# College Financial Aid Night

COLLEEN MULROONEY

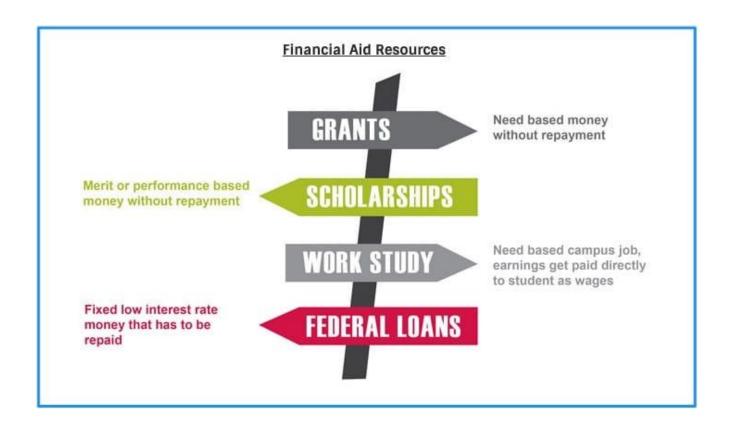
DIRECTOR, STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

# Tonight's Discussion Will Highlight:

- Types of Financial Aid
- Financial Aid Application Process
- Determining Financial Aid Eligibility
- Resources, Tips & Thoughts
  - Questions at the end

# Types of Financial Aid

- Grants
- Scholarships
- Work-Study Program
- Federal Direct Student Loans
  - Subsidized: no interest while enrolled
  - Unsubsidized: interest accrues while enrolled



# If You Want To Be Considered For Financial Aid

Please be aware of the following deadlines...

- Application for Admission
- Application for Financial Aid
  - FAFSA
  - CSS Profile

Don't wait to be admitted to apply for Financial Aid

### Where To Begin

#### Required Financial Aid Applications may vary:

- FAFSA
- CSS Profile
- Institution Specific Applications

#### Submission deadlines may vary:

Submit two weeks before earliest deadline

#### Be Organized!

- Research necessary forms and deadlines for each college
- Discuss what a good financial fit is for your family
- Have a financial plan for all 4 years

### Types of Applications

#### Free Application for Federal Student Aid FAFSA

- Required for Federal & State Aid
- https://studentaid.gov/h/apply-for-aid/fafsa

#### College Scholarship Service Profile CSS Profile

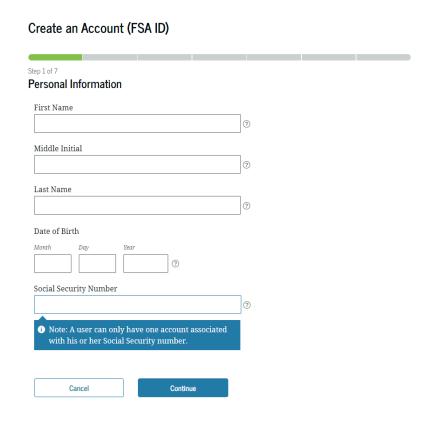
- Used primarily by private colleges
- \$25.00 for first submission to school
- https://cssprofile.collegeboard.org/

#### **Institutional Applications**

Check school publications and websites

# Federal Student Aid ID (FSA ID)

- For FAFSA Application, Student Loans & Parent Loans
- Be mindful of timing as your information needs to be confirmed with SSA
  - ✓ Social security number
  - ✓ Date of birth
  - ✓ Full name as it appears on social security card
- Students and at least one parent need an FSA ID



# Helpful Resources

Visit <u>www.studentaid.gov</u> and the <u>Understand</u> <u>Aid</u> tab to prepare for college and the federal student aid process.

#### Learn about:

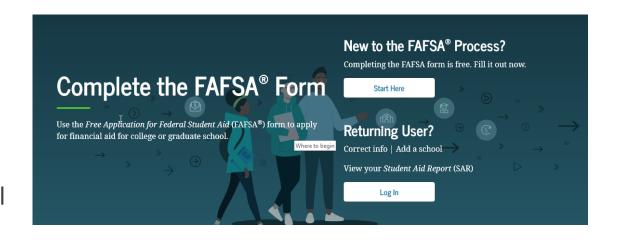
- Types of Financial Aid
- Who Gets Aid
- Submitting a FAFSA
- How to Repay Your Loans



https://youtu.be/Pn4OECMTh5w

### Federal Application Process

- FAFSA available October 1<sup>st</sup> of every year
- Parent & student tax information required
  - Use 2021 tax information
  - If divorced/separated, use custodial parent information
- Submitted each year the student is in school
- 1 FAFSA per student, not per family
- Investment assets values are reported as of the date filing the FAFSA
- Marital status as of the date filing the FAFSA
- Year in School refers to the year in college! (First year / freshman)



