LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 29, 2019

Board of Education

Long Lake Central School District

Long Lake, NY

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Lake Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Long Lake Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Lake Central School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-14 and 60-61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Long Lake Central School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2017, on our consideration of the Long Lake Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Long Lake Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CAP.C.

Larry) Reece, CPA, P.C.

Potedam, NY August 29, 2019

The Long Lake School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total Net Position as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, decreased by \$312,905. The primary factor causing this decrease was due to Government Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This required the recognition of current year expense of \$339,795 and an increase in the liability to \$10,751,486. The decrease in net position was ameliorated by an increase in net revenues this year (see below).
- Total revenues increased by \$112,724, or 3.13%. This was due primarily to increases in Operating Grants of 22.98%, Property Taxes of 2.25%, and Use of Money and Property of 5,880%.
- Total expenses as reflected in the District-wide financial statements were \$4,021,624. Of this amount, \$20,194 was offset by program charges for services. General revenues of \$3,617,680 amount to 97.5% of total revenues. These revenues covered a portion of the balance of program expenses.
- The District's total fund balance increased this year by \$56,345, compared to the decrease for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 of \$68,022. Much of this was due to revenue factors cited above, but also a small decrease in overall expenditures of \$11,643.
- Absent the accrual for Other Postemployment Retirement Benefits and Pension costs, the School District's employee benefits cost increased \$8,059 or .67% for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.
- The School District had a net reduction in the Capital Reserve account this year of \$331,576. This was due primarily to the transfer of \$300,000 pursuant to the May 21, 2018 district vote that approved the expenditures for the building renovations and land improvements capital requirements. There were no material changes to the other reserve accounts.
- The School District's General Support expenditures increased \$508 to \$688,527 this year from \$688,019 in the prior fiscal year.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, con't.

The Present Value of the Total Future Liability of the Postemployment Benefits
Other Than Pensions was \$15,875,401 as calculated by the actuaries. The Net
OPEB Liability required to be recognized by GASB 75 was \$10,751,486,
determined by subtracting the Fiduciary Net Position from the Total OPEB
Liability.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The two kinds of statements present different views of the School District.

(a) District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements – the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

(b) Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains four individual governmental funds: general fund, school lunch fund, special aid fund, and capital projects fund; each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, con't.

Fiduciary Funds, con't.

District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the School District's financial statements, including the portion of the School District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-1 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund Financial Statements						
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are	Instances in which the School District				
		not proprietary or	administers resources				
		fiduciary, such as	on				
		special education and	behalf of someone else,				
		building maintenance	such as scholarship				
			programs and student				
n 1 10 11			activities monies				
Required financial	Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary				
statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues,	net assets				
		expenditures, and	Statement of changes in				
		changes in fund	fiduciary net assets				
		balances					
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and				
measurement focus	economic resources	accounting and current	economic resources				
	focus	financial focus	focus				
Type of asset/liability	All assets and	Generally, assets	All assets and				
Information	liabilities, both	expected to be used up	liabilities, both short-				
	financial and capital,	and liabilities that come	term and long-term;				
	short-term and long-	due during the year or	funds do not currently				
	term	soon thereafter; no	contain capital assets,				
		capital assets or long-	although they can				
m 01 m / m		term liabilities included	THE VIEW OF THE PERSON OF THE				
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which	All additions and				
information	expenses during year,	cash is received during	deductions during the				
	regardless of when cash	or soon after the end of	year, regardless of				
	is received or paid	the year; expenditures	when cash is received				
		when goods or services	or paid				
		have been received and					
		the related liability is					
		due and payable					

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

(a) Net Position

The District's total net position decreased \$ 312,905 between fiscal year 2019 and 2018. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position for June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		INCREASE (DECREASE)	% Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, (Net of	\$	2,515,890	\$	2,089,738	\$	426,152	20.39%
Accumulated Depreciation)		1,461,625		1,496,288		(34,663)	-2.32%
Total Assets	\$_	3,977,515	\$_	3,586,026	\$	391,489	10.92%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,916,688	_	2,254,902	_	(338,214)	-15.00%
Total Assets & Deferred Outflow	s \$_	5,894,203	\$_	5,840,928	\$_	53,275	
Non-Current Liabilities	\$	10,751,486	\$	10,739,166	\$	12,320	0.11%
Other Liabilities	Φ	552,145	Ф	213,602	Ф	338,543	158.49%
Total Liabilities	\$_	11,303,631	\$_	10,952,768	\$_	350,863	3.20%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,471,123	-	1,455,806	_	15,317	1.05%
Total Liabilites & Deferred Inflow	s \$_	12,774,754	\$_	12,408,574	\$_	366,180	
Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	\$	1,461,625	\$	1,496,288	\$	(34,663)	-2.32%
Restricted		610,425		632,849		(22,424)	-3.54%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(8,952,601)		(8,696,783)		(255,818)	-2.94%
Total Net Position	\$_	(6,880,551)	\$_	(6,567,646)	\$_	(312,905)	-4.76%
Current and Other Assets increased, compared to the prior year by: \$ 426,152 This increase was primarily due to an increase in cash and equivalents, driven in large part by an increase in property tax and other revenues. Other Receivables contributed due to recognizing a transfer to be made to the Capital Fund for the tennis court and other building renovations.							
As compared to the prior year, Other Liabilities increased by: This increase was primarily due to the recognizing the transfer to be made to the Capital Fund for the tennis court and building renovations.							

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (con't)

(a) Net Position (con't)

As of June 30, 2019, Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased by \$ 338,214

This decrease is primarily due to actuarial valuations for calculating the amounts required for future payments to the Teachers' Retirement

System, the New York State and Local Retirement System, and for Other Post Employment Benefits.

The net assets invested in capital assets is calculated by subtracting the total amounts of accumulated depreciation from the total cost of major asset acquisitions. The total cost of these acquisitions includes expenditures to purchase land; construct and improve buildings; and purchase vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations. Including additions, deletions, and the depreciation expensed for the year, the net Investment in Capital Assets decreased by:

\$ 34,663

The Unrestricted Funds in Net Position at June 30, 2019 is a deficit of: \$ (8,952,601) This deficit represents the amount by which the District's liabilities less the Restricted Funds exceeded the District's total assets minus the capital assets. The decrease results primarily from the required accrual of all the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability of the Other Post Employment Retirement Benefits.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE, cont.

