# PEARL RIVER UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

## District Wide Emergency Response Safety Plan

Reviewed June 2021 Posted for Public Review- July 23, 2021 to August 23, 2021

Public Hearing- August 24, 2021

Anticipated Adoption by PRSD Board of Education- August 24, 2021

## 135 West Crooked Hill Road Pearl River, NY 10965

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## Pearl River District Wide School Safety Plan

Commissioner's Regulation 155.17 Project 14

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Emergencies and violent incidents in school districts are critical issues that must be addressed in an expeditious and effective manner. The Pearl River UFSD is required to develop a District Wide School Safety Plan designed to prevent or minimize the effects of serious, violent incidents and emergencies and to facilitate the coordination of schools with local and county resources in the event of such incidents or emergencies.

The District Wide Plan is responsive to the needs of all schools within the District and is consistent with the more detailed emergency response plans required at the school building level. Schools are at risk of a wide variety of acts of violence and natural and technological disasters. To address these threats, the State of New York has enacted the Safe Schools Against Violence in Education (SAVE) law.

This component of Project SAVE is a comprehensive planning effort that addresses risk reduction/prevention, response, and recovery with respect to a variety of emergencies in the District and its schools.

Pearl River supports the SAVE Legislation and intends to facilitate the planning process. The Superintendent of the Pearl River Schools encourages and advocates on-going cooperation and support of Project SAVE.

#### **GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### A. Purpose

The Pearl River District-Wide School Safety Plan was developed pursuant to Commissioner's Regulation 155.17. At the direction of the Pearl River Board of Education, the Superintendent appointed a District Wide School Safety Team and charged it with the development and maintenance of the School Safety Plan.

#### **B.** Identification of School Teams

Pearl River has appointed a District Wide School Safety Team consisting of, but not limited to, representatives of the school Board of Education, students, teachers, administrators, parent organizations, school safety personnel and other school personnel. The members of the team and their positions or affiliations are as follows:

- Dr. Marco Pochintesta, Superintendent of Schools (Chief Emergency Officer)
- Diana Musich, Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources & Community Services
- Dr. Robert Roelle, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction
- Ann Marie Tromer, Assistant Superintendent for Business
- Mary Cinelli, Coordinator of School Transportation
- Robert Nelan, Director of Facilities
- Maria Paese, Principal, Pearl River MS
- Artie McCormack, Director of Health, PE and Athletics
- Aaron McCasland, Assistant Principal, Pearl River HS
- Diana Gillule, Teacher, Lincoln Avenue Elementary School
- Fiona Burke, RN, Franklin Avenue Elementary School

- Lisa Ross, Secretary, Lincoln Ave. Elementary School
- Rebecca Massa, School Psychologist, Lincoln Avenue Elementary School
- Roseanne Daly, RN, Evans Park Elementary School
- Brian Wharton, Facilities, Pearl River MS
- Members of Fire Districts
- Members of Law Enforcement
- Members of Emergency Medical Services

In order to comply with the new State Education Law 2801-a and Commissioner's Regulations at NYCRR section 155.17, a revised contract with the Town of Orangetown and Orangetown Police Department, and any security firm contracted by the district, that delegates school discipline to school administration was developed (Appendices 8 and 9). In addition, input was sought from stakeholders including probation officers, defense counsel, prosecutors, courts, parents, collective bargaining units, teachers, students, community members and school administrators.

#### C. Concept of Operations

- The School Safety Plan is directly linked to the individual Building Level Emergency Response Plans as a matter of protocol. The activation of a Building Level Emergency Response Plan triggers the notification of the chain of command and the assessment of the activation of the District Wide Emergency School Safety Plan and District Wide Response Team.
- The School Safety Plan was developed through extensive analysis of the local environment, emergency potential, and available resources. Through training and workshops that included school employees, administration and local emergency services, the plan has been developed to address the specific needs of Pearl River and the community.
- In the event of an emergency or violent incident, the initial response to all emergencies at an
  individual school will be by the School Emergency Response Team. The building principal is
  responsible for notifying the Superintendent or the highest ranking person in the chain of
  command of any necessary building level plan activation. This notification shall be accomplished
  through the use of telephone.
- Upon the activation of the School Emergency Response Team, the Superintendent or his/her designee, shall be notified and where appropriate, local emergency officials shall also be notified.
- County and state resources supplement the District emergency action planning in a number of ways:
  - o State and local law enforcement provide building reviews and employee training.
  - Local law enforcement and emergency services participate in planning and training exercises and develop strategies for managing Building Level emergencies.
  - A protocol exists for the District to use certain facilities for sheltering during times of emergencies.
  - A protocol exists for the use of county mental health resources during post incident responses.

#### D. Plan Review and Public Comment

 Pursuant to Commissioner's Regulation, Section 155.17 (e)(3), this plan will be made available for public comment at least 30 days prior to its adoption. The District Board of Education shall adopt the School Safety Plan only after one public hearing that provides for the participation of school personnel, parents, students and any other interested parties. The plan shall be formally adopted by the Board of Education.

- Full copies of the School Safety Plan and any amendments shall be submitted to the New York State Education Department within 30 days of adoption.
- This plan shall be reviewed periodically during the year and maintained by the District Wide School Safety Team. The required annual review shall be completed each year prior to its adoption by the Board of Education.

#### RISK REDUCTION/PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION

#### A. Prevention/Intervention Strategies Program Initiatives

The District has developed a number of programs and activities to aid in risk reduction. These initiatives are run at different age groups within the District. *Examples of the building-specific topics covered:* 

- Character Education Programming
- Anti-bullying Programs
- Positive Behavior Intervention and Support Programs
- Peer Leadership Programs
- Drug Abuse Resistance Education Programs
- Codes of Conduct
- Crisis Response/Intervention Plans.

#### **High School**

- Opening Week Assemblies Per Grade Level
  - Discuss expectations
  - Code of conduct
  - o Introduce guidance, psychologists, social worker & SRO, and other supports
- Guidance Counselors
  - Meet individually with every 8th grade students in September
  - o Push in to classrooms to discuss goal setting in Naviance
- Clinical Staff
  - Push into UA, PE and health classes as per their topics to discuss stress, anxiety, depression, drug use, diversity, good choices and bullying.
  - o Guest Speakers from CANDLE, Rockland County Mental Health Services, etc.
  - o Dialectical Behavior Therapy (evidence based mindful mental health sessions)
- Weekly RTI Meeting
- Bi-Weekly Administration and Guidance Counselor meetings
- School Resource Officer & AP have weekly meetings
- AP attends monthly Orangetown Substance Abuse Meetings at local Police Dept.
  - Mental Health Awareness presentations
  - Assemblies on various topics throughout the year
  - Guest speakers push in to PE classes for vaping, drugs, bullying & harassment and gender identity awareness
- HS Athletics and Extracurricular
  - VAASA- Varsity Athletes Against Substance Abuse (push into classrooms)

- SADD Students Against Destructive Decisions
- o LGBTQ Club Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Questioning
- Girls Learn International (Awareness and Support for women across the globe)
- International Club (Cultural Awareness)

#### Middle School

- Weekly IST meetings
- Weekly Advisory Sessions-mixed grade levels- character education
- Keeping It Real Program Grade 7- drug prevention
- Orangetown Police and Kids Grade 6
- Assemblies-beginning of year
  - Address Code of Conduct
  - Positive Behavior
  - Pirate of the Month
- Team Building Days Grade 5
  - OLWEUS anti-bullying Various strategies of the program are utilized
    - Anti-bully presentation

#### **Evans Park Elementary School**

- Student School Climate Surveys
- PBIS
- Opening Week Grade Level meetings to review expectations for being respectful, responsible, ready, and safe
- Throughout the first few weeks, faculty and staff reinforce expectations and specify those for multiple common areas in the building.
- Monthly assemblies designed by PBIS committee to highlight specific traits that represent respectful, responsible, ready and safe behaviors
- Class and school acknowledgment for demonstrating expected behaviors
- Ongoing communication with parents about children's work toward acknowledgment goals
- Weekly IST meetings
- School psychologist and school social worker conduct small group and classroom lessons aimed at social emotional learning
- Social Worker small group meetings on relationships, respect, friendship, and trauma
- Fire Prevention Awareness Assemblies

#### **Lincoln Ave Elementary School**

- Student School Climate Surveys
- Focus group meetings with 4th grade students in regards to school climate
- Opening Day Grade Level meetings in regards to expectations around being respectful, responsible, ready, and safe at all times
- Sept-Oct: Faculty and Staff instruct students as to what being respectful, responsible, ready, and safe "looks like" in the various places throughout the building.
- Sandy Hook Promise Program: Start With Hello (Anti-bullying)
- Morning Announcements re: Character Education
- Character Education/PBIS Assemblies
- Community Building activities (school-wide)
- Character In Motion Bus Program (promotes respectful, responsible, and safe behavior on the bus)
- School psychologist and school social worker conduct small group and classroom lessons aimed at social emotional learning

• Fire Prevention Awareness Assemblies

#### Franklin Ave. Elementary School

- Student Climate Survey (Grade 3 and 4)
- Student Council focused on 6 pillars of character
- PRIS
- Morning Announcements focusing on the importance of treating each other with respect and kindness
- PBIS Assemblies
- Participation in Unity Day
- Psychologist Classroom Lessons on respect, acceptance, friendship, etc.
- Social Worker Lessons on respect, acceptance, friendship, etc.
- Social Worker small group meetings on relationships, respect, friendship, and trauma
- Fire Prevention Awareness Assemblies

#### **District-Wide**

- Annual training of all staff on DASA/School Violence and Mental Health
- District-wide Social Emotional Learning Committee
- Youth Mental Health First Aid Training offered to faculty
- Teen Suicide Prevention Training available for all employees
- Code of Conduct provided to all families in the District
- Parent University programs available to parents on a variety of topics such as mental health and wellness, teen drug use, etc.