Complete the FAFSA to the best of your ability and be truthful.

www.studentaid.gov

# Federal Data Retrieval Tool (DRT)

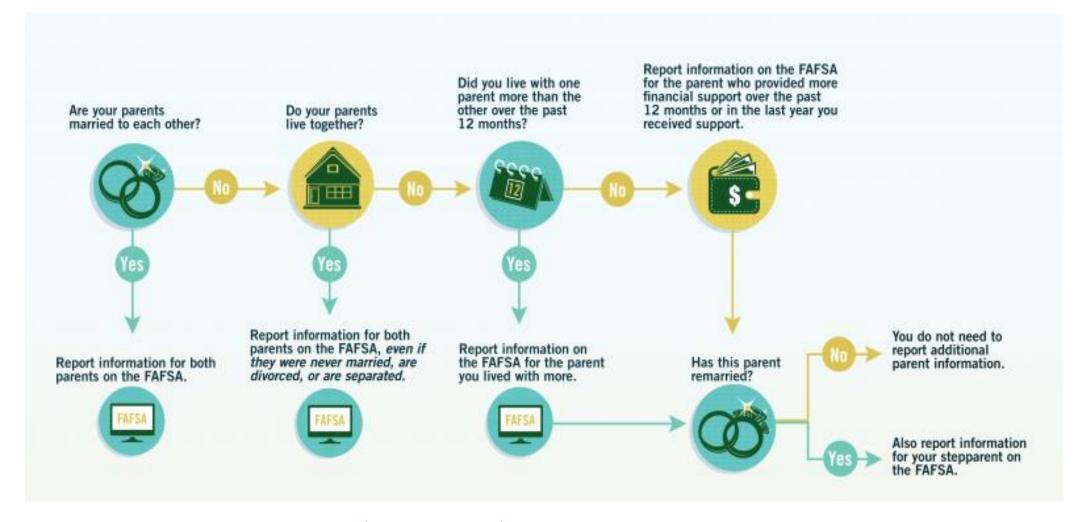
IRS DRT transfers parent & student tax information into the FAFSA form.

- 1. Auto-fill real-time IRS tax data into FAFSA resulting in fewer errors and faster processing.
- 2. On "Parent Financial Information" page, answer DRT eligibility questions
- 3. Enter Parent's FSA ID & Click "Link to IRS" (will leave the FAFSA website)
- 4. Link to IRS website will go through authentication process
- 5. Select "Transfer My Information into the FAFSA".
- 6. Financial data will be encrypted for security (FAFSA will note in field "transferred from the IRS")
- 7. Repeat same process for student tax filers on "Student Financial Information" page (if needed)

It's the easiest way for students and families to provide their tax data.

It's the best way of ensuring that the FAFSA has accurate tax information.

Who's my parent when I fill out my FAFSA? "Parent" means your legal (biological or adoptive) parent or step parent, or person that the state has determined to be your legal parent. \* Marital status as of the date filing the FAFSA \*



Foster parents, legal guardians, older brothers/sisters, aunts/uncles – **not** your parents unless they have legally adopted you.

### AFTER SUBMITTING THE FAFSA

Review the Student Aid Report (SAR) for errors

- If necessary, make corrections and resubmit FAFSA
- If selected for verification, you will be notified
  - You may be required to submit tax transcripts and/or other forms for verification purposes to the school
  - Financial aid awards are tentative until verification is complete

Students can list up to 10 school on the initial FAFSA and add or delete schools later.

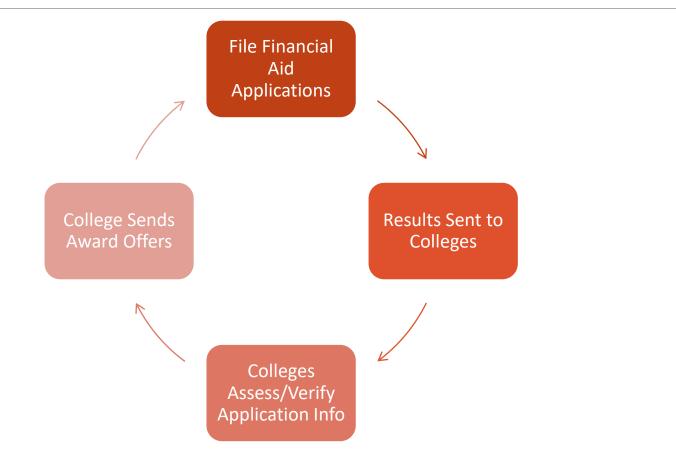
If 2021 tax information is not representative of your current income, contact each school about an appeal/professional judgement.