(b) Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 20, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

						INCREASE	%	
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	_	(DECREASE)	CHANGE	
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	70,845	\$	57,606	\$	13,239	22.98%	
Charges for Services	Þ	20,194	Ф	24,471	Ф	(4,277)	-17.48%	
General Revenues		20,194		24,471		(4,277)	-17.4870	
Property Taxes		2,813,827		2,751,857		61,970	2.25%	
Other Real Property Tax Items		42,409		44,308		(1,899)	-4.29%	
State and Federal Aid		704,944		702,036		2,908	0.41%	
Use of Money and Property		26,194		438		25,756	5880.37%	
Miscellaneous		30,306		15,279		15,027	98.35%	
TI DOCUME OF D		30,300		13,279		13,027	90.3370	
Total Revenues	\$	3,708,719	\$	3,595,995	\$	112,724	3.13%	
Expenses								
General Support	\$	1,028,322	\$	677,609	\$	350,713	51.76%	
Instruction		2,696,567		8,535,392		(5,838,825)	-68.41%	
Pupil Transportation		109,379		100,978		8,401	8.32%	
Community Service								
Debt Service - Interest						-		
Depreciation		159,388		150,874		8,514	5.64%	
School Lunch Program		27,968		32,496		(4,528)	-13.93%	
Total Expenses	\$	4,021,624	\$	9,497,349	\$	(5,475,725)	-57.66%	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_					
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(312,905)	\$	(5,901,354)	\$	5,588,449	94.70%	
mercuse (Decrease) mirec rosmon	Ψ.	(312,703)	=	(3,701,334)	Ψ =	3,366,449	54.7070	
Revenues for the District as a whole increased	by 3.13	3% in 2019 as com	pare	d to 2018, for a t	otal	amount of:	\$ 112,724	
Only two categories, Other Real Property Tax							\$ 6,176	
As a percentage, total expenses recognized for the District as a whole, decreased in 2019 as compared to 2018 by This was primarily due to the GASB 75 liability for the accrual of Post Retirement Health Costs remaining fairly								
constant at approximately \$10 million. This res							\$4,021,624	

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2019, the School District's governmental funds reported a combined balance of: This is a decrease of \$56,344 over the prior year's total of \$1,862,494. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

\$ 1,918,838

				ь. І	Increase/
General Fund		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	C	Decrease)
Nonspendable	\$	73,480	\$ 84,010	\$	(10,530)
Restricted for:					2 D S
Retirement Contribution		80,000	80,000		-
Insurance		40,000	20,000		20,000
Tax Certiorari		33,311	32,730		581
Capital		116,683	448,259		(331,576)
Repairs		52,780	51,860		920
Assigned		939,900	876,589		63,311
Unassigned	A-7.7	283,942	257,571		26,371
Total General Fund	\$	1,620,096	\$ 1,851,019	\$	(230,923)
School Lunch Fund					
Nonspendable	\$	1,303	\$ 1,102	\$	201
Assigned		9,788	10,373		(585)
Unassigned			_		-
Total School Lunch	\$	11,091	\$ 11,475	\$	(384)
Capital Projects Fund					
Restricted	\$	287,651	\$ -	\$	287,651
Total Fund Balance (Deficit) - All Funds	\$	1,918,838	\$ 1,862,494	\$	56,344

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

(a) 2018 - 2019 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2019 was:

\$\$4,067,872\$

This represents an increase over the prior year's adopted budget of:

77,630

2,813,827

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance.

The majority of this funding was through real property taxes of:

\$\$

(b) Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance." The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	257,571
Revenues over Budget		240,100
Expenditures under Budget		204,576
Net (Increase) Decrease to Reserved Funds		257,294
Appropriated for June 30, 2020	415	(675,599)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	283,942

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$ 257,571 shown above is that part of the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 fund balance that was retained unassigned. This was 6.33% of the approved operating budget for the District's 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Revenues Over Budget

For 2018-2019 the budget for revenues was \$ 3,394,700 without the inclusion of the prior year's appropriated fund balance. The actual revenues received for the fiscal year 2018-2019 were \$ 3,634,800 also without the inclusion of the prior year's appropriated fund balance. The actual received exceeded the above budgeted amount by \$ 240,100

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, cont. For the Fiscal Tear Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The School District's 2018-2019 final budget for expenditures was	\$ 4,070,300
The School District's actual expenditures and encumbrances were	\$ 3,882,062
Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than budget by	\$ 188,238

Appropriated Fund Balance

At year end the District has chosen to use \$ 997,040 of the fund balance available to partially fund its operating budget for the school year 2019-2020. \$285,000 is appropriated to planned balance and \$712,040 is appropriated to the 2019-2020 tax levy.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

As evidenced in the table summarizing fund balance activity above, the District commences the 2019-2020 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$ 283,942, which is an increase of \$ 26,371 in the unassigned fund balance from the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

6 CAPITAL ASSETS

(a) Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and imrovements and equipment. The net decrease in capital assets is due to capital additions less accumulated depreciation recorded for the year ended June 30, 2019. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

		2019		2018		INCREASE (DECREASE)
Land	\$	6,919	\$	6,919	\$	
Buildings and Improvements		1,180,077		1,281,851		(101,774)
Machinery and Equipment	-	274,629	_	207,518		67,111
Total Capital Net Assets	\$	1,461,625	\$	1,496,288	\$_	(34,663)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- The District increased the appropriated fund balance applied to the 2019-20 operating budget by \$2,431 from \$673,168 to \$675,599.
- A Property Tax Freeze Credit which covers a four year period was enacted by the state legislature. The District has managed its finances and proper voter approvals, when necessary, to comply with this law.
- The School District will likely experience increases in ERS and TRS employer contribution rates in the future. The same is true for health insurance premiums, particularly the ones obligated to be recognized under postemployment retirement benefits.
- The School District is aware that it continues to face declining enrollments. It is actively networking and researching solutions to ameliorate and/or overcome this.
- The voters approved a major capital expenditure project for building and land improvements (tennis courts). Plans are to fund this capital project by issuing bonds, approximating \$3,500,000.

8. CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the School District's finances. Furthermore, it is designed to also show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. It is hoped that this will be accomplished for all the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and future creditors.

Questions about this report may be addressed to the Business Office, Long Lake Central School, P. O. Box 217, Long Lake, NY 12847-0217.

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Unrestricted cash 322,735 Restricted cash 322,775 Receivables 322,755 Receivables 54,416 Other receivables, net of allowance for receivables 287,767 Inventory 1,333 Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share 138,775 Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 1,461,625 Total Assets \$ 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses \$ 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 11,303,631 Other Postemployment	ASSETS		
Restricted cash 322,775 Receivables 54,416 Other receivables, net of allowance for receivables 287,767 Inventory 1,303 Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share 138,775 Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 1,461,625 Total Assets \$ 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses \$ 73,479 Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities 11,303,631 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits	Unrestricted cash	\$	1,637,375
Receivables	Restricted cash	2372	
Other receivables, net of allowance for receivables 287,767 Inventory 1,330 Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share 138,775 Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 1,461,625 Total Assets 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Not Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefi	Receivables		
Other receivables, net of allowance for receivables 287,767 Inventory 1,303 Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share 1,861,625 Total Assets \$ 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses \$ 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 3894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Not Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits	State and Federal aid receivable		54,416
Inventory	Other receivables, net of allowance for receivables		
Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share 138,775 Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 1,461,625 Total Assets 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses \$ 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 3,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Other governments 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10ther Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL	Inventory		
Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) 1,461,625 Total Assets 3,904,036 PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 28,487 Due To 28,487 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Not Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities 11,303,631 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFE	Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share		
PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS Prepaid expenses	Capital assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		
Prepaid expenses 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To Other funds 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liabilities 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit)	Total Assets	\$	
Prepaid expenses 73,479 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To Other funds 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liabilities 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit)	PROVISIONS TO BE MADE IN FUTURE BUDGETS		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,259,684 Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 Total assets \$ 5,894,203 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 93,868 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Urnestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Po		\$	73 470
Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits Deferred Outflow-Pensions 657,004 657,004	and the state of t	Ψ	13,419
Deferred Outflow-Pensions	DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflow-Pensions	Deferred Outflow-Other Post Employment Benefits		1,259,684
Accounts payable			
Accounts payable			
Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 5 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	Total assets	\$	5,894,203
Accounts payable \$ 28,487 Due To 287,651 Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 5 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Total liabilities 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	LIABILITIES		
Due To Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 93,868 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)		•	28 487
Other funds 287,651 Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 93,868 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)		Ф	20,407
Other governments 39 Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	F102-76-75		287.651
Teachers' retirement system 128,000 Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)			
Employees' retirement system 14,100 Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share 93,868 Noncurrent Liabilities 10,751,486 Due in more Than One Year 10,751,486 Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)			
Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share Noncurrent Liabilities Due in more Than One Year Other Postemployment Benefits Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position Posterional Share 93,868 10,751,486 10,751,486 11,303,631 216,979 216,979 216,979 1,254,144 12,774,754 12,774,754 13,461,625 610,425 14,61,625 610,425 15,774,754 16,8952,601) 17,161,1625 18,952,601) 18,952,601) 18,952,601) 18,952,601)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0-
Noncurrent Liabilities Due in more Than One Year Other Postemployment Benefits Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position TOTAL LIABILITIES (8,952,601) Total Net Position TOTAL LIABILITIES (10,425) TOTAL LIABILITIES			
Due in more Than One Year Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486			93,808
Other Postemployment Benefits 10,751,486 Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) \$ (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	SC STATE SALES SALES SALES CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE		
Total liabilities \$ 11,303,631 DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions 216,979 Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)			10.751.486
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow-Pensions Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position 1,254,144 12,774,754 12,774,754 1461,625 610,425 (8,952,601) (8,952,601) (6,880,551)			10,751,100
Deferred Inflow-Pensions Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position 1216,979 1,254,144 12774,754 12,774,754 1461,625 610,425 (8,952,601) (8,952,601) (6,880,551)	Total liabilities	\$	11,303,631
Deferred Inflow-Pensions Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position 1216,979 1,254,144 12774,754 12,774,754 1461,625 610,425 (8,952,601) (8,952,601) (6,880,551)	DEFERRED INFLOW OF DESCRIPCES		
Deferred Inflow-Other Post Employment Benefits 1,254,144 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES 12,774,754 NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)			216.070
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position \$ 12,774,754 \$ 1,461,625 610,425 (8,952,601) \$ (6,880,551)			- 5
NET ASSETS Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	Belefied filliow-other rost Employment Benefits		1,254,144
Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt) \$ 1,461,625 Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	12,774,754
Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	NET ASSETS		
Restricted 610,425 Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	Investment in Capital Assets (Net of Related Debt)	\$	1.461.625
Unrestricted (Deficit) (8,952,601) Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)			
Total Net Position \$ (6,880,551)	Unrestricted (Deficit)		
TOTAL AND DAY AND DAY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		\$	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION \$ 5,894,203		-	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	5,894,203

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

	:- <u>-</u>	EXPENSES	99 -	PROGRAM REV CHARGES FOR SERVICES	VENUES OPERATING GRANTS		TOTAL
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community service	\$	1,070,766 2,807,852 113,889	\$	6,469	32,499	\$	(1,070,766) (2,768,884) (113,889)
Employee benefits Debt service		- -					Ē
Other expenses School lunch program		- 29,116		13,725	27,687		12,296
Total Functions & Programs	\$_	4,021,623	\$_	20,194	60,186	\$	(3,941,243)
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services						\$	2,813,827 42,409
Nonproperty taxes Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous Interfund Revenue							26,194 8,600 21,705
State and Federal sources Medicaid reimbursement Total General Revenues						<u>\$</u>	715,603
Change in Net Position							(312,905)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year						\$	(6,567,646)
Total Net Position - End of Year						\$	(6,880,551)