#### **Facilities Initiatives**

The District has attempted to enhance the security of its facilities through a number of initiatives, including a revised visitor policy that includes the following:

- Sign-in procedures and use of visitor ID badges with visual contact.
- Employees use faculty/staff ID badges with proximity readers.
- Schools have developed a single point of access for visitors **with secure vestibules** at each building.
- Installation of interior and exterior surveillance cameras throughout our campuses.

#### Training, Drills, and Exercises

- The District has established policies and procedures for annual multi-hazard school safety training for employees and students. Training includes:
  - An annual review of the building level emergency guides and general employee awareness training for building employees conducted by each principal. The annual review of safety plans and procedures includes training in violence prevention and mental health awareness.
  - The annual early go home drill to test evacuation and sheltering procedures.
  - Each school building conducts evacuation drills throughout the course of the year in compliance with the SED schedule for the purpose of familiarizing employees and students with emergency procedures.
  - A Building Level tabletop exercise run in cooperation with members of local emergency services.
  - All staff meet the annual requirements of mandatory compliance training as set forth in State and Federal regulations.

 The District shall conduct drills and other exercises to test and evaluate the effectiveness of the District Emergency Response Plan. Each principal will be required to complete a minimum number of student drills as follows:

4 lockdown drills, 8 fire/evacuation drills. 8 of which must be conducted by December 31 of each year, the balance must be conducted during the remainder of the school year

- The District shall conduct tabletop exercises with the Building Level safety teams to test the components of the emergency response plan. The narratives, sequence of events and messaging for each exercise shall be developed by select members of the District Wide Safety Team, Emergency Management Consultants and local emergency services. A controller, evaluator and simulator shall conduct each tabletop exercise. The suggestions and necessary enhancements of the Building Level Plan noted during the evaluation shall be documented by the evaluator and provided to the Building Level Safety Team and District Wide Safety Team for further evaluation.
- Topics for training will include general security and safety measures, intervention strategies with difficult or challenging students, building security awareness, and reporting requirements and procedures.

In the execution of their duties, faculty, aides and monitors shall have responsibility for:

- Monitoring halls, lavatories, locker rooms, locker bays and similar areas, assuring orderly passage of students and pre-emptive intervention in potentially disruptive situations.
- Observation of the general property, including the immediate outside area/perimeter of the building(s), with an obligation to report suspicious activity to district or building administration.
- Overseeing study halls, cafeterias, or other areas of student assemblage with the goal of assisting to maintain an orderly, safe environment.

#### **Chief Emergency Officer**

Shall be the Superintendent of Schools. The Chief Emergency Officer shall act as the liaison between the District and external agenices during times of emergencies as well as during plan development and maintenance.

#### **School Safety Personnel**

School safety personnel have a critical role in violence prevention. The following represents a description of the responsibilities of school safety personnel in schools:

The building principal or his/her designee shall serve as the School Safety Representative for the school building. The responsibilities of the School Safety Representative are as follows:

- Monitor hallways, entryways, exits and outside grounds during school hours for unusual occurrences or unauthorized visitors.
- Act as building liaison in communicating building level safety issues or concerns.
  - o Represent the building on the District Wide Health and Safety Committee.
  - Serve on Building Level School Building Response Team.
  - Attend school safety meetings and be a resource on school safety and security issues for building employees.

- Develop plans and strategies for building security, crime and violence prevention, safety planning and employee training.
- o Participate in school incident investigations.
- o Respond to all school emergencies as part of the building's Emergency Response Plan.
- o Coordinate annual school safety multi-hazard training for students and employees. Multi-hazard training shall include crisis intervention, emergency response and management.
- Employees and students shall receive annual training and drill practice on protocols for bomb threats, evacuation, sheltering, lockdown, relocate to hallway, fire emergency, bus drills and appropriate violence prevention strategies.
- Designate procedure for informing substitute teaching and non-teaching employees of school safety protocols.
- Comply and encourage compliance with all school safety and security policies and procedures established by the Board of Education.
- Attend professional development activities on school safety and violence prevention.
   All school safety personnel shall be provided with training on violence prevention and school safety. All training courses shall receive prior approval from the Superintendent or his/her designee.

#### **Hiring and Screening of School Personnel**

The following hiring and screening practices are followed for the hiring of all personnel:

#### Fingerprinting and Criminal Background Checks

For all employees hired by schools, the District completes a fingerprinting and criminal background check prior to appointment. No employee works in the District until fingerprint clearance is received. Employees include: any person receiving compensation for work from schools; any employee of a contracted service provider involved in direct student contact; any worker assigned to a school under a public assistance employment program (includes part-time employees and substitutes).

#### Reference Checks

References are thoroughly checked prior to extending an employment offer.

- o Reference check forms are used for instructional, and non-instructional personnel.
- Reference checks are completed and reviewed by the administrative team along with the application.
- Prior to making a job offer to a prospective employee, the following mandatory questions are asked during reference checks with immediate and/or past supervisors:
  - Do you have knowledge of any violations of safety or security by (prospective employee) related to students, employees or others?
  - Why did (prospective employee) leave your employment? Or, do you know why (prospective employee) is leaving your employment?
  - Would you rehire (prospective employee)? If no, why not?

#### **B. Early Detection of Potentially Violent Behaviors**

The District has implemented policies and procedures related to the early detection of potentially violent behaviors. Each building principal is responsible for the dissemination of informative materials regarding the early detection of potentially violent behaviors to employees and parents each school year. In addition, employees shall receive training on the District Code-of-Conduct and awareness training on violent behaviors, to be conducted or coordinated by the District Superintendent.

#### C. Hazard Identification

(Note: Below chart does not include adult education staff/students or non-school programs)

The following sites have the potential for internal or external emergency situations:

- Pearl River High School
- Pearl River Middle School
- Lincoln Avenue Elementary School
- Franklin Avenue Elementary School
- Evans Park Elementary School
- District Office
- A Starting Place
- Nauraushaun Facilities Building

The buildings and grounds associated with each of these facilities have the potential for a main campus or Building Level emergency or incident.

Sites of potential emergency within Rockland County that have been identified by the Homeland Security task force include:

- Palisades Shopping Center
- The Shops At Nanuet
- Proximity to New York City
- The NY State Thruway
- Gov. Mario G Cuomo Bridge
- Indian Point Nuclear Facility
- Mirant/Bowline Generating Plant
- Orange & Rockland Utilities
- United Water
- Major hospitals (Montefiore Nyack Hospital, Good Samaritan, Helen Hayes)
- Rockland Psychiatric Center
- Rockland County Correctional Facility

#### **RESPONSE**

#### A. Notification and Activation (Internal and External Communications)

• In cases of a seriously violent incident, the District would use the procedure listed below to meet the requirements for notification and activation. A serious violent incident is an incident of violent criminal conduct that is, or appears to be, life threatening and warrants the evacuation of students and employees because of an imminent threat to their safety or health. This includes, but is not limited to, the use or threatened use of a firearm, explosive, bomb, incendiary device, chemical, or biological weapons, knives or other dangerous instrument capable of causing death or serious injury, riots, hostage-taking, or kidnapping.