### CSS Profile Application Process

- Available October 1<sup>st</sup> of every year
- Sent electronically to desired colleges
- In depth review of finances asset & investment information
- Parent & student tax information required
  - If divorced/separated, use custodial parent information
  - Non-Custodial Parent Profile
- 1 Profile per student, not per family
- \$25 fee for first application submission, \$16 for each submission after
- Customized by school and used in determining Institutional need based aid eligibility
- www.collegeboard.org



### Financial Aid Process



### What Is The EFC?

#### EFC stands for Expected Family Contribution

- Amount family can reasonably be expected to pay over time
- Stays the same regardless of college

The EFC is a measure of family's financial strength and is calculated according to a formula established by law

- NOT the amount of money you will be required to pay to a college
- NOT the amount of assistance you will receive

It is a number used by your school to calculate the type and amount of federal student aid you are eligible to receive, need based institutional grants, endowment etc.

The EFC is subject to school verification and adjustments

FASFA 2024-2025 changing EFC to SAI "Student Aid Index"

### The Cost of Attendance

### Direct Costs + Indirect Costs = Total Cost of Attendance

#### **Direct Costs** (Billable costs)

- Tuition and mandatory fees
- Room and board for resident students

#### **Indirect Costs** (Non-Billable costs)

- Books and supplies
- Transportation to and from campus
- Miscellaneous personal expenses

# Determining Eligibility

Schools utilize the following equation to determine your financial aid needs:

Cost of Attendance

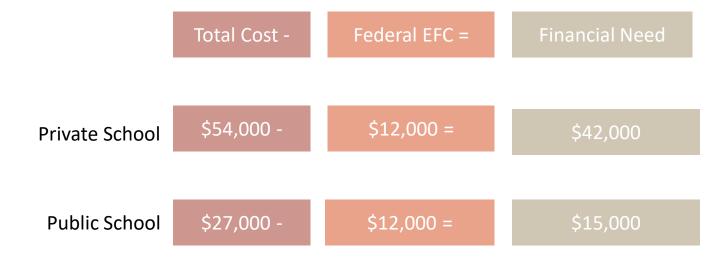
Federal EFC

**Financial Need** 

\*Qualify for "Need Based Aid"

# Financial Aid Eligibility

Financial aid packages will be different at each school even though the EFC remains the same



### What is Gift Aid?

Gift Aid are forms of financial aid that do not need to be paid back.

Types of gift aid include:

- Need-Based Gift Aid
  - Federal Pell, SEOG Grant
  - Need based Institutional Scholarships
  - State Grant
- Merit-Based Gift Aid
  - Academic Achievement cumulative gpa requirement
  - Athletic Achievement participation requirement

### Net Price

What is the real cost to me?

**Total Cost of Attendance** 

Gift Aid (Grants & Scholarships)

= NET PRICE

### Net Price Calculator

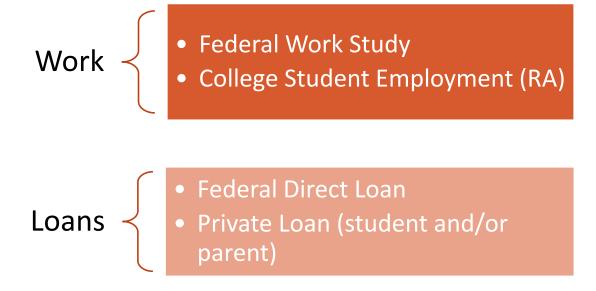
Net price calculators are available on a university's website and allow prospective students to enter information to receive an *estimate* of expenses and financial aid possibilities

- Not a guaranteed award
- Intended to help families understand out-of-pocket expenses earlier in the application process
- https://collegecost.ed.gov/net-price



### Self Help Aid

Self-Help aid typically requires work or repayment, with some types subject to a student's demonstrated financial need.