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL		SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS						-	10112		TOTAL
CASH									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,627,047	\$		\$	10,328	\$		\$	1,637,375
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	322,775								322,775
RECEIVABLES									*******
Accounts Receivable	116								116
Due From Other Funds	0						287,651		287,651
State & Federal Aid	52,487				1,929				54,416
Taxes Receivable	-								-
Due From Other Governments	¥								
INVENTORIES					1,303				1,303
PREPAID EXPENSES	73,479								73,479
				_		-			
								5 5	
Total Assets \$	2,075,904	* *=	<u> </u>	. \$_	13,560	\$_	287,651	\$_	2,377,115
I I A DIL ITURO								_	
LIABILITIES									
PAYABLES		525							
Accounts Payable \$	28,487	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	28,487
Due To									
Other Funds	287,321				330				287,651
Other Governments	-				39				39
Teachers' Retirement System	128,000								128,000
Employees' Retirement System	12,000				2,100				14,100
DEFERRED CREDITS									
Planned Balance									
Flanned Balance		-				(****		_	
Total Liabilities \$	455 909	ø.		•	2.460	•			
Total Elabilities 5	455,808	\$_		\$_	2,469	\$_		\$_	458,277
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION									
Nonspendable \$	73,480	\$		ø	1 202	•		0	
Restricted	322,774	Ф		\$	1,303	\$	207.651	\$	74,783
Assigned	939,900				0.700		287,651		610,425
Unassigned (Deficit)					9,788				949,688
Ollassighed (Deficit)	283,942								283,942
-		-		_		_		_	-
Total Fund Balance/Net Position \$	1,620,096	2		¢	11 001	e.	207 (51	Φ.	1.010.000
- Start and Dataneo/Not i Ostrion	1,020,090	\$	-	\$	11,091	\$_	287,651	\$_	1,918,838
Total Liabilities and Net Position \$_	2,075,904	\$:=:	\$	13,560	\$	287,651	\$	2,377,115

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Financial Statements.

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Bala	ances		_\$_	1,918,838
Amounts reported for government Position are different because	mental activities in the Statement of Net:			- T-
equipment) financed from as expenditures in the ye do not appear on the bala of Net Position includes	acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, m the governmental funds are reported ar they are incurred, and the assets ance sheet. However, the Statement those capital assets among the assets a whole, and their original costs are heir useful lives.			
	ginal Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 4,804,523		
Acc	umulated Depreciation	(3,342,898)		1,461,625
participation in the state retires	rm assets and liabilities associated with ment system and amounts due for Other Po ns are not reported in the funds.	ost		
	Pension Asset - Proportionate share	\$ 138,775		
	erred Outflows- Pensions	657,004		
	erred Outflows- OPEB Pension Liability - Proportionate share	1,259,684		
	erred Inflows - Pensions	(93,868) (216,979)		34
	rred Inflows - OPEB	(1,254,144)		
				490,472
Long-term liabilities, including current period and, therefore, a Long-term liabilities at year en				
Other	r Post Employment Liabilities		(1	0,751,486)
Total Net Position		=	\$ ((6,880,551)

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	9	GENERAL	S	PECIAL <u>AID</u>		CHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL		TOTAL
REVENUES										
Real property taxes	\$	2,813,827	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	2,813,827
Other real property tax items	3.00	42,409	109611						Ψ	42,409
School lunch sales		900 4 00.703				13,725				13,725
Charges for services		6,469				2				6,469
Use of money and property		26,192				2				26,194
Sale of property and compensation for loss		8,600								8,600
Interfund Revenue										0
Miscellaneous		21,700				5				21,705
State aid		704,944		=		24,658				729,602
Federal aid		10,659		32,499		3,029				46,187
Total Revenues	\$	3,634,800	\$	32,499	\$	41,419	\$		\$	3,708,718
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	633,895	\$		\$	54,632	\$	-	\$	688,527
Instruction	-	1,458,122	-	32,499	-	5 1,052	•		Ψ	1,490,621
Pupil transportation		109,379		-						109,379
Community service										107,577
School lunch program						27,968				27,968
Employee benefits		1,172,950				38,203				1,211,153
Debt service										
Capital Outlay								124,725		124,725
Total expenditures	\$	3,374,346	\$	32,499	\$	120,803	\$	124,725	\$	3,652,373
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	260,454	\$	-	\$	(79,384)	\$	(124,725)	\$	56,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers from other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,000	\$	412,376	\$	491,376
Transfers to other funds	#	(491,376)	:5:			,	•	,.,.		(491,376)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(491,376)	¢.	<u> </u>	\$	79,000	\$	412,376	\$	
Total Office I mattering Sources (Oses)		(491,370)	Ф		Ф	79,000	D.	412,376	_\$	
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures and										
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(230,922)	\$	-	\$	(384)	\$	287,651	\$	56,345
Rounding adjustments		(1)								(1)
Fund Balances, Beginning of year		1,851,019				11,475				1,862,494
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	1,620,096	\$	% =	\$	11,091	\$	287,651	\$	1,918,838

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Go	overnmental Funds		\$ 56,345
Capital Outlays to purchase or build capital governmental funds as expenditures. However, activities, those costs are shown in the statemallocated over their useful lives as depreciation statement of activities. This is the amount be exceeded Capital Outlays in the period.	ver, for governmental ment of net position and ion expense in the		
	Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	\$ (159,388) 124,725	(34,663)
Certain expenses in the statement of activitie use of current financial resources and, therefore expenditures in governmental funds.		\$ 5,209 (339,795)	(334,586)
Rounding			-1
Changes in Net Position Governmental Activ	rities		\$ (312,905)

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Private Purpose Trusts	-	Agency
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Total Assets	\$ \$	93,069 - - 93,069	\$	2,602 - - 2,602
Liabilities Payables Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ \$	1,600 - 1,600	\$	2,602 - 2,602
Net Position Restricted for Scholarships Assigned Total Net Position	\$ \$	17,682 73,787 91,469		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	93,069		

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Private Purpose Trusts
Additions		
Gifts and Contributions	\$	16,417
Use of Money and Property Unrealized Gain on Investment		1,560
Total Revenues	\$	17,977
Deductions Scholarships and Awards		16,843
	_	10,015
Change in Net Position	\$	1,134
Net Position, Beginning of Year	\$	90,335
Net Position, End of Year	\$ _	91,469

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Long Lake Central School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as they apply to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the School District are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal members.