#### Communications systems are:

#### Internal

Administrators	Public Address System and Radios. All Administrators are authorized by the Superintendent to use ALL CALL on District Phones or PA system to notify the Entire Campus of a threat (i.e. Lockdown, Safety Hold, Shelter in Place, etc.).		
Teachers and Building staff	Public address system and radios.		
Students	Public address system and verbally from supervising		
	teachers		
Superintendent	Public address system and radios.		
Buildings and Grounds	Public address system and radios.		
Board of Education	Phone		
External			
New York State Police: F Troop	911		
Orangetown P.D.	911		
Rockland Sheriff's Office	911		
Pearl River Volunteer Fire	911		
Department			
Parents	District Website: <a href="https://www.pearlriver.org">www.pearlriver.org</a> District Notification System – Email, text, phone call as appropriate		
	Transportation Phone Emergency Information: (845)620-3857		
	The district will also utilize radio frequency and Radio Stations:		
	Radio Stations  • WHUD 1400 AM / 100.7 FM  • Rockland County Emergency Services Station 1640 AM  Television Stations  Fox 5  NBC  News 12		

The Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services would be responsible for conveying emergency information to educational facilities within the Pearl River UFSD. The Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services would take appropriate steps to secure the following information about each educational agency within the District: Number of students, number of employees, transportation requirements associated with the evacuation of each facility and the business and home telephone numbers of key officials of each agency. Such information would be updated at least annually by the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources and Community Services. Each such agency would report material changes to such data to the Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services, in writing, within seven days of such change.

Information will be provided to parents, guardians or persons in parental relation to the students in the event of a violent incident or an early dismissal through the use of the District's automated mass communication system by employees at the building level using the student/parent directory and/or local and regional radio and TV stations. These are the same stations that are used to announce official delays or closings. This information is provided to parents through the website and building handbooks. Additionally, if an event occurs at the campus where students cannot be released immediately, a parent/community public information center may be established at another campus building.

In the event that this public information center is established, parents and community members are encouraged not to report to the main campus where a building may be in crisis, but rather gather at a designated meeting place where regular public information statements will be made by the Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services or a Superintendent's designee.

#### B. Situational Responses – Multi-Hazard Response and Response Protocols

Staff cooperation is critical when an act of violence occurs. In the event of a criminal act, bomb threat, civil disturbance, intrusion, hostage taking, kidnapping or other threatening event, staff response may include:

- 1. Verbal instructions to cease the behavior.
- 2. Call for assistance from other staff.
- 3. Verbal instructions to follow classroom emergency procedures based on the main office's instruction over the public address system.
- 4. Call law enforcement and other necessary emergency response agencies.
- 5. Removal of any onlookers that could aggravate the situation.
- 6. Not invading the space of the individual(s) involved.
- 7. Removal of any potentially dangerous weapons or objects.
- 8. Physical restraint if other actions do not stop the violence.

In the event of a violent incident, the following policies and procedures are to be followed at the District level:

- The Superintendent will ensure the Building Level team has adequate resources to respond to the emergency.
- The Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services will develop a public information strategy to communicate necessary information to the media, parents and staff
- The Superintendent, who is the leader of the District Crisis Intervention Team, will notify the team of the event.
- The Superintendent will notify appropriate Board of Education members of the incident.
- The Superintendent will file any necessary information with the State Education Department (for example, school bomb threat data cards).

In the event of a violent incident, the following policies and procedures are to be followed at the school building level:

- Student reports an incident to an adult or adult observes an incident.
- Adult takes appropriate action as necessary to respond to the incident.
- A written referral is forwarded to the building principal.

- School guidance counselor, school psychologist, social worker and nurse are involved when necessary.
- Building principal will conference with the student(s) involved to determine the problems/issues.
- If parental notification is necessary, building principal will contact the parent(s) and may arrange a parent conference.
- Appropriate discipline will be administered following the District Code of Conduct and incident reported to the State Education Department when appropriate.

#### Follow-up of the violent incident should include:

- 1. Investigation of the incident by building principal and law enforcement, as necessary.
- 2. Preparation of written accounts of the incident by all involved.
- 3. Review of written accounts by the building principal for any disparities.
- 4. Appropriate disciplinary action according to the code of conduct.
- 5. Review of the entire incident by administration for future planning.
  - a. What happened?
  - b. Where did it happen?
  - c. When did it happen?
  - d. Why did it happen?
  - e. How did it happen?
  - f. How many individuals were involved?
  - g. Are the individuals associated with a group?
  - h. How could the incident have been prevented?
  - i. Were there warning signs?
  - j. What can we do to prevent a future incident?
- 6. Counseling or other needed support for the victim(s), other students and staff involved in the incident.
- 7. Necessary reporting and parental notification.

Each school's Building Level plan lists building specific response actions to criminal acts, bomb threats, civil disturbance, intrusion, hostage taking, kidnapping, as well as technological and natural disasters.

#### **Response Protocols**

The Pearl River Schools have a comprehensive multi-hazard Emergency Response Plan. This plan is updated annually. Copies of the plan are available in each Principal's Office as well as in the Superintendent's Office and the Central Office. Elements of the plan include:

- Chain of Command and Incident Command Structure (ICS)
- Other Relevant Parties
- Emergency Planning Committee
- Emergency Telephone Numbers
- Telephone Tree
- CPR/AED List
- Bus Lists
- A list of hazardous incidents and a response plan for each (e.g. bomb threat, hostage, intruder, natural disaster, structural failure, et. al.)

#### **Arrangements for Obtaining Emergency Assistance from Local Government**

The administration shall use the following process in making arrangements for obtaining assistance during emergencies from emergency services organizations and local government agencies:

- Superintendent/Designee in an emergency contacts dispatch point or 911 center for fire or EMS response.
- Superintendent/Designee contacts highest-ranking local government official for notification and/or assistance.

#### **Procedures for Obtaining Advice and Assistance from Local Government Officials**

The Administration shall use the following protocol for obtaining advice and assistance from local government officials including the county or city officials responsible for implementation of Article 2-B of the Executive Law:

- Superintendent/Designee in an emergency will contact emergency management coordinator and/or the highest ranking local government official for obtaining advice and assistance.
- The District has identified resources for an emergency from the following agencies: (examples include the Red Cross, fire department, police, private industry, private individuals, religious organizations and others).

#### District Resources Available for Use in an Emergency

The Pearl River UFSD has created a comprehensive list of resources available during an emergency, including fuel sources, communications, food service capability, maintenance vehicle lists, and medical supplies and AED, CPR and First Aid trained staff. Specific information in each of these categories is contained in the Building Level plans.

## Procedures to Coordinate the Use of School District Resources and Manpower during Emergencies

The District shall use the following procedure to coordinate the use of school resources and manpower during emergencies:

- The Building Principal of the affected facility shall contact the Superintendent or his/her designee and request the necessary manpower or resources.
- The Superintendent or the highest-ranking person in the chain of command shall assess the request and allocate personnel and resources as necessary.

#### **Protective Action Options**

The Pearl River UFSD shall follow the following protocols in assessing the appropriate protective action option. The decision to cancel school, to dismiss early, shelter in place or evacuate, shall be made in cooperation with state and local emergency responders, as appropriate.

- School Cancellation
  - Monitor any situation that may warrant a school cancellation Superintendent/Safety Team.

- Make determination Superintendent.
- Contact local media Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services.
- o In the event of an extended closure, enact our Continuity of Learning Plan.

#### School Delay

- Monitor any situation that may warrant school delay Building Administrators/ Superintendent/Safety Team.
- o If conditions warrant, delay opening of school.
- Contact Assistant Superintendent for Business and Transportation Supervisor to coordinate transportation issues.
- o Contact local media to inform parents of delayed opening.
- o Set up information center so that parents may make inquiries as to situation.
- o Provide for safety and security of employees and students who do come to school.

#### Early Dismissal

- Monitor situation Superintendent/Safety Team.
- o If conditions warrant, close school Superintendent.
- Contact Assistant Superintendent for Business and Transportation Supervisor to arrange transportation.
- o Contact local media to inform parents of early dismissal.
- Set up an information center so that parents may make inquiries as to the situation.
- o Retain appropriate personnel until all students have been returned home.
- Evacuation (before, during and after school hours, including security during evacuation and evacuation routes)
  - o Determine the level of threat Superintendent or Designee.
  - Contact Assistant Superintendent for Business and Transportation Supervisor to arrange transportation – Superintendent or Designee.
  - o Clear all evacuation routes and sites prior to evacuation.
  - o Evacuate all employees and students to pre-arranged evacuation sites.
  - Account for all student and employee population. Report any missing employees or students to Building Principal.
  - Make determination regarding early dismissal Superintendent or Designee.
  - If determination was made to dismiss early, contact local media to inform parents of early dismissal.
  - o Ensure adult supervision or continued school supervision/security.
  - Set up an information center so that parents may make inquiries as to the situation.
  - o Retain appropriate personnel until all students have been returned home.

#### Sheltering Sites (internal and external)

- Determine the level of threat Superintendent/Incident Commander /Designee.
- o Determine location of sheltering depending on nature of incident.
- Account for all students and employees. Report any missing employees or students to designee.
- o Determine other occupants in the building.
- Make appropriate arrangements for human needs.
- Take appropriate safety precautions.
- Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources and Community Services prepares to provide information and current status of the situation to parents and other inquiring parties.

o Retain appropriate personnel until all students have been returned home.

#### **RECOVERY**

### A. Central Administration Support for Buildings

The Pearl River District Wide Safety Team will support the Building Level Emergency Response Team and the Crisis/Post-Incident Response Teams in affected schools.

#### **B. Disaster Mental Health Services**

The Central Office shall assist in the coordination of Disaster Mental Health Resources, in support of the Post-Incident Response Teams in the affected schools.

#### <u>Appendix 1 – Required Plan Development Procedures</u>

Pearl River has revised the District Wide School Safety Plan in accordance with the 2013 New York School Safety Guide.

The District Wide Safety Team listed below contributed to revision of this plan.

The plan was re-adopted by the board and was filed with the Commissioner of Education no later than 30 days after its adoption.

Please note the original plan was made available for public comment on August 21, 2001 and adopted by the board on October 2, 2001.

#### Committee Members - District Wide Safety Team

- Dr. Marco Pochintesta, Superintendent of Schools (Chief Emergency Officer)
- Diana Musich, Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources & Community Services
- Dr. Robert Roelle, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction
- Ann Marie Tromer, Assistant Superintendent for Business
- Mary Cinelli, Coordinator of School Transportation
- Robert Nelan, Director of Facilities
- Maria Paese, Principal, Pearl River MS
- Artie McCormack, Director of Health, PE and Athletics
- Aaron McCasland, Assistant Principal, Pearl River HS
- Diana Gillule, Teacher, Lincoln Avenue Elementary School
- Fiona Burke, RN, Franklin Avenue Elementary School
- Lisa Ross, Secretarial Typist, Lincoln Ave. Elementary School
- Rebecca Massa, School Psychologist, Lincoln Avenue Elementary School
- Roseanne Daly, RN, Evans Park Elementary School
- Brian Wharton, Facilities, Pearl River MS
- Members of Fire Districts
- Members of Law Enforcement
- Members of Emergency Medical Services

#### **Appendix 2 – Listing of all District Buildings**

#### Pearl River Building Names and Locations

#### **Pearl River High School**

275 East Central Ave Pearl River, NY 10965

#### **Pearl River Middle School**

520 Gilbert Avenue Pearl River, NY 10965

#### **Lincoln Avenue Elementary School**

115 Lincoln Ave Pearl River, NY 10965

#### Franklin Avenue Elementary School

48 Franklin Ave Pearl River, NY 10965

#### **Evans Park Elementary School**

40 Marion Place Pearl River, NY 10965

#### **PRSD District Administration Building**

135 West Crooked Hill Road Pearl River, NY 10965

## Nauraushaun Building (Houses A Starting Place and serves as PRSD Facilities Depot)

664 Orangeburg Rd. Pearl River, NY 10965

#### William St. Building (Houses ARC)

37 Franklin Ave. Pearl River, NY 10965

Website Address

http://www.pearlriver.org

## Appendix 3 – The Early Detection of Potentially Violent Behaviors A Guide for Families and Communities

#### **Early Warning Signs**

It is not always possible to predict behavior that will lead to violence. In some situations and for some youth, different combinations of events, behaviors, and emotions may lead to aggressive rage or violent behavior toward self or others. School personnel and students, as well as parents, are often in a good position to observe these early warning signs.

None of these signs alone is sufficient for predicting aggression and violence. Moreover, it is inappropriate--and potentially harmful--to use the early warning signs as a checklist against which to match individual children. Rather, the warning signs are offered only as an aid in identifying and referring children who may need help. A good rule of thumb is to assume that these warning signs, especially when they are presented in combination, indicate a need for further analysis to determine an appropriate intervention.

The information that follows and such other information as may be appropriate concerning Early Warning shall be made available to all employees in a form to be determined by the Superintendent. It is the policy of the Pearl River that employees and students use the early warning signs only for identification and referral purposes. Trained professionals should make diagnoses in consultation with the child's parents or guardian.

The following early warning signs are cited by the United States Department of Education in its publication entitled **Early Warning**, **Timely Response**: **A Guide to Safe Schools** and is presented with the following qualifications: They are not equally significant and they are not presented in order of seriousness. They include:

- <u>Social Withdrawal</u> In some situations, gradual and eventually complete withdrawal from social contacts can be an important indicator of a troubled child. The withdrawal often stems from feelings of depression, rejection, persecution, unworthiness, and lack of confidence.
- Excessive Feelings of Isolation and Being Alone Research has shown that the majority of
  children who are isolated and appear to be friendless are not violent. In fact, these feelings
  are sometimes characteristic of children and youth who may be troubled, withdrawn, or have
  internal issues that hinder development of social affiliations. However, research also has
  shown that in some cases feelings of isolation and not having friends are associated with
  children who behave aggressively and violently.
- Excessive Feelings of Rejection In the process of growing up, and in the course of adolescent development, many young people experience emotionally painful rejection. Children who are troubled often are isolated from their mentally healthy peers. Their responses to rejection will depend on many background factors. Without support, they may be at risk of expressing their emotional distress in negative ways-including violence. Some aggressive children who are rejected by non-aggressive peers seek out aggressive friends who, in turn, reinforce their violent tendencies.

- <u>Being a Victim of Violence</u> Children who are victims of violence-including physical or sexual abuse-in the community, at school, or at home are sometimes at risk themselves of becoming violent toward themselves or others.
- <u>Feelings of Being Picked On and Persecuted</u> The youth who feels constantly picked on, teased, bullied, singled out for ridicule and humiliated at home or at school may initially withdraw socially. If not given adequate support in addressing these feelings, some children may vent them in inappropriate ways-including possible aggression or violence.
- Low School Interest and Poor Academic Performance Poor school achievement can be the
  result of many factors. It is important to consider whether there is a drastic change in
  performance and/or poor performance becomes a chronic condition that limits the child's
  capacity to learn. In some situations such as when the low achiever feels frustrated, unworthy,
  chastised, and denigrated acting out and aggressive behaviors may occur. It is important to
  assess the emotional and cognitive reasons for the academic performance change to
  determine the true nature of the problem.
- Expression of Violence in Writings and Drawings Children and youth often express their thoughts, feelings, desires, and intentions in their drawings and in stories, poetry, and other written expressive forms. Many children produce work about violent themes that for the most part is harmless when taken in context. However, an overrepresentation of violence in writings and drawings that is directed at specific individuals (family members, peers, other adults) consistently over time, may signal emotional problems and the potential for violence. Because there is a real danger in misdiagnosing such a sign, it is important to seek the guidance of a qualified professional such as a school psychologist, counselor, or other mental health specialist to determine its meaning.
- <u>Uncontrolled Anger</u> Everyone gets angry; anger is a natural emotion. However, anger that is expressed frequently and intensely in response to minor irritants may signal potential violent behavior toward self or others.
- Patterns of Impulsive and Chronic Hitting, Intimidating and Bullying Behaviors Children often
  engage in acts of shoving and mild aggression; however, some mildly aggressive behaviors
  such as constant hitting and bullying of others which occur early in children's lives, if left
  unattended, might later escalate into more serious behaviors.
- <u>History of Discipline Problems</u> Chronic behavior and disciplinary problems both in school
  and at home may suggest that underlying emotional needs are not being met. These unmet
  needs may be manifested in acting out and aggressive behaviors. These problems may set
  the stage for the child to violate norms and rules, defy authority, disengage from school, and
  engage in aggressive behaviors with other children and adults.
- Past History of Violent and Aggressive Behavior Unless provided with support and counseling, a youth who has a history of aggressive or violent behavior is likely to repeat those behaviors. Aggressive and violent acts may be directed toward other individuals, be expressed in cruelty to animals or include fire setting. Youths who show an early pattern of antisocial behavior frequently and across multiple settings are particularly at risk for future aggressive and antisocial behavior. Similarly, youth who engage in overt behaviors such as bullying, generalized aggression and defiance, and covert behaviors such as stealing, vandalism, lying, cheating and fire setting also are at risk for more serious aggressive

behavior. Research suggests that age of onset may be a key factor in interpreting early warning signs. For example, children who engage in aggression and drug abuse at an early age (before age 12) are more likely to show violence later on than are children who begin such behavior at an older age. In the presence of such signs it is important to review the child's history with behavioral experts and seek parents' observations and insights.