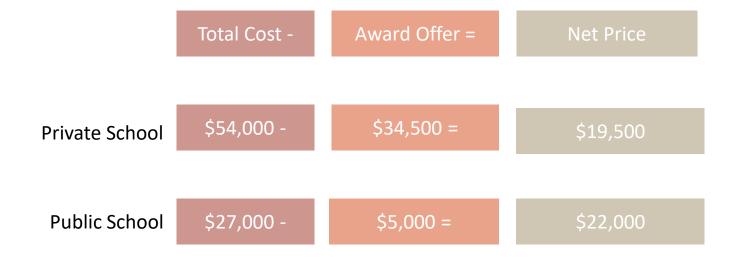
### Student Loans

#### Loan options available to you include:

- Federal Direct Student Loan
  - Solely in the student's name
  - Subsidized vs. Unsubsidized
  - No credit check, student cannot be in default on a previous loan
- Federal Parent PLUS Loan
  - Solely in the parent's name
  - Requires a credit check
- Private Loans
  - Student will need a co-signer
  - Requires a credit check

### COA - Award Offer = Net Price

Compare Financial aid packages / Award Offers to determine your "Net Price"



# Family Cost Responsibility

**Total Cost of Attendance** 

Financial Aid Awards

**Family Share** 

Funding your Family Share – Savings, Loans, Monthly income Payment Plans

### **Borrow Responsibly**

#### **Federal Direct Student Loans**

Subsidized – interest doesn't accrue while in school. Must demonstrate "need".

Unsubsidized – interest begins to accrue when loan is disbursed, financial "need" is not required.

Currently: 4.99% fixed, 1.057% fee, various repayment options

Base annual loan limits (combined Subsidized & Unsubsidized)

Up to \$5,500 freshman year

Up to \$6,500 sophomore year

Up to \$7,500 junior and senior year

#### **Private Student Loans**

Evaluate anticipated monthly loan payments against the student's anticipated first year salary

#### **Federal Parent PLUS Loans:**

FIXED 7.54% payment can be <u>deferred</u>. 4.228% fee. Interest accrues from date disbursed. (\$10,000 PLUS loan minus fee will disburse for \$9,576)

### Outside Scholarships

Seek opportunities where there may be less applicants: Town/City, County, State

#### **Potential Sources:**

- Local businesses
- School guidance office
- Civic and community organizations
- Ethnic & cultural organizations
- Parents' employer
- Churches/religious groups

#### Online Resources:

**Tuition Funding Sources** 

Fast Web

**School Soup** 

**Admission Hook** 

**Scholarship America** 

# State of Connecticut Programs

#### Connecticut Office of Higher Education

- Roberta B. Willis Scholarship Program
- Veterans Benefits
- www.ctohe.org/SFA

#### **CHELSLA Loan Program**

- The CT Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority
- www.chesla.org



# Questions to Ask Along the Way

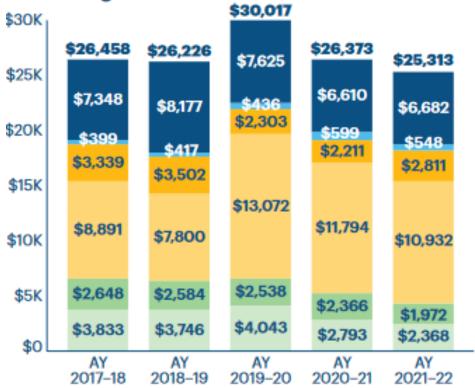
- When will I receive my financial aid award?
- How do outside awards affect the aid package?
- What is the school's policy on non-custodial parents?
- Are the scholarships/grants renewable each year?
- What happens if financial circumstances change?

# How America Pays for College 2022

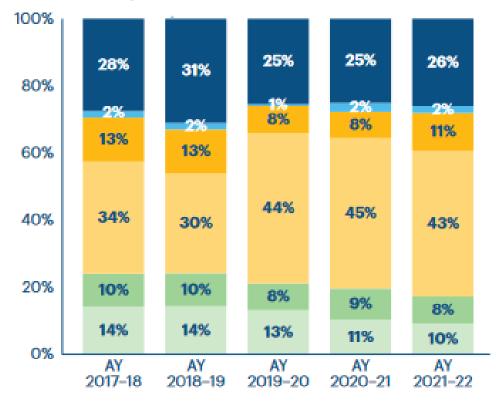
Sallie Mae | Ipsos







#### How the Typical Family Pays for College, Funding Source Share



### Tips & Suggestions

- 1. Consider good financial fit as well as academic fit
- 2. The best deal is not always the best fit
- 3. Keep in mind your financing plan should cover the 4 year education (and more?)
- 4. Appeal with financial aid counselors if circumstances change
- 5. Spend time with scholarship and grant search tools they make a difference!

### **Questions?**