html	

with one another and rules to help us have positive relationships with one another. (6.1.4.A.1)(6.3.4.A.1)

Vocabulary:

Human Body – The human body is the entire structure of a human being.

Bones – One of the structures composing the skeleton of a vertebrate.

Muscles – A tissue composed of cells or fibers, the contraction of which produces movement in the body.

Joints – The point of contact between elements of an animal skeleton with parts that surround and support it.

Family – A basic social unit consisting of parents and their children, considered as a group, whether dwelling together or not.

Relationships – The way in which two or more people are connected.

Integration of 21st Century Standards NJSLS 9:

9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work related activities in the school, home, and community.

Accommodations and Modifications:

Students with special needs: Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered. Additional safety precautions will be made along with additional staff so all student can fully participate in the standards associated with this curriculum.

ELL/ESL students: Students will be supported according to the recommendations for "can do's" as outlined by WIDA - https://www.wida.us/standards/CAN DOs/

Students at risk of school failure: Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success at first signs of failure student work will be reviewed to determine support this may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations. More time and will be made available with a certified instructor to aid students in reaching the standards.

Gifted and Talented Students: Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the complexity of the requirements.

English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented
 Students will share information about families in their culture Speak and display terminology and movement 	 Provide a mat to sit on to teach boundaries Utilize modifications & accommodations delineated in the student's IEP 	• Using visual demonstrations, illustrations, and models Give directions/instructions verbally and in simple written format.	 Students that can read can read the book aloud to peers Curriculum compacting Inquiry-based instruction Independent study
 Look for children's books in student's native languages Teacher modeling 	 Work with paraprofessional Use multi-sensory teaching approaches. Pictures, scarves, 	Peer SupportIncrease one on one timeTeachers may modify	Higher order thinking skillsAdjusting the pace of lessonsInterest based content
• Peer modeling	hula hoops, and other props	instructions by modeling	 Real world scenarios

 Develop and post routines Label classroom materials Word walls 	 provide helpful visual, auditory, and tactile reinforcement of ideas. Work with a partner Provide concrete examples and relate all new movements to previously learned moves (i.e., walking on a balance beam, kicking a ball). Solidify and refine concepts through repetition. Change movement requirements to reduce activity time 	 what the student is expected to do Instructions may be printed out in large print and hung up for the student to see during the time of the lesson. Review behavior expectations and make adjustments for personal space or other behaviors as needed. 	• Student Driven Instruction
RI.2.2. Identify the main topic of a m RI.2.7. Explain how specific illustra SL.2.1. Participate in collaborative c groups.	nultiparagraph text as well as the focu tions and images (e.g., a diagram show onversations with diverse partners ab	nd <i>how</i> to demonstrate understanding s of specific paragraphs within the tex wing how a machine works) contribute out grade 2 topics and texts with peer information presented orally or throug	xt. e to and clarify a text. rs and adults in small and larger
6.1.4.D.13 Describe how culture is e	xpressed through and influenced by the	he behavior of people.	
			of people, help resolve conflicts, and
6.3.4.A.1 Determine what makes a g recycling)	ood rule or law and apply this underst	tanding to rules and laws in your scho	ol or community (e.g., bike helmet,
Integration of Technology Standar			
8.2.2.E.1 : List and demonstrate the s	teps to an everyday task.		
Career Ready Practices: CRP3. Attend to personal health and CRP4. Communicate clearly and effect CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make	financial well-being. ively and with reason. e sense of problems and persevere in solv	ing them.	