- Intolerance for Differences and Prejudicial Attitudes All children have likes and dislikes.
  However, an intense prejudice toward others based on racial, ethnic, religious, language,
  gender, sexual orientation, ability, and physical appearance when coupled with other factors
  may lead to violent assaults against those who are perceived to be different. Membership in
  hate groups or the willingness to victimize individuals with disabilities or health problems also
  should be treated as early warning signs.
- <u>Drug Use and Alcohol Use</u> Apart from being unhealthy behaviors, drug use and alcohol use reduces self-control and exposes children and youth to violence, either as perpetrators, as victims, or both.
- Affiliation with Gangs Gangs that support anti-social values and behaviors--including extortion, intimidation, and acts of violence toward other students cause fear and stress among other students. Youth who are influenced by these groups those who emulate and copy their behavior, as well as those who become affiliated with them may adopt these values and act in violent or aggressive ways in certain situations. Gang related violence and turf battles are common occurrences tied to the use of drugs that often result in injury and/or death.
- <u>Inappropriate Access</u>, <u>Possession and Use of Firearms</u> Children and youth who inappropriately possess or have access to firearms can have an increased risk for violence. Research shows that such youngsters also have a higher probability of becoming victims. Families can reduce inappropriate access and use by restricting, monitoring, and supervising children's access to firearms and other weapons. Children who have a history of aggression, impulsiveness, or other emotional problems should not have access to firearms and other weapons.
- <u>Serious Threats of Violence</u> Idle threats are a common response to frustration. Alternatively, one of the most reliable indicators that a youth is likely to commit a dangerous act toward self or others is a detailed and specific threat to use violence. Recent incidents across the country clearly indicate that threats to commit violence against oneself or others should be taken very seriously. Steps must be taken to understand the nature of these threats and to prevent them from being carried out.

#### **Identifying and Responding to Imminent Warning Signs**

Unlike early warning signs, imminent warning signs indicate that a student is very close to behaving in a way that is potentially dangerous to self and/or to others. Imminent warning signs require an immediate response.

No single warning sign can predict that a dangerous act will occur. Rather, imminent warning signs usually are presented as a sequence of overt, serious, hostile behaviors or threats directed at peers, employees, or other individuals. Usually, imminent warning signs are evident to more than one employee member--as well as to the child's family.

Imminent warning signs may include:

- Serious physical fighting with peers or family members.
- Severe destruction of property.
- Severe rage for seemingly minor reasons.
- Detailed threats of lethal violence.
- Possession and/or use of firearms and other weapons.
- Other self-injurious behaviors or threats of suicide.

#### **Threat Assessment**

A threat is an expression of intent to do harm or act out violently asgainst someone or something. A threat can be written, spoken, or symbolic – as in motioning with one's hands as though shooting or strangling another person. There are principally four types of threats – direct, indirect, veiled and conditional.

Threats are made for a variety of reasons: as a warning signal, a reaction to fear of punishment, anxiety, demand for attention or as retribution for a perceived or actual slight or affront. Threats may be intended to taunt, intimidate, assert power, punish, manipulate, coerce, frighten, terrorize, compel desired behavior, to strike back for an injury, injustice or slight; to be disruptive, to challenge authority or to protect oneself.

Individuals who make threats normally manifest other behaviors or emotions that are indicative of a problem. These can include: signs of depression, prolonged brooding, evidence of frustration or disappointment; fantasies of destruction or revenge in conversations, writings, drawings or other actions; expressions of intense love, fear, rage, revenge, excitement or pronounced desire for recognition. Use of alcohol or drugs can be an aggravating factor, as can a romantic breakup, failing grades or conflicts with parents or friends.

#### **Personality Traits**

Personality traits and behaviors that should be considered in assessing the liklihood of a student carrying out a threat include:

- A student intentionally or unintentionally revealing clues to feelings, thoughts, fantasies, attitudes, or intentions that may signal an impending violent act;
- Low tolerance of frustration, easily hurt, insulted, angered by real or perceived injustices;
- Poor coping skills, demonstrating little ability to deal with frustration, criticuism, disappointment, fauilure, rejection or humiliation;
- Lack of resiliency, is unable to bounce back from frustrating and disappointing experiences; failed love relationships, cannot accept or comes to term with humiliation or rejection;
- Injustice collector, nurses resentment over real or perceived injustices, will not forgive or forget those who s/he believes are responsible;
- Depression manifested by lethargy, physical fatigue, marose or dark outlook on life, malaise, lack
  of interest in activities once enjoyed, unpredictable anger, generalized or excessive hatred to
  others, hoplessness about the future, psychomotor agitation, restlessness, inattention, sleep and
  eating disorders;
- Narcisissism, self-centered, lacking insight to the needs/feelings of others, blames others for failure and disappointment, may embrace the role of victim, displays signs of paranoia, selfimportance or grandiosity, masking feelings of unworthiness, notably thick or thin skinned;
- Alienation, feels different or estranged from others, more than being a loner, involves feelings of isolation, sadness, lonliness, not belonging or fitting in;
- Dehumanizes others, fails to see others as humans, sees them as objects to be thwarted;

- Lacks empathy, demonstrates inability to understand feelings of others, may ridicule displays of emotion as weak or stupid;
- Exaggerated sense of entitlement, has a sense of being superior and constantly expects special treatment and consideration;
- Attitude of superiority, has a sense of being superior to others, smarter, more creative, talented, experienced, more worldly;
- Exaggerated/pathological need for attention, positive or negative, regardless of the circumstances;
- Externalizes blame, consistently refuses to take responsibility for own actions, blames others, often seems impervious to rational argument and common sense;
- Masks low self-esteem, may display arrogance, self-glorifying attiude, avoids high visibility or involvement, may be considered a "non-enitiy" by peers:
- Anger management problems, manifested by consistent temper tantrums, melodramatic displays, brooding, sulking, seething silence, reacts out of proportion to cause, may direct anger to those who have no connection to triggering incident;
- Intolerance, racial, ethnic, religious and other, displays symbols and slogans of intolerance on self or possessions;
- Inappropriate humor, macabre, insulting, belittling, or mean.
- Attempts to manipulate others, attempts to con and manipulate to win trust so others will rationalize aberrant behavior;
- Lack of trust, is untrusting and suspicious of the motives and intentions of others, may approach clinically paranoid state;
- Closed social group, introverted, with acquaintances rather than friends, may associate only with asingle small group to the exclusion of others;
- Manifests a dramatic change in behavior, academic performance, disobedience of school rules, schedules, dress codes etc.
- Rigid and opinionated, judgemental and cynical, strong opinions on topics about which little knowledge is possessed, disregards facts, logic and reasoning;
- Demonstrates unusual interest in sensational violence;
- Fascination with violence-filled entertainment, movies, TV, computer games, music videos, printed material, inordinate amout of time with violent computer games and websites involving violence weapons and disturbing objects;
- Has negative role models, drawn to negative, inappropriate role models, Hitler, Satan or others associated with violence and destruction;
- Manifests behavior that is relevant to carrying out a threat, spends inordinate amount of time practicing with firearms, on violent websites, begins excluding normal pursuits such as homework, classwork, time with friends.

#### **Family Dynamics**

Family dynamics that should be considered in assessing the liklihood of a student carrying out a threat include:

- Turbulent parent/child relationship, relationship is particularly difficult, can be uniquely evident following recent or multiple moves, loss of parent, addition of step-parent, dismisses parents' role in his/her life, evidence of violence in the home;
- Acceptance of pathological behavior, parents do not react to behavior that most would find disturbing' parents appear unable to recognize or acknowledge problems in their children, respond quite defensively to real or perceived criticism of child, parents appear unconcerned about, minimize or reject reports of inappropriate behavior by child;

- Access to weapons, family keeps guns, weapons, explosives materials in the home and accessible to the children, weapons treated carelessly, without normal safety precautions, parent or role model may handle weapons irresponsibly or use as device for intimidation;
- Lack of family intimacy or closeness;
- Student "rules the roost," few limits set for children, parents rtegularly submit to child's demands, student insists on inordinate degree of privacy, parents have little information about student activities, school life, friends, or other relationships.
- No limits or monitoring of TV or Internet, parents do not supervise, limit or monitor TV, Internet, computer use or access.

#### **School Dynamics**

School dynamics that should be considered in assessing the liklihood of a student carrying out a threat include:

- Student attachment to school, student appears detached from school, other students, teachers, and school activities;
- Tolerance for disrespectful behavior, school does little to prevent or punish disrespectful behavior between students, bullying is part of the school culture, school authorities are oblivious to bullying, little or no intervention by school authorities, school atomosphere promotes racial or class divisions, allows them to remain unchallenged;
- Inequitable discipline, discipline is inequitably applied or is perceived as such by students or employees;
- Inflexible culture, official and unofficial partterns of behavior, values and relationships among students, teachers and administrators are static, unyielding and insensitive to changes in society and the changing needs of newer students;
- Pecking order among students, certain groups have more prestige and respect both officially and unofficially by students and school officials;
- Code of silence, prevails among students, little trust between students and employees;
- Unsupervised computer access, access is unsupervised and unmonitored, students are able to play violent games, explore inappropriate websites, promote violent hate groups, give instruction in bomb making, etc.

#### **Social Dynamics**

Social dynamics that should be considered in assessing the liklihood of a student carrying out a threat include:

- Media, entertainment and technology, easy, unmonitored access to media, entertainment and Internet sites with violent themes and images;
- Peer groups, intense and extensive involvement with a group that shares fascination with violence or extremeist beliefs;
- Drugs and alcohol, knowledge of students' use of drugs or alcohol or changes in such use is important;
- Outside interests, outside interests of students are important to note as they can mitigate or increase the school's level of concern in assessing a threat;
- Copycat effect, school shooting and other violent incidents that receive intense media attention can generate threats or copycat violence elsewhere, school employees should be highly vigilant in then aftermath of such incidents.

## Appendix 4 – Eleven Questions to Guide Data Collection in a Threat Assessment Inquiry

### DOE and United States Secret Service Threat Assessment Guide

## Eleven Key Areas

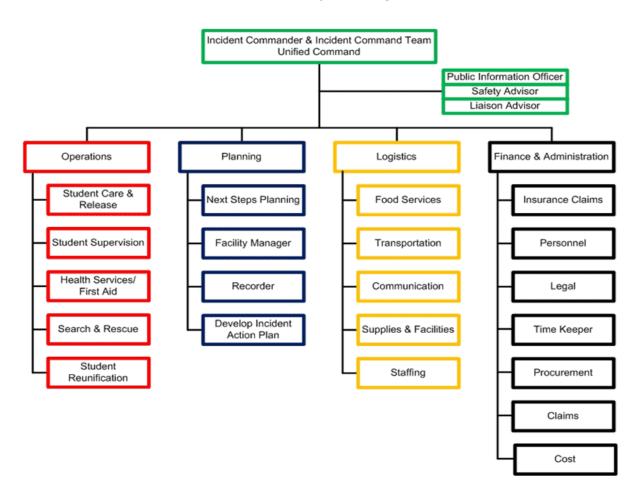
1)	What are the student's motives and goals?	
	What motivated the student to make the statement or take action that caused him/her to conattention?	me to
	Does the situation or circumstance that led to these statements or actions still exist?	
	Does the student have a major grievance or grudge? Against whom?	
	. What effects have been made to receive the problem and what has been the recult? Dee	a tha
	What efforts have been made to resolve the problem and what has been the result? Doe potential attacker feel that any part of the problem is resolved or see any alternatives?	s me
2)	Has the student shown inappropriate interest in any of the following?	
	<ul> <li>School attacks or attackers; weapons (including recent acquisition of any relevant weapon incidents of mass violence (terrorism, workplace violence, mass murders). Ask about Columbine, Santana, etc.</li> </ul>	1);
3)	Have there been any communications suggesting ideas or intent to attack?	
	<ul> <li>What if anything has the student communicated to someone else (targets, friends, students, teachers, family, others) or written in a diary, journal, or website concerning h ideas and/or intentions?</li> </ul>	
	Have friends been alerted or "warned away"?	
4)	Has the student engaged in attack-related behaviors? These behaviors might include:	
	Developing an attack or plan	

	Making efforts to acquire or practice with weapons	
	Casing or checking out, possible sites and areas for an attack	
	Rehearsing attacks or ambushes	
5)	Is the student's conversation and "story" consistent with his or her actions?	
	Does information from collateral interviews and form the student's own behavior confirm dispute what the student says is going on?	or
6)	Does the student have the capacity to carry out an act of targeted violence?	
	How organized is the student's thinking and behavior?	
	Does the student have the means; e.g., access to a weapon, to carry out an attack?	
7)	Is the student experiencing hopelessness, desperation and/or despair?	
	Is there information to suggest that the student is experiencing desperation and/or despair?	
	Has the student experienced a recent failure, loss and/or loss of status?	

	•	Is the student known to be having difficulty coping with a stressful event?	
	•	Is the student now, or has the student ever been, suicidal or "accident-prone"?	
	•	Has the student engaged in behavior that suggests that he or she has considered endin life?	g their
8	) Does	the student have a trusting relationship with at least one responsible adult?	
	•	Does the student have at least one relationship with an adult where the student feels that she can confide in the adult and believes that the adult will listen without judging or jump conclusions? (Students with trusting relationships with adults may be directed away violence and despair and toward hope.)	ping to
	•	Is the student emotionally connected to – or disconnected from –other students?	
	•	Has the student previously come to someone's attention or raised concern in a was suggested he or she needs intervention or supportive services?	ay that
9	) Are oth	ner people concerned about the student's potential for violence?	
		Are those who know the student concerned that he or she might take action base violent ideas or plans?	ed on
		Are those who know the student concerned about a specific target?	

Have those who know the student witnessed recent changes or escalations in recent or escalations in the student with a student with a student with a student will attempt to mount an attack at school?  What is the response of other persons who know about the student's ideas or nount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discount an attack? (Do those who know about the student to attack, deny the possition of the passively collude with an attack, etc.?	ase the
What factors in the students life and/or environment might increase or decrease likelihood that the student will attempt to mount an attack at school?  What is the response of other persons who know about the student's ideas or nount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discount attack? (Do those who know about the student to attack, deny the poss violence, passively collude with an attack, etc.?	plan to
What is the response of other persons who know about the student's ideas or nount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discount attack, deny the possition of t	plan to
nount an attack? (Do those who know about the student's ideas actively discound to attack, deny the poss riolence, passively collude with an attack, etc.?	age the
Does the setting around the student (friends, fellow students, parents, teachers explicitly or implicitly support or endorse violence as a way of resolving problisputes?	
Has the student been "dared" by others to engage in an act of violence?	
1	as the student been "dared" by others to engage in an act of violence?

## Appendix 5 - Incident Command System Organizational Chart Template



### PEARL RIVER INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM ORGANIZATION

Title	Person Holding Position	Description of Duties
Incident Commander	Dr. Marco Pochintesta	Person in charge at the incident and who is fully qualified to manage the incident. Sets objectives and priorities and has overall responsibility at the incident.
Operations Section Chief	Ms. Ann Marie Tromer	Conducts tactical operations to carry out the plan and directs all resources.
Planning Section Chief/Chief Emergency Officer	Dr. Robert Roelle	Develops the action plan to accomplish the objectives and maintains resource status.
Logistics Section Chief	Ms. Ann Marie Tromer	Provides support to meet incident needs.
Finance/Administration Section Chief	Ms. Ann Marie Tromer	Monitors costs related to incident. Provides accounting, procurement and cost analysis.
Director of Communications & Governmental Relations	Ms. Diana Musich	Point of contact for the media and other organizations seeking information.
Safety Officer	Mr. Robert Nelan  Monitors safety conditions develops measures for ensithe safety of personnel.	

## Appendix 6 - Local Resources and Telephone Numbers

Agency	Telephone Number	Contact Name (if applicable) and Address	
Montefiore Nyack Hospital	845-348-2000	160 N Midland Ave, Nyack, NY 10960	
Good Samaritan Hospital of Suffern	845-368-5000	255 Lafayette Ave, Suffern, NY 10901	
Orangetown Police Department	845-359-3700	Town Hall, Orangeburg N.Y. 10962	
New York State Police	845-353-1100	8 Thiells Mount Ivy Road, Pomona, NY 10970	
Pearl River Fire Department	911		
Rockland County Department of Mental Health	845-364-2378	Sanatorium Road, Pomona, NY 10970	
Rockland County Emergency Medical Services	911 or 845-364-8922	35 Fireman's Memorial Drive, Pomona, NY 10970	
Rockland County Environmental Health	845-364-2608		
Rockland County Public Health Social Work	845-364-2620		
Department of Mental Health Crisis Service (i.e. Suicide)	845-517-0400 or 911	24 hours/7 days a week	
Poison Control	1-800-222-1222		
Rockland County Office of Fire and Emergency Services	845-364-8800		
American Red Cross - National	1-800-733-2767		
American Red Cross - New York	1-877-733-2767		
To Report a Communicable	1-845-364-2663	From 9 AM-4 PM	
Disease in Rockland County	1-845-364-8600	Nights and Weekends	
Center for Disease Control	1-800-232-4636		
NYS DEC Spill Hotline	1-800-457-7362	24 hours/7 days a week	
Verizon	1-800-922-0204		
	1-877-434-4100	Customer Service	
Orange and Rockland Utilities	1-800-533-5325	Gas Emergency	
	1-877-434-4100	Power Outage	
NYS Office of Victim Services	1-800-247-8035		

## Appendix 7 – Authorization For Student Pick-Up

Upon evacuation of the building, emergency contact lists will be taken. Students will only be released to parents or guardians as designated on the emergency lists. Parents and/or guardians will be asked to sign the following log sheet when students are released:

Date:		Location	Location:		
Grades being release	d:				
School Employee moi	nitoring release:				
Building Administra					
	-				
Student Name	Teacher	Time	Released To	Signature	

## Appendix 8 - Agreement for the School Resource Officer Program

## AGREEMENT FOR THE SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER PROGRAM

This agreement, made this day of September. 2019, by and between the Town of Orangetown Police Department, hereinafter referred to as the "Police Department"; and the Town of Orangetown, hereinafter referred to as the "Town"; and the Pearl River Union Free School District, hereinafter referred to as "PRSD";

#### WITNESSETH

That whereas, PRSD desires special law enforcement services to be rendered by the Chief of the Orangetown Police Department, namely, the providing of a School Resource Officer (SRO), and

WHEREAS, the Town of Orangetown, the Chief of Police and the Superintendent of PRSD have agreed to provide such special law enforcement services to the school system upon certain terms and conditions provided here in after.

WHEREAS, the Town of Orangetown and PRSD are authorized to enter into this agreement pursuant to Section 119-o of the General Municipal Law,

Now, therefore, this memorandum of understanding will be used by the Police Department and PRSD to cooperatively run the SRO Program.

#### SECTION 1. Objectives of the School Resource Officer Program

- To provide another resource for the school district in their goal of a safe and secure learning environment for their staff and students.
  - To help students learn more about the law and the criminal justice system.
  - To prevent crime and violence in our schools and on our school grounds.
  - 4. To help decrease criminal offenses committed against persons and property in and around schools and to help enhance overall safety.

#### SECTION 2. Purpose of the School Resource Officer Program

- 2.01 Assignment of a law enforcement officer to PRSD to work in cooperation with the school's administrators, students, staff, parents, and community members to:
  - Help maintain a safe and secure environment, which will be conductive to learning.
  - Promote positive attitudes regarding the police's role in society and to inform students of their rights and responsibilities as lawful citizens.

3. Establish a linison with school personnel in a cooperative effort to prevent disruptive behavior or violent behaviors.

#### SECTION 3. Duties and Responsibilities of the Police Department and Town.

- The Police Department shall provide a sworn law enforcement officer to be 3.01 assigned to PRSD, as a School Resource Officer. The selection and assignment of the individual officer shall be at the discretion of the Chief of Police in cooperation with the Superintendent of PRSD. However, it is understood that the assigned officer shall have a minimum of four years of experience and all required SRO training. It is understood that, in the event of a police department emergency, the school resource officer may be required to attend to such emergencies in lieu of his or her duties under this agreement. It is further understood that the School Resource Officer is required to complete mandatory training and other duties as a police officer. This training and duties will be scheduled as best possible to minimize the impact on the officer's duties in the school district but may require absence from the school district. It is further understood that the School Resource Officer is an employee of the Town of Orangetown Police Department and will be subject to the rules and regulations, policies and procedures of the Police Department and the negotiated union contract. The Police Department will maintain control of the SRO's scheduling of time off. During regularly scheduled school hours, the police administration will only redeploy the SRO when necessary during emergencies.
- 3.02 The Chief of Police shall ensure that the exercise of any law enforcement powers by the school resource officers is in compliance with the authority granted by law to sworn police officers.
- 3.03 School Resource Officer's salaries and benefits will be paid by the Police Department. Funds needed to purchase necessary equipment; vehicles and materials will be provided by the Police Department. PRSD and the Police Department will provide professional development and training to support the SRO Program. The Chief of Police and the Superintendent will develop a list of mutually agreeable events that the SRO will attend.
  - In the event that the School District requests the SRO to be present for any additional event(s), the School District shall reimburse the Police Department for said officer's salary at the hourly rate for the cost of that officer to the Police Department. The Police Department shall retain discretion as to whether to provide an officer to a requested event and shall retain discretion as to whether it will assign the SRO or reasonably assign another police officer to said event.
- 3.04 The SRO shall be assigned to work days at the PRSD in accordance with the PRSD schedule for when classes are in session. The work day shall cover the time period while classes are in session, consistent with the standard 8 hour work day as designated by the Police Department.

3.05 During the effective period of this agreement as set forth more fully in Section 7 below, PRSD agrees to pay a partial reimbursement to the Town of Orangetown for the services of the SRO over the course of this agreement in accordance with the schedule set forth below:

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$60,000.00 for the school year 2019 2020;
$70,000.00 for the school year 2020 2021;
$80,000.00 for the school year 2021 2022,
$90,000.00 for the school year 2022 2023.
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These sums shall be vouchered by the Town on a biannual basis, to wit September 15th and January 15th of each year, and shall be payable by PRSD on receipt. If PRSD fails to pay when vouchered, or within 15 days thereafter, the Town may terminate this agreement and seek any and all remedies for unreimbursed services.

3.06 Any time off, to include sick time, will be reported in accordance with Police Department policies and additionally, the SRO will notify the school to which they are assigned that day in a timely manner.

SECTION 4. Duties and Responsibilities of the School District

- 4.01 The Designee of the Chief of Police shall work with the Superintendent of PRSD or his designee to coordinate the activities of, and otherwise communicate with, the school resource officer on behalf of the school.
- 4.02 PRSD shall provide and maintain the following for each SRO through the duration of this memorandum of understanding: Exclusive use of office space or secured shared office space, furniture, access to a school phone and voice mail on an existing line, and a computer printer with internet access.

SECTION 5. School Resource Officer Program,

5.01 The Addendum is incorporated by reference.

SECTION 6. Indemnification

6.01 PRSD shall indemnify and save harmless the Police Department for any liability whatsoever arising out of the negligence of the PRSD's employees or agents arising from the operations and implementation of the School Resource Officer Program.

Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to affect in any way the Police Department's or PRSD' rights, privileges, and immunities or defenses, which may exist by statute or common law with regard to any claim, action or cause of action by or on behalf of any third party.

6.02 The Town agrees to comply with Sections 2-c and 2-d of the New York State Education Law with respect to the privacy requirements applicable to student information that comes within the possession and control of the SRO from the District, including the attached Parents Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security, except for information furnished by the District in the course of an investigation by the Police Authorities or as otherwise may be exempt.

#### SECTION 7. Term of Agreement

7.01 The term of this agreement shall be for one year, commencing on September 1. 2019 and ending on August 31, 2020, subject to renewal. The agreement may be renewed upon mutual agreement of the parties on the same terms and conditions as set forth herein, on an annual basis, pursuant to the terms for reimbursement as set forth in Section 3 above. To renew the Agreement, the PRSD shall notify the Town on or about May 25 of every year of its intention to renew the agreement for the upcoming school year commencing September I of that year, on the same terms and conditions as set forth herein. The Town shall then notify the PRSD on or before June 1 of its agreement to renew the agreement for the upcoming school year commencing on September 1, under the same terms and conditions as set forth herein. If the PRSD does not renew or advise of its intention to renew the agreement as set forth herein, or if the Town does not agree to renew, then this agreement shall be terminated and the parties shall have no further rights or obligations with respect to same as against each other. Neither party may terminate the contract mid-academic year, except as set forth above.

#### SECTION 8. Invalid Provision

8.01 Should any part of this agreement be declared invalid by a court of law, such decision shall not affect the validity of any remaining portion which shall remain in full force and effect as if the invalid portion was never a part of this agreement when it was executed. Should the severance of any part of this agreement materially affeer any other rights or obligations of the parties hereunder, the parties hereto will negotiate in good faith to amend this agreement in a manner satisfactory to the parties. Failing agreement on such amendment, either party may, by notice in writing terminate this agreement forthwith, subject to the provisions of this agreement relating to termination.

#### SECTION 9. Complete Agreement

9.01 This agreement is the complete agreement of the parties; it may be amended or modified only in writing; and supersedes, cancels, and terminates any and all prior agreement or understandings of the parties, whether written or oral, concerning the subject matter thereof. This agreement supersedes the terms set forth in Addendum II to Agreement to the School Resource Officer Program- Pearl

River dated June 27, 2019 and that agreement shall be deemed null and void in all regards upon execution of this agreement.

Dated:

Marco Pochintesta

District Superintendent

Pearl River Union Free School District

Donald Butterworth

Chief of Police

Town of Orangetown Police Dept.

Supervisor

Town of Orangetown

### PARENTS BILL OF RIGHTS FOR DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY

Pursuant to Section 2-d of the New York State Education Law, parents and eligible students are entitled to certain protections regarding personally identifiable student information. The Pearl River School District is committed to safeguarding personally identifiable information from unauthorized access or disclosure as set forth below:

- A student's personally identifiable information cannot be sold or released for any commercial purposes.
- 2. Parents have the right to inspect and review the complete contents of their child's education record stored or maintained by the educational agency.
- 3. The District is committed to implementing safeguards associated with industry standards and best practices under state and federal laws protecting the confidentiality of personally identifiable information, including but not limited to, encryption, firewalls, and password protection, which must be in place when data is stored or transferred.
- 4. A complete list of all student data elements collected by the State is available for public review at <a href="http://www.nysed.gov/data-privacy-security/student-data-inventory">http://www.nysed.gov/data-privacy-security/student-data-inventory</a>, or by writing to the NYS Education Department, Information & Reporting Services, Room 863 EBA, 89 Washington Avenue, Albany, NY 12234.
- Parents have the right to have complaints about possible breaches of student data addressed. Complaints should be directed to Dr. Robert Roelle, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction 135 W. Crooked Hill Rd., Pearl River, New York 10965, Telephone Number (845)620-3913, email address roeller@pearlriver.org.
- 6. To be notified in accordance with applicable laws and regulations if a breach or unauthorized release of personally identifiable information occurs.
- 7. The District has entered into contracts with certain third party contractors ("TPC") who have been sent personally identifiable student data as defined in 34 C.F.R. §99.3 and/or personally identifying teacher and/or principal data as defined by Education Law §3012-c(10). The following information about such contractors appears in such supplemental information to this document for each contract with a TPC, as required by law:
  - The exclusive purposes for which the student or teacher or principal data will be used by the TPC, as defined in the contract;
  - How the TPC will ensure that its subcontractors or other authorized individuals
    who will be in receipt of the data will abide by the applicable data privacy and
    security requirements of the federal and state laws and regulations (e.g., FERPA;
    Education Law §2-d);
  - The duration of the contract that sets forth its expiration date and description of what will be done with the data upon the expiration of the contract (e.g. whether,

- when and in what format the data will be returned to the educational agency or destroyed); and
- If and how a parent, student, eligible student, teacher or principal may challenge the accuracy of the data that is collected.
- 8. Educational agency workers that handle personally identifiable information will receive training on applicable state and federal laws, the educational agency's policies, and safeguards associated with industry standards and best practices that protect such information.
- 9. Agreements with TPCs will ensure that the subcontractors, persons or entities with whom the TPC will share the student data or teacher or principal data with, if any, will abide by data protection and security requirements.
- 10. A parent, student, eligible student, teacher, or principal may challenge the accuracy of the student data or teacher or principal data that is collected by filing a written request with the Superintendent of Schools or his administrative designee, Dr. Robert Roelle, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction 135 W. Crooked Hill Rd., Pearl River, New York 10965, Telephone Number (845)620-3913, email address roeller@pearlriver.org.

#### ADDENDUM 1

#### 5.0 SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER PROGRAM

The School Resource Officer (SRO) program is a service of the Orangetown Police Department to PRSD. This program will support the police department's commitment to service as it works to improve the quality of life in the Town of Orangetown and specifically the safety and security in the school system.

#### 5.01 Duties and Responsibilities

501A Special Services Bureau Captain Orangetown Police Department

- 1. To direct and coordinate the implementation of the School Resource Officer Program
- 2. To supervise the day to day operation of the SRO Program
- 3. To coordinate training for the school resource officers
- 4. To assist in the evaluation of the School Resource Officer Program
- To work closely with school based administrators and school resource officers to help design criminal justice related instruction to address specific criminal justice related issues.
- To ensure supervisory review of reports and related paperwork completed by SRO.
- To coordinate school resource officer and patrol officer duties related to law enforcement on campus.

#### 5.01B School Resource Officer

- 1. To assist in educating students as to the role of police in our society and other law enforcement related issues, i.e.: crime prevention, substance abuse, driver safety.
- To serve as a resource in criminal justice related education by working closely with teachers in customizing and designing instruction to address criminal justice related issues.
- 3. To serve as a positive role model and mentor for students.

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- To make students aware of the consequences of juvenile delinquency.
- To establish liaison with school principals, faculty, and students.
- To inform the students of their rights and responsibilities as lawful citizens.
- To provide information and input to school based student service professionals and school stuff members to help plan to meet the needs of students.
- To assist the PRSD in formulating educational crime prevention programs to reduce the opportunity for crimes against persons and property in the schools.
- To be on duty during extra curricular activities and athletic events as determined by the Chief of Police or his designee with input from the Superintendent or his designee.

#### 5.02 Personnel Assignment

- The selection of officers for assignment to the SRO Program shall be the responsibility of the Chief of Police or his designee. The Superintendent shall have the opportunity to meet with the SRO prior to commencing service. The Superintendent shall have the opportunity to meet with the SRO prior to commencing service.
- The SRO will provide another resource for the school district in their goal of a safe and secure learning environment for their stuff and students.
- 3. The SRO will primarily be assigned 5 days per week to the High School building. However, the officer may be assigned to a different school building within the PRSD. The specific days of assignments to other buildings will be determined upon agreement of the Special Services Bureau Captain. School District Superintendent and the principals of the schools involved.
- 4. In the event the principal of the school, to which the SRO is assigned, determines that the particular SRO is not effectively performing his duties and responsibilities, the principal will state such concern(s) in writing to the Superintendent. The Superintendent within a reasonable time after having received the recommendation from the

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principal will inform the Chief of Police of the principal's concerns and may request a change in the assignment of the SRO. If, within a reasonable amount of time, the issue cannot be resolved, the SRO may be reassigned from the school by the Chief of Police and a replacement will be obtained, subject to availability as determined by the Chief of Police. This clause is not intended to violate any contractual rights of the SRO.

- The Chief of Police may dismiss or reassign an SRO based upon the Orangetown Police Department's Rules and Regulations and negotiated contracts and agreements.
- 6. In the event of the resignation, dismissal, or reassignment of the SRO, the Chief of Police will provide a replacement for the SRO within a reasonable amount of time after receiving notice of such absence, dismissal, resignation or reassignment. If the SRO is absent from his her school due to personal illness, vacation, meetings or other law enforcement reasons, the police department is not obligated to provide a substitute. In the case of absence from a school, the SRO will notify his her department according to departmental rules and regulations, and will also notify the school administration in a timely manner. The Town of Orangetown Police Department shall attempt to make additional patrols to the high school on days that the SRO is not present at the school during school hours.
- 7. The SRO will report to the Orangetown Police Department at the start of his her tour of duty. The SRO's duty day will be determined by the Chief of Police in cooperation with the principal. The SRO will drive to and from the school in a police department vehicle
- 8. The SRO will attempt to complete all administrative matters during the established duty day. Traditional law enforcement matters not completed during the duty day will be on an overtime basis, as coordinated by the SRO Supervisor, and will be the responsibility of the Chief of Police.

#### 5.03 Scope of Accountability of the SRO

- The SRO is, first, a police officer whose primary duty is enforcement of the law.
- Each SRO shall be familiar with the Student Handbook and Code of Conduct including the section that deal with

visitors to the schools and public conduct on school district property. It is expressly understood that the SRO may not administer discipline to students or be involved in the enforcement of school disciplinary infractions under the Code of Conduct. All student discipline shall be solely under the auspices and jurisdiction of School Administration and the Board of Education.

- The SRO shall work with the principal and school personnel in his/her assigned school.
  - The school principal shall have full responsibility for enforcement of school discipline and school rules and regulations.
  - The Police Department shall be in charge during all criminal related matters.

### 5.04 Reporting Responsibilities of the SRO

- The SRO shall complete all reports in accordance with police department policy. Reports shall be completed in a timely manner and filed in accordance with department policy.
- The SRO will complete a daily record of activities, programs conducted, classes taught, and counseling contacts made with students or staff during the workday.

5.05. Reporting Responsibilities of the School District

 Any time the School District requires immediate police assistance, the school personnel should first telephone "911". The SRO shall not be the first contact in such circumstances.

Marco Pochintesta
District Superintendent
Pearl River Union

Free School District

Donald Butterworth Chief of Police

Town of Orangetown

Chris Day, Superviso

Town of Orangetown

#### **APPENDIX 9- MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN SUMMIT SECURITY SERVICES, INC. AND THE PEARL RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

In compliance with the new State Education Law 2801-a and Commissioner's Regulations at NYCRR section 155.17, it is understood that Summit security personnel working in the Pearl River School District shall be familiar with the Student Handbook and Code of Conduct Including the section that deals with visitors to the schools and public conduct on school district property. It is expressly understood that the Summit security personnel may not administer discipline to students or be involved in the enforcement of school disciplinary infractions under the Code of Conduct. All student discipline shall be solely under the auspices and jurisdiction of School Administration and the Board of Education.

Date: 8/21/20

Dr. Marco F. Pochintesta

**PRSD Superintendent of Schools** 

Robert L. Auletta / Nicholas M. Auletta

Co-President, Summit Security Services, Inc.

#### APPENDIX 9- MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN SUMMIT SECURITY SERVICES, INC. AND THE PEARL RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

In compliance with the new State Education Law 2801-a and Commissioner's Regulations at NYCRR section 155.17, it is understood that Summit security personnel working in the Pearl River School District shall be familiar with the Student Handbook and Code of Conduct including the section that deals with visitors to the schools and public conduct on school district property. It is expressly understood that the Summit security personnel may not administer discipline to students or be involved in the enforcement of school disciplinary infractions under the Code of Conduct. All student discipline shall be solely under the auspices and jurisdiction of School Administration and the Board of Education.

Date: 8/

Dr. Marco F. Pochintesta

**PRSD Superintendent of Schools** 

Robert L. Auletta / Nicholas M. Auletta

Co-President, Summit Security Services, Inc.