The reporting entity of the School District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds – The Extraclassroom activity funds
of the School District represent funds of the students of the School
District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these
funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the

School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the School District's business office. The School District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

2. Joint Venture

The School District is a component district in the Franklin Essex Hamilton County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES' Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES' property is held by the BOCES' Board as a corporation [§1950(6)]. In addition, BOCES' Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the School District was billed \$ 184,172 for BOCES' administrative and program costs. Financial statements for the BOCES' are available from the Franklin Essex Hamilton Counties BOCES' administrative office.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. District-Wide statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

The fund statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the School District are displayed as major funds. The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund. This accounts for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> To account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of Federal and State grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

School Lunch Fund - This fund is used to account for transactions of the School District's lunch and breakfast programs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund:</u> – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

3. Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the School District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

D. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. The District's cash and investment policies are governed by State statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust

companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Investments are stated at fair value. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

F. PROPERTY TAXES

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education and become a lien no later than September 1. Taxes are collected during the period from September 1 to October 31. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Hamilton. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the county for enforcement is paid by the county to the School District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.

G. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

H. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSFERS

The operations of the School District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Assets for due to and due from other funds represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is shown in Note 10 to the financial statements.

I. INVENTORIES

The inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end balances are not maintained.

J. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The School District uses capitalization thresholds of \$5,000, (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts). The School District uses the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements:

	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life In Yrs			
Buildings	Straight Line	40 Years			
Building improvements	Straight Line	20 Years			
Land improvements	Straight Line	10-20 Years			
Furniture and equipment	Straight Line	5-15 Years			
Infrastructure	Straight Line	50 Years			

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportional share of total contributions not included in pension expense.

L. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportional share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

M. VESTED EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The School District's employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees do not receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB, there is no accrual for accumulated sick leave or compensated absences at year end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

N. RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District's employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

O. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes would be recorded as a liability of the

fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. RANs represent a liability that would be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

P. ACCRUED LIABILITIES and LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Assets.

Q. <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u>

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the School district has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

R. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The School District changed accounting policies related to the financial statement presentation of other post employee benefits (OPEB) with the adoption of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides governments guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes for certain post employee benefits and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

S. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

a. District-wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – reports Net Position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – reports all other Net Positions that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

b. Fund Statements

The School District follows GASB's authoritative guidance under GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-Spendable

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund.

Restricted Resources

This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements.

The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

1. Retirement Contribution Reserve -

According to General Municipal Law Sec. 6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The Reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Tax Certiorari

Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law Section 3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed that amount, which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Capital Reserve

According to Education Law Sec 3651, this reserve must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund required authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set for in Sec. 3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

4. Reserve for Endowments and Scholarships

This reserve is used to account for various endowment and scholarship awards. This reserve is accounted for in the Private Purpose Trust Fund, a Fiduciary Fund.

5. Insurance Reserve

The amount reserved for insurance is to pay for liabilities and casualties that are not covered by other types of insurance policies carried by the School District.

6. Reserve for Repairs

The Repair Reserve is established to pay for any emergency repair required for any of the property, plant, or equipment operated by the School District. The funds may be expended without a public hearing, but such a hearing is required to take place within a matter of days prior to the expenditure.

Unrestricted Resources: When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

1. Committed -

Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority; i.e. the Board of Education.

Assigned –

Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances other than in the Capital Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the respective fund. The amount appropriated for the subsequent year's budget of the General fund is also classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund.

3. Unassigned –

Includes all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District. In other Governmental Funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned, then it may be necessary to report negative unassigned Fund Balances in the respective fund.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, (e.g. expenditures related to reserves) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the School District and then determine the order of expenditures to which the fund balance classification will be charged.

T. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities
 Effective for the year ended June 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases
 Effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 2 – DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource management focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource management focus of the governmental funds.

A. TOTAL FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARED TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Total fund balances of the School District's governmental funds differ from "net assets" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

B. <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN</u> <u>FUND BALANCE COMPARED TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u>

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

<u>Long-Term Revenue Differences</u> – Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

<u>Capital Related Differences</u> – Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as

reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

<u>Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences</u> – Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas, interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Employee Benefit Allocation</u> – Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated a specific function on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated based on total salary for each function

<u>Pension Differences</u> – Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

Fund Balance Limitations

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balances of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's unassigned fund balance was 6.78% of the 2019 - 2020 budget.

Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education and the voters of the School District for the General fund for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The budget and actual comparison for the Special Revenue Funds, (if any) reflects budgeted and actual amounts only for funds with legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the School district does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the School district's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- A. Uncollateralized;
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the School District's total bank balances of \$1,434,305 were fully collateralized by securities held by an agent of the pledging financial institution in the School District's name and FDIC insurance. They were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

During the Fiscal Year, the District began depositing money in NYCLASS, "New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System." This system enables the District to invest funds on a cooperative basis in short-term investments in accordance with General Municipal Law (GML) Section 10. Depending on the securities selected, they are either backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or New York State, and therefore do not require collateral. Other types of securities investments are collateralized in compliance with NYS GML Section 10 and the NYCLASS Investment Policy. Repurchase Agreements are collateralized 102% by either U.S. Treasuries or U.S. Agencies. Certificates of Deposit (CD) are collateralized by Federal Home Loan Bank Letters of Credit.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Restricted cash of \$ 718,312 in the General Fund represents the following:

Description	Amount
Retirement Contribution	\$ 80,000
Insurance	40,000
Capital Reserve	116,683
Repair Reserve	52,780
Reserve for Tax Certiorari	33,311
Total	\$ 322,774

Restricted cash of \$ 17,682 in the Fiduciary Funds represents funds gifted to the school district for scholarships and awards.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

ASSET COST	į	BEGINNING BALANCE	NET NCREASE DECREASE)	J	ENDING BALANCE
LAND	\$	6,919		\$	6,919
LAND IMPROVEMENTS		227,928	12,350		240,278
BUILDING		3,446,114	=		3,446,114
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT		998,837	112,375		1,111,212
	\$	4,679,798	\$ 124,725	\$	4,804,523
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
LAND IMPROVEMENTS	\$	217,959	\$ 730	\$	218,689
BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENTS		2,174,232	113,394		2,287,626
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT		791,319	45,264		836,583
	\$	3,183,510	\$ 159,388	\$	3,342,898
	\$	1,496,288	\$ 34,663	\$	1,461,625

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Function/Program

General Support	\$ 42,445
Instruction	111,284
Pupil Transportation	4,511
School Lunch	1,148
Total Depreciation	\$159,388

NOTE 6 – NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

1. Noncurrent liability balances and activity are as follows:

	Beginning	Net	Ending
	Balance	<u>Increase</u>	Balance
Other Post-Employment Benefits	\$10,739,166	\$ 12,320	\$10,751,486

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

- 1. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)
- a. Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The Net Position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November 2014, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System maintains records and accounts, and prepares financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at:

www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (1b), cont.

The report may also be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

b) Contributions

The System is noncontributory for employees who joined prior to July 28, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 are required to contribute 3% of their annual salary for their entire working career. Employees who joined on or after April 1, 2012 must contribute at a specific percentage of earnings (between 3 and 6%) for their entire career. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. All required contributions for the NYSERS fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, were paid.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

<u>YEAR</u>	
2019	\$53,227
2018	\$54,238
2017	\$52,609

c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019 the District reported a liability of \$ 93,868 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the BOCES's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (1c), cont.

At June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 the District's allocation was 0.0013248% and 0.007903% respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OUTFLOWS OF	INFLOWS OF
	RESOURCES	RESOURCES
Differences between expected and		
Actual experience	\$18,485	\$ 6,301
Changes of Assumptions	23,595	0
Net difference between projected and		
Actual investment earnings		
On pension plan investments		24,092
Changes in proportion and differences		- ',
Between employer contributions	3	
And proportionate share of		
Contributions	5,424	7,629
Employer contributions subsequent to	-,	7,023
The measurement date	0	0
	\$ 47.504	\$ 38,022
	4 17,501	4 50,022

\$ 0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Because these contributions were made prior to March 31, 2019, they will not be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 18,398
2021	(18,667)
2022	(1,928)
2023	11,678
2024	0
Thereafter	0

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (1d), cont.

d) The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

Investment Rate of Return (net of investment expense including inflation)

7.00%

Salary scale:

3.80%

Decrement tables:

April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's Experience

Inflation rate:

2.50%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2019 are summarized below:

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (1d), cont.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	4.55%
International Equity	6.35%
Private Equity	7.50%
Real Estate	5.55%
Absolute Return Strategies	3.75%
Opportunistic Portfolio	5.68%
Real Assets	5.29%
Bonds & Mortgages	1.31%
Cash	(0.25%)
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.25%

e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (1f), cont.

f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate assumption of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
Proportionate share of			
The Net Pension			
Liability (Asset)	\$ 410,405	\$93,868	(\$172,046)

g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report.

h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The District has recorded an amount due to ERS in the amount of \$14,100 at June 30, 2019. This amount represents the three months of the District's fiscal year that will be covered in the ERS 2019-2020 billing cycle and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

2. New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

a) Plan Description

The District participates in the New York Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2a), cont.

The TRS was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. TRS is administered by the system and governed by a ten member board to provide these benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the New York State Law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and membership class (6 tiers). The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains basic financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. For additional plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the TRS website located at www.nystrs.org.

b) Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members who have less than 10 years of service or membership are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2b), cont.

conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

The required employer contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
2019	\$ 141,408
2018	\$ 167,315
2017	\$ 161,015

 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported an asset of \$138,775 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion of net pension asset was 0.007674% and 0.007903%, respectively.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2c), cont.

At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and	·	*
Actual experience	\$103,705	\$ 18,785
Changes of assumptions	485,109	
Net difference between projected and		
Actual investment earnings		
On pension plan investments		154,051
Changes in proportion and differences		
Between employer contributions and		
Proportionate share of contributions	20,686	6,121
Employer contributions subsequent to		
The measurement date	0	0
Total	\$ 609,500	<u>\$178,957</u>

The District reported \$0 as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Since \$0 was made after the measurement date, \$0 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2019	\$141,711
2020	97,052
2021	12,572
2022	96,725
2023	65,334
Thereafter	17,150

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2c), cont.

d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset at June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return:

7.25% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Salary scale:

Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.

YEARS OF	
SERVICE	RATE
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1 90%

Projected COLA's: 1.5% compounded annually

Inflation rate: 2.5%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2c), cont.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of June 30, 2016 is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	35.0%	5.9%
International Equity	18.0%	7.4%
Real Estate	11.0%	4.3%
Alternative Investments	8.0%	9.0%
Domestic fixed Income		
Securities	16.0%	1.6%
Global fixed		
Income securities	2.0%	1.3%
High Yield Fixed Income	2	
Securities	1.0%	3.9%
Mortgages	8.0%	2.8%
Short-term	1.0%	0.6%

^{*}Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for 2017.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS, (2d), cont.

e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from the District will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	n Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of			
The net pension			
liability (assets)	\$ 953,406	(\$138,775)	(\$1,053,719)

g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS, (2d), cont.

h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The District has recorded an amount due to TRS in the amount of \$128,000 in the General Fund at June 30, 2019. This amount represents contributions for the 2018 - 2019 fiscal year that will be made in 2019 - 2020 and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The School District provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees, spouses, and covered dependents while contributing a portion of these expenses.

The Plan does not issue a stand alone publicly available financial report since there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

The School District provides medical and prescription drug benefits to its eligible retirees. Dental, vision, and life insurance benefits are available with select classes of employees. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the School District's contractual agreements. The Plans can be amended by action of the School District through agreements with the bargaining units.

C. EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

	2019
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	29
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
Payments	0
Active Employees	<u>29</u>
Total	58

2010

D. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The District's total OPEB liability of \$10,751,486 was measured as of July 1, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

E. <u>CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</u>

_	2019
Beginning at July 1, 2017 \$	10,751,486
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	437,967
Interest Cost	395,554
Changes in Benefit Terms	0
Differences between expected and actual	
Experience	853,797
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs	(1,254,144)
Benefit Payments (including implicit subsidy)	405,887
Net Changes	839,061
Balance at July 1, 2018	11,590,547

F. <u>SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGE IN THE DISCOUNT RATE</u>

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	2.6%	3.6%	4.6%
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	\$ 9,096,679	\$10,751,486	\$12,895,368

NOTE 8 – POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, con't.

G. <u>OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 339,795. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual Experience Changes of assumptions Contributions subsequent to the	\$ 853,797	\$1,254,144
measurement date	405,887	0
Total	\$ 1,259,684	\$1,254,144

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ (87,839)
2021	(87,839)
2022	(87,839)
2023	(84,584)
2024 and Thereafter	(52,246)

NOTE 8 – POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, con't.

H. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and the measurement date of July 1, 2017. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date

July 1, 2017

Measurement Date

July 1, 2018

Reporting Date

June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal – Level Percent of Pay

Plan Type

Single Employer Defined Benefit Plan

Discount Rate

3.87% as of the measurement date

Source: Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO

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Salary Scale

3%

Rate of Inflation

2.2%

Mortality – Actives

The RPH-2014 Mortality Table for

employees, sex distinct, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward with scale MP-

2017.

Mortality – Retirees

The RPH-2014 Mortality Table for Healthy Annuitants, sex distinct, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward with scale MP-2017.

2017.

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, con't.

Discount Rate

3.87%, as of the measurement date.

Source: Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO

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NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		erfund eivable	Interfund Payable	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	erfund venue	Interfund Expenditures		
General Fund	\$	0	\$287,321	\$	0	\$ 491	,376	
Special Aid Fund		0	0		0		0	
Capital Fund	287	,651	0	412	2,376		0	
School Lunch Fund		0	330	79	9,000		0	
Trust and Agency Fund TOTAL	\$ 287	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> \$ 287,651	\$ 49	<u>0</u>	<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	

Interfund Receivables and Payables are considered temporary. The School District intends to repay the amounts within the next fiscal year.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet.

		_(GENERAL	5	SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL <u>FUND</u>		TOTAL
Nonspendable				1							
Prepaid Exper	ses	\$	73,480	\$		\$		\$		S	73,480
School Lunch	Inventory		_	e/ e/			1,303				1,303
Total Nor	spendable	\$	73,480	\$_	-	\$_	1,303	\$_	•	s_	74,783
Restricted											
Retirement Co	ntribution Reserve	\$	80,000							\$	80,000
Insurance			40,000								40,000
Tax Certiorari			33,311								33,311
Capital			116,683						287,651		404,334
Repairs			52,780								52,780
Total Rest	ricted	\$	322,774	\$_		\$		s_	287,651	s_	610,425
Assigned											
School Lunch		\$		S		\$	9,788			\$	9,788
General Fund -											323
\ Appropria	ted Fund Balance		939,900								939,900
Capital Fund											=
Appropriated I	und Balance										
		s	939,900	\$	-	\$_	9,788	\$_	-	\$	949,688
Unassigned		s	283,942	s_		s_		s_		s	283,942
Total Fund Bala	ance (Deficit)	s	1,620,096	\$_	-	\$_	11,091	s_	287,651	s	1,918,838

The following is a summary of the change in reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2019:

	_	Balance at 7/1/2018	200 0	Additions/ Deletions	· <u>·</u>	7/1/2019
General Fund					8 5	
Retirement Contribution	S	80,000	S	-	\$	80,000
Insurance		20,000		20,000		40,000
Tax Certiorari		32,730		3		33,311
Capital		448,259		(331,576)		116,683
Repairs	_	51,860		920	· ·	52,780
Total General Fund	s	632,849	S	(310,653)	s _	322,774

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. The Long Lake Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

Because the School District employs less than 50 people it doesn't qualify to participate in the Franklin Essex Hamilton BOCES Health Insurance Consortium, sponsored by Franklin Essex Hamilton BOCES and its component districts. As a result, Long Lake Central School District now has its health insurance coverage with the New York State Health Insurance Plan (NYSHIP).

Long Lake Central School District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss such as general liability.

B. LITIGATION

Per legal counsel, there were no lawsuits pending as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. POTENTIAL GRANTOR LIABILITY

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE <u>13 – NET POSITION DEFICIT – DISTRICT WIDE</u>

The District-wide Net Position had a total net position deficit of \$6,880,551. The deficit is primarily the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$10,751,486 at June 30, 2019. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit in subsequent years.

REVENUES	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	· ·	FINAL BUDGET	-	ACTUAL		FINAL BUDGET VARIANCE WITH ACTUAL
Local Sources:								
Real property taxes	\$	2,813,826	\$	2,813,826	\$	2,813,827	\$	1
Other real property tax items		38,174		38,174		42,409		4,235
Charges for services		4,300		4,300		6,469		2,169
Use of money and property		400		400		26,192		25,792
Sale of property & compensation for loss		-		-		8,600		8,600
Miscellaneous		-		_		21,700		21,700
State aid		538,000		538,000		704,944		166,944
Federal aid	-	-	-	-	8 -	10,659		10,659
Total Revenues & Other Sources	\$_	3,394,700	\$_	3,394,700	\$_	3,634,800	\$_	240,100
Other Financing Sources								
Appropriated fund balance Interfund transfers from	\$	673,172	\$_	675,599	\$		\$	(675,599)
Total Revenues & Other Financing Sources	\$_	4,067,872	\$_	4,070,299	\$_	3,634,800	\$_	(435,499)

EXPENDITURES	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		YEAR-END ENCUMBRANCES		FINAL BUDGET VARIANCE WITH ACTUAL AND ENCUMBRANCES
General support: Board of education	s	27,437	s	28,237	s	15,542			s	10.00
Central administration	3	130,712	3	130,249	2	121,818	\$	220	3	,
Finance		100 miles		100000000000000000000000000000000000000				330		8,101
Staff		136,640		136,640		130,594				6,046
Central services		37,150		37,150		9,447		•		27,703
		362,655		357,421		312,280		-		45,141
Special items	_	31,350		31,350		44,214				(12,864)
Total General Support	s_	725,944	. s_	721,047	. ^{\$} _	633,895	. s ₋	330	\$	86,822
Instruction:	-	5 0.010		/a a			_		-	52/222
Instruction, administration & improvement	\$	59,940	S	62,940	\$	45,418	\$	12 2000	\$	
Teaching - regular school Programs for children with		1,068,791		1,090,152		1,004,503		1,203		84,446
special needs		175,879		175,879		91,331				84,548
Total Occupational Education		20000100000		\$25550 Aug. 1225		0.050.000				
Grades 9 - 12		30,000		30,000		15,992				14,008
Teaching - special schools		35,324		35,324		22,755		100		12,469
Instructional media		163,308		145,308		78,784		14,448		52,076
Pupil services		217,601		221,565		199,339		259		21,967
Total Instruction	s_	1,750,843	s_	1,761,168	s_	1,458,122	s	16,010	S	287,036
Pupil transportation	S	135,199	\$	135,199	S	109,379			\$	25,820
Community services										
Employee benefits		1,353,281		1,350,281		1,172,950				177,331
Debt Service	_		- 179						8 52	
Total Expenditures	_	3,965,267	\$_	3,967,695	S	3,374,346	S	16,340	S	577,009
Other Financing Uses										
Interfund transfers to	_	102,605	-	102,605	-	491,376	_			(388,771)
Total Expenditures & Other Uses	s_	4,067,872	s_	4,070,300	s_	3,865,722	s	16,340	s	188,238
Net Change in Fund Balance					S	(230,922)				
Rounding						(1)				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						1,851,019				
Fund Balances - End of Year					S	1,620,096				

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - -

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OF OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FISCAL YEAR		UARIAL LUE OF		CTUARIAL ACCRUED	A	INFUNDED CTUARIAL ACCRUED JABILITY	FUNDED	C	COVERED	UAAL AS % OF COVERED
ENDING	AS	SETS	L	IABILITY-		(UAAL)	RATIO	P	AYROLL	PAYROLL
June 30, 2011	\$	-	\$	8,519,158	\$	8,519,158	0.00%	\$	1,500,269	568.00%
June 30, 2012	\$	-	\$	8,875,581	\$	8,875,581	0.00%	\$	1,557,322	570.00%
June 30, 2013	\$	-	\$	9,961,563	\$	9,961,563	0.00%	\$	1,505,473	662.00%
June 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	10,483,944	\$	10,483,944	0.00%	\$	1,498,352	700.00%
June 30, 2015	\$	-	\$	11,030,090	\$	11,030,090	0.00%	\$	1,691,496	652.00%
June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	7,774,220	\$	7,774,220	0.00%	\$	1,725,032	451.00%
June 30, 2017	\$	-	\$	8,084,400	\$	8,084,400	0.00%	\$	1,738,650	465.00%
June 30, 2018	\$	14.5	\$	10,739,166	\$	10,739,166	0.00%	\$	1,709,159	465.00%
June 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	10,751,486	\$	10.751.486	0.00%	\$	1,629,171	660.00%

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ERS PENSION PLAN

2013	62,071	62,071	ĭ	297,780	20.84%
	€S		<u>ده</u>	€9	
2014	70,541 \$	70,541		\$ 360,043	19.59%
2015	71,421 \$	71,421	\$	3 410,758	17.39%
2016	75,462 \$	75,462		\$ 521,726 \$	14.46%
2017	52,609 \$	52,609	 	\$ 375,149	14.02%
2018	54,238 \$	54,238	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\$ 375,722	14.44%
2019	\$ 53,227 \$	53,227	\$	\$ 102,993	51.68%
=======================================	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	School District's Covered-ERS Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

TRS PENSION PLAN

* Restated

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ERS PENSION PLAN	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1324800%	0.0014386%	0.0013206%	0.0013346%	0.0014773%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	93,868	\$ 46,429	\$ 124,087	\$ 214,201	\$ 48,905
District's covered-employee payroll	102,993	\$ 375,722	\$ 375,149	\$ 521,726	\$ 410,764
District's proprotionate share of the net pension liability as a Percentage of its covered-employee payroll	91.14%	12.36%	33.08%	41.06%	11.91%
TRS PENSION PLAN	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset	0.7674000%	0.00790300%	0.00786900%	0.008042%	0.00782300%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	(138,775) \$	(60,071) \$	\$ 84,282	\$ (835,278)	\$ (871,424)
District's covered-employee payroll	1,187,820 \$	1,250,192	\$ 1,264,126	\$ 1,252,580	\$ 1,220,833
District's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset) As a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.68%	4.80%	6.67%	%89'99-	-71.38%

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET AND SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget				
Adopted Budget	\$	4,067,872		
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances	70 -	2,428	-1	
Original Budget and Encumbrances	\$	4,070,300	- ,;	
Final Budget	\$	4,070,300		
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation				
2019-2020 Voter Approved Expenditure Budget Maximum Allowed (4% of 2018 - 19 Budget)			\$	4,185,640 167,426
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:				
Unrestricted Fund Balance:				
Assigned Fund Balance	\$	939,900		
Unassigned Fund Balance		283,942		
Total Untrestricted Fund Balance	\$	1,223,842		
Less:				
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$	923,560		
Encumbrances Included in Committed and Assigned Fund Balance	,155 10	16,340		
Total Adjustments	\$	939,900		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Pro	perty Tax l	Law:	\$	283,942

6.78%

Actual Percentage

LONG LAKE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CNI	BALANCE June 30, 2015
	TOTAL
NCING	LOCAL
ETHODS OF FINA	- LOCAL STATE AID SOURCES TOTAL
METH	PROCEEDS OF OBLIGATIONS
	UNEXPENDED BALANCE
	TOTAL
\	YEAR
EXI	YEARS
	AUTHORIZATION
OBIGINAL	AUTHORIZATION
	PROJECT TITLE