## Englewood Public School District <br> Mathematics <br> Grade 5 <br> Third Marking Period

## Unit - Multiplying and Dividing Decimals

Overview: During this unit, students will multiply and divide decimals, volume, and graphing an equation.
Time Frame: Chapter 9 - 19 days, Chapter 15 - 17 days, Chapter 11.2 only - 5 days (2 days are included for supplemental resources.) (Pacing includes 1 day for Chapter Opener pages if needed.)

## Enduring Understandings:

Decimals can be multiplied and divided in the same way as whole numbers.
The volume of cubes and rectangular prisms can be expressed as the number of cubic units they contain.
The location of every point in the plane has a specific place.

## Essential Questions:

How can place value patterns be used to multiply and divide decimals?
How can multiplying and dividing decimals be used to solve real world problems?
How do you determine the volume of a given solid shape?
How do you read and plot points on a coordinate grid?

| Standards | Topics and Objectives | Activities | Resources | Assessments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Chapter 9 |  |  |  |  |

patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10 , and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of 10 .
Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10 .
5.NBT.B. 4 Use place value understanding to round decimals
to any place.
5.NBT.B.7. Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.

## 5.NF.B.5. Interpret

 multiplication as scaling (resizing), by:a. Comparing the size of a product to the size of one factor on the basis of the size of the

- Communication and Collaboration


## Objectives

Students will be able to:

- Multiply tenths and hundredths by a 1 -digit whole number.
- Multiply tenths and hundredths by 10,100 and 1000.
- Multiply tenths and hundredths by multiples of 10,100 and 1000 .
- Multiply decimals by 10 squared or 10 cubed.
- Divide tenths and hundredths by a 1-digit whole number.
- Round quotients to the nearest tenth or hundredth.
- Divide tenths and hundredths by 10,100 and 1000 .
- Divide tenths and hundredths by multiples of 10,100 and 1000 .
- Estimate decimals sums, differences, products and quotients.
- Solve real-world problems involving decimals.
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { http://www.playkidsgame } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Professional Resources: } \\ \text { s.com/games/mathfact/ma }\end{array} \\ \text { The Model Method from } \\ \text { the Ministry of Education }\end{array}\right\}$ d.com/


## Critical Thinking and

Problem Solving p.81:
Put on Your Thinking Cap! (9.2.8.B.3)

## Children's books:

https://www.the-best-childrens-books.org/math-for-kids.html

## More additional texts:

www.newsela.com
www.readworks.org www.commonlit.org

- Math notebook (NJSLSA.W2.)
- Calendar skills
- Observations
- Discussions: in groups, have students explain different ways of solving problems (CRP4)
- Multiple choice / short answer assessments
- Mini quizzes assess just one topic, or what was done within 1 or 2 days (CRP8)


## Summative Assessments:

## Math in Focus

Assessments
Chapter Review/Test - pp
83-84
Assessments 5 - pp.77-80
ExamView Assessment
Suite - Test and Practice
Generator
Alternative Assessments:
Learning centers: each learning center focuses on a different type of problem



Chapter 15 (skip 15.2-15.3)
5.MID.A.1. Convert among different-sized standard measurement units within a given measurement system (e.g., convert 5 cm to 0.05 m ), and use these conversions in solving multistep, real world problems.

## 5.MID.C.3. Recognize

 volume as an attribute of solid figures and understand concepts of volume measurement.a. A cube with side length 1 unit, called a "unit cube," is said to have "one cubic unit" of volume, and can be used to measure volume.

Finding the volume of rectangular prisms and relating these volumes to liquid measures.

Twenty-First Century Themes and Skills include:

- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Communication and Collaboration

Objectives
Students will be able to:

- Find the volumes of
5.MD.C Box of Clay SE -5B: 259-262; 275 5.MD.C. 5 Breaking Apart

Composite Solids
5.MD.C.5a using Volume
to Understand the
Associative Property of
Multiplication
5.MD.C.5b Cari's

Aquarium
5.MD.A.1, 5.NF.B. 3

Converting Fractions of a Unit into a Smaller Unit

Math Playground
http://www.mathplaygrou nd.com/

302
Workbook 5B: 167-168; 177-194

Common Core Focus Lesson Appendix

Think Central: Online access to all Math in Focus materials listed above and Virtual Manipulatives

Professional Resources: The Model Method from the Ministry of Education Singapore and Bar Modeling: A Bar

Formative Assessments:

- Do Now
- Exit Ticket
- Math Journal Entries (CRP4)
- Math notebook (NJSLSA.W2.)
- Calendar skills
- Observations
- Discussions: in groups, have students explain different ways of solving problems (CRP4)
- Multiple choice / short answer assessments
- Mini quizzes assess just one



|  | Khan Academy videos, lessons, assessments www.khanacademy.org (8.1.5.A.1) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Volume unit (complete with planner, standards, preassessments, activities, answer keys): <br> https://www.sausd.us/cm s/lib/CA01000471/Centri city/Domain/107/VOLU ME\%20UNIT.pdf |


| Chapter 11 (11.2 only) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.G.A.1 Use a pair of | Topics | Math in Focus does not | SE -5B: 131-138 | Formative Assessments: |
| perpendicular number lines, |  | address this standard. | Workbook 5B: 85-88 | - Do Now |
| called axes, to define a | Graphing an equation. | Supplemental Materials |  | tick |
| coordinate system, with the |  | are needed to teach this | Common Core Focus | Math Journal |
| intersection of the lines (the | Twenty-First Century | standard. | Lesson Appendix | Entries (CRP4) |
| origin) arranged to coincide | Themes and Skills include: |  | Think Central: Online | - Math notebook <br> (NJSLSA W2) |
| given point in the plane | Innovation | Grid Paper | access to all Math in Focus | - Calendar skills |
| located by using an ordered | - Critical Thinking and |  | materials listed above and | - Observations |
| pair of numbers, called its coordinates. Understand | Problem Solving <br> - Communication and | Math Playground http://www.mathplaygrou | Virtual Manipulatives | - Discussions: in groups, have |
| that the first number | Collaboration | nd.com/ | Professional Resources: | students explain |

indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g., $x$-axis and $x$ coordinate, $y$-axis and $y$ coordinate).

E.G.A. 2Represent real world and mathematical problems by graphing points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane, and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation.
5.MID.B.2. Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit (1/2, $1 / 4,1 / 8)$. Use operations on fractions for this grade to solve problems involving information presented in line plots. For example, given different measurements of liquid in identical beakers, find the amount of liquid each beaker would contain if the total amount in all the beakers were redistributed equally. Math in Focus does not


| address this standard. <br> Supplemental Materials are needed to teach this standard. <br> Mathematical Practices <br> MP.1, MP.2, MP.3, MP.4, <br> MP.6, MP. 7 | www.readworks.org www.commonlit.org | interactive, videos, <br> games, lessons, <br> homework: <br> https://www.opened.com/s <br>  <br> grade=5\&offset=0\&resour <br> ce_type=interactive- <br> assessment <br> (CRP2, CRP4, CRP8) <br> 5th grade worksheets, games, lessons, activities: https://www.education.com /resources/fifth-grade/ (CRP2, CRP4, CRP8) <br> $5^{\text {th }}$ grade worksheets: https://www.k5learning.co m/free-math-worksheets/fifth-grade-5 (CRP2, CRP4, CRP8) <br> $5^{\text {th }}$ grade common core worksheets: <br> https://www.ixl.com/math/ grade-5 <br> (CRP2, CRP4, CRP8) <br> Khan Academy - videos, lessons, assessments www.khanacademy.org (8.1.5.A.1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Key Vocabulary:

Chapter 9:
dividend, per unit, estimate, divisor

Chapter 15:
unit cube, volume
Chapter 11.2
coordinate grid, x -axis, y -axis, coordinate plane, coordinates, ordered pair, x -coordinate, y -coordinate, origin, straight line graph, equation

## Accommodations and Modifications:

Students with special needs: Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered. Additional staff should be included so all students can fully participate in the standards associated with this curriculum.

ELL/ESL students: Students will be supported according to the recommendations for "can do's" as outlined by WIDA -
https://www.wida.us/standards/CAN_DOs/
Students at risk of school failure: Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success at first signs of failure. Student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations. More time will be made available with a certified instructor to aid students in reaching the standards.

Gifted and Talented Students: Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges.

English Language Learners:

- Teaching modeling
- Peer modeling
- Word walls
- Give directions in small steps and in as few words as possible
- Provide visual aids
- Group similar problems together
- Repeat directions when necessary
- Provide a vocabulary list


## Special Education:

- Utilize modifications \& accommodations delineated in the students' IEP
- Work with paraprofessional
- Work with a partner
- Shorten assignments to focus on mastery or key concepts
- Maintain adequate space between desks
- Keep workspaces clear of unrelated materials
- Provide fewer problems to


## At-Risk:

- Use visual demonstrations, illustrations and models
- Give directions / instructions verbally and in simple written format
- Peer support
- Increased one - on - one time
- Teachers may modify instructions by modeling what the student is expected to do
- Instructions may be printed


## Gifted and Talented:

- Inquiry based instruction
- Independent study
- Higher order thinking skills
- Adjusting the pace of the lessons
- Real world scenarios
- Student driven instruction
- Allow students to complete an independent project as an alternative test


Interdisciplinary Connections: ELA
NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content
NJSLSA.L1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking

## Integration of Technology Standards NJSLS:

8.1.5.A.1: Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including problem solving

## 21 $^{\text {st }}$ Century Standards

### 9.2.8.B. 3

Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

## Career Ready Practices:

CRP2: Apply appropriate academic and technical skills
CRP4: Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason
CRP6: Demonstrate creativity and innovation
CRP8: Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them

Major Supporting Additional (Identified by PARCC Model Content Frameworks